

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.1980, 20.2929, 4.4531)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.1980, 20.2929, 4.4531)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.1996, 20.2940,
4.4495)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	828021
RGB	130, 128, 33
RGB Percent	51%, 50%, 13%
CMY	0.4902, 0.4980, 0.8706
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.75, 0.49
HSL	59°, 60%, 32%
HSV	59°, 75%, 51%
XYZ	17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495
YIQ	117.7680, 31.6870, -29.1210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

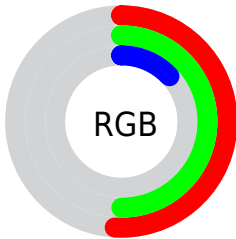
Format	Color
RYB	35, 130, 33
Decimal	8552481
CIELab	52.17, -11.02, 48.64
CIELCh	52, 49.874, 102.761
Yxy	20.2940, 0.4101, 0.4838
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286742561 (0xFF828021)
YUV	117.7680, -41.7906, 10.7275
Hunter-Lab	45.0489, -10.6844, 25.6781

Details

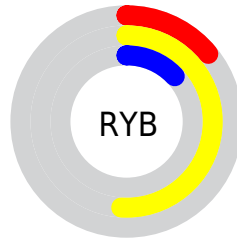
The XYZ color **17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **5.2576, 3.1371, 21.4473**, and the grayscale version is **17.2674, 18.1667, 19.7835**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.4133, 44.1427, 15.0901**, and **5.8565, 7.1697, 1.0752** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.0170, 20.1660, 3.6575**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.4537, 20.4523, 5.6130**.

Distribution



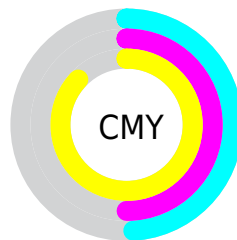
- Red (51%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1996, 20.2940,
4.4495

■ 17.1996, 20.2940,
4.4495

■ 229.4539,
253.5023, 153.0977

■ 10.4731, 12.6089,
1.8750

■ 38.2095, 43.9095,
15.0338

■ 5.7784, 7.1598,
0.4768

■ 53.2236, 60.6088,
23.8808

■ 2.7502, 3.5622,
0.0000

■ 71.7310, 81.0816,
35.6557

■ 1.0231, 1.4318,
0.0000

■ 94.0969, 105.7123,
50.7770

■ 0.0000, 0.2400,
0.0000

■ 120.6869,
134.8854, 69.6634

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 151.8661,

168.9851, 92.7332

188.0000,
208.3959, 120.4052

■ 17.1996, 20.2940,
4.4495

■ 17.1996, 20.2940,
4.4495

■ 17.0170, 20.1660,
3.6575

■ 17.4537, 20.4523,
5.6130

■ 16.8943, 20.0613,
3.1829

■ 17.7850, 20.6409,
7.1849

■ 16.8372, 20.0086,
2.9746

■ 18.2004, 20.8632,
9.1993

■ 18.7056, 21.1216,
11.6861

■ 19.3059, 21.4182,
14.6728

■ 20.0059, 21.7549,
18.1847

■ 20.8103, 22.1334,
22.2453

■ 21.7232, 22.5555,
26.8769

■ 22.7485, 23.0227,
32.1005

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.3487, 20.2940, 4.6478



17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495



13.3591, 20.2940, 7.2100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495



12.9388, 20.2940, 47.2264



30.2728, 20.2940, 31.5258

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495



5.2576, 3.1371, 21.4473

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.7556, 20.2940, 49.8526



17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495



16.5219, 20.2940, 61.3229

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495



11.2075, 20.2940, 28.9108



21.5408, 20.2940, 62.4533



30.5419, 20.2940, 16.4474

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495



11.8075, 20.2940, 11.5602



21.5408, 20.2940, 62.4533



29.4061, 20.2940, 37.6348

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.2001, 20.2949, 4.4499



34.2453, 37.8390, 27.0690



10.0719, 5.9625, 2.3082



7.6936, 8.5367, 5.8388



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.2001, 20.2949, 4.4499



29.8005, 35.3743, 5.7806



11.9794, 17.9938, 4.2809



4.6580, 5.0047, 4.6406



16.1451, 19.1866, 2.8524



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.2576, 3.1371, 21.4473



7.5732, 3.4544, 37.4601



7.7371, 4.3307, 21.5470



4.1154, 4.2248, 5.4118



3.8919, 1.6023, 20.3541



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1996, 20.2940,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495

Protanopia

18.4095, 20.3470, 4.3236

Deuteranopia

20.5227, 20.1584, 4.5596



Tritanopia

21.0405, 20.1819, 23.5554

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495

Protanomaly

17.8749, 20.2602, 4.3350

Deuteranomaly

19.3106, 20.2495, 4.5598

Tritanomaly

18.9716, 19.8781, 13.4266

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495

Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

Achromatomaly

16.7059, 18.7448, 11.7544

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 128, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 128, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 128, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 128, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 128, 33) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 128, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 128, 33)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 128, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 128, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 128,  
33) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.1996, 20.2940, 4.4495 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 128, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
128, 33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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