

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.2506, 8.7731, 6.2257)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.2506, 8.7731, 6.2257)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.1918, 8.7422,
6.2501)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A80044
RGB	168, 0, 68
RGB Percent	66%, 0%, 27%
CMY	0.3412, 0.9999, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.60, 0.34
HSL	336°, 100%, 33%
HSV	336°, 100%, 66%
XYZ	17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501
YIQ	57.9840, 78.3000, 56.7640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

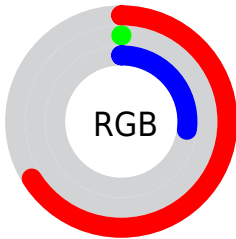
Format	Color
R_{YB}	168, 0, 68
Decimal	11010116
CIE Lab	35.48, 60.86, 11.61
CIE LCh	35, 61.957, 10.804
Yxy	8.7422, 0.5342, 0.2716
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289200196 (0xFFA80044)
YUV	57.9840, 4.9379, 96.4840
Hunter-Lab	29.5672, 52.0459, 8.1640

Details

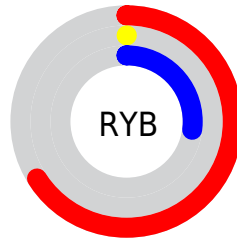
The XYZ color **17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **16.3045, 28.9259, 16.7876**, and the grayscale version is **4.0079, 4.2166, 4.5919**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.1899, 23.3677, 19.0206**, and **6.3708, 3.2627, 1.2713** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.1912, 8.7419, 6.2474**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.7213, 9.2704, 8.0634**.

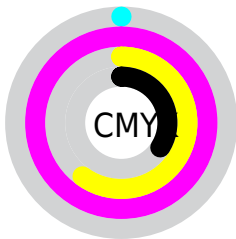
Distribution



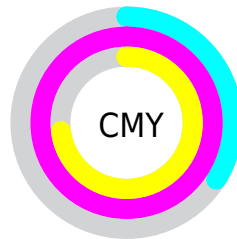
- Red (66%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (34%)





- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.1918, 8.7422,
6.2501


 17.1918, 8.7422,
6.2501


229.4100,
181.4429, 170.6658


 10.4675, 4.5734,
2.9265


 38.1962, 23.4011,
18.9344


 5.7746, 1.9992,
1.0572

 53.2071, 34.6600,
29.1322

 2.7479, 0.6070,
0.0000

 71.7108, 49.0511,
42.4584

 1.0219, 0.0000,
0.0000

 94.0727, 66.9588,
59.3317

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 120.6583, 88.7674,
80.1705

 151.8328,

114.8613, 105.3935

187.9616,
145.6250, 135.4190

17.1918, 8.7422,
6.2501

17.1918, 8.7422,
6.2501

17.1912, 8.7419,
6.2474

17.7213, 9.2704,
8.0634

18.4714, 10.1523,
10.2193

19.5122, 11.5247,
12.7526

20.8762, 13.4491,
15.6848

22.5913, 15.9780,
19.0354

■ 24.6822, 19.1575,
22.8223

■ 27.1713, 23.0295,
27.0621

■ 30.0790, 27.6320,
31.7706

■ 33.4245, 33.0005,
36.9625

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.7673, 8.7422, 17.6917



17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501



14.7692, 8.7422, 1.5314

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501



4.5405, 8.7422, 0.9987



6.2245, 8.7422, 43.4774

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501



16.3045, 28.9259, 16.7876

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.0760, 8.7422, 29.3880



17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501



3.3172, 8.7422, 4.3540

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501



7.0717, 8.7422, 0.0223



3.1763, 8.7422, 13.7651



9.6832, 8.7422, 45.5890

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501



12.1875, 8.7422, 0.4959



3.1763, 8.7422, 13.7651



5.3556, 8.7422, 39.6738

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1920, 8.7427, 6.2502



49.0304, 41.3571, 48.6495



12.1064, 5.4251, 37.4546



10.2739, 8.3693, 9.9097



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1920, 8.7427, 6.2502



31.0961, 15.8236, 10.8099



16.3059, 8.6396, 0.8090



7.6522, 7.5907, 8.4858



13.0063, 6.6112, 4.8447



0.3419, 0.1710, 0.2520

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.1920, 8.7427, 6.2502



31.0961, 15.8236, 10.8099



18.6241, 25.9391, 41.0707



7.6522, 7.5907, 8.4858



13.0063, 6.6112, 4.8447



0.3419, 0.1710, 0.2520

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.1918, 8.7422,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501

Protanopia

9.2361, 9.4412, 13.1399

Deuteranopia

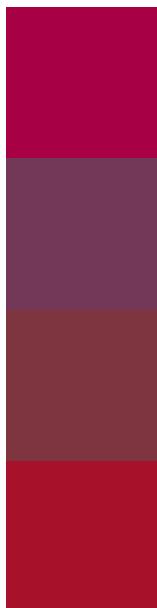
9.5291, 9.4070, 5.7284



Tritanopia

16.5147, 9.0739, 1.8583

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501

Protanomaly

10.1979, 7.0818, 10.0620

Deuteranomaly

10.9509, 7.4284, 5.7071

Tritanomaly

16.5370, 8.7765, 2.9203

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501

Achromatopsia

4.0217, 4.2311, 4.6077

Achromatomaly

6.5681, 4.2676, 5.0350

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 0, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 0, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 0, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 0, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 0, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 0, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 0, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 0, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 0, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 0, 68)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.1918, 8.7422, 6.2501 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 0, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168, 0,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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