

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.2522, 17.2282, 17.9180)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.2522, 17.2282, 17.9180)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.2323, 17.1406,
18.0230)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D7071
RGB	125, 112, 113
RGB Percent	49%, 44%, 44%
CMY	0.5098, 0.5608, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.10, 0.51
HSL	355°, 5%, 46%
HSV	355°, 10%, 49%
XYZ	17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230
YIQ	116.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

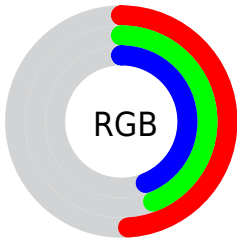
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 112, 113
Decimal	8220785
CIE Lab	48.44, 5.25, 1.29
CIE LCh	48, 5.401, 13.765
Yxy	17.1406, 0.3289, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286410865 (0xFF7D7071)
YUV	116.0010, -1.4795, 7.8921
Hunter-Lab	41.4012, 1.8444, 3.1704

Details

The XYZ color **17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.6545, 19.5677, 21.9163**, and the grayscale version is **16.6040, 17.4687, 19.0234**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.4271, 38.7325, 41.0481**, and **5.7680, 5.5849, 5.7750** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.3388, 14.3280, 14.3876**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.4009, 20.3708, 22.1582**.

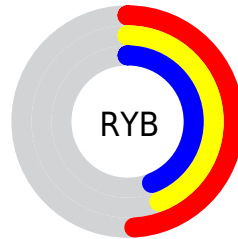
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (44%)

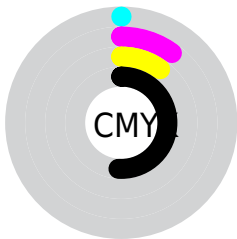
Blue (44%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (44%)

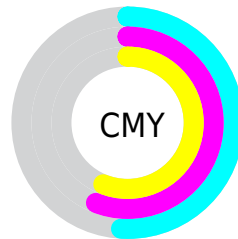


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.2323, 17.1406,
18.0230

■ 17.2323, 17.1406,
18.0230

229.6378,
235.9813, 253.2411

■ 10.4966, 10.3348,
10.7969

■ 38.2652, 38.5674,
40.8910

■ 5.7942, 5.6215,
5.8180

■ 53.2931, 53.9571,
57.3699

■ 2.7598, 2.6163,
2.6677

■ 71.8157, 72.9769,
77.7702

■ 1.0281, 0.9349,
0.9271

■ 94.1984, 96.0112,
102.5105

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

120.8067,
123.4444, 132.0091

152.0057,

155.6609, 166.6847

188.1610,
193.0451, 206.9559

■ 17.2323, 17.1406,
18.0230

■ 17.2323, 17.1406,
18.0230

■ 15.3388, 14.3280,
14.3876

■ 19.4009, 20.3708,
22.1582

■ 13.7081, 11.9137,
11.2320

■ 21.8535, 24.0322,
26.8100

■ 12.3288, 9.8805,
8.5365

■ 24.6003, 28.1408,
31.9958

■ 11.1886, 8.2089,
6.2795

■ 27.6507, 32.7108,
37.7318

■ 10.2738, 6.8777,
4.4380

■ 31.0136, 37.7561,
44.0334

■ 9.5693, 5.8634,
2.9864

■ 34.6975, 43.2898,
50.9157

■ 9.0583, 5.1397,
1.8966

■ 38.7106, 49.3245,
58.3930

■ 8.7214, 4.6760,
1.1367

■ 43.0609, 55.8725,
66.4791

■ 8.5101, 4.3811,
0.6726

■ 47.7559, 62.9455,
75.1875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.2213, 17.1406, 19.4346



17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230



16.9877, 17.1406, 16.8430

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230



15.6430, 17.1406, 16.7657



16.0274, 17.1406, 21.4005

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230



17.6545, 19.5677, 21.9163

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.6148, 17.1406, 20.6100



17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230



15.3960, 17.1406, 17.9125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230



16.0665, 17.1406, 16.1423



15.3858, 17.1406, 19.3184



16.5188, 17.1406, 21.4338

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230



16.7154, 17.1406, 16.3266



15.3858, 17.1406, 19.3184



15.8751, 17.1406, 21.2128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.2328, 17.1414, 18.0234



33.6543, 34.8573, 37.6098



17.7965, 17.3487, 21.8130



7.5896, 7.8311, 8.4300



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.2328, 17.1414, 18.0234



30.1805, 29.6861, 30.9756



17.7926, 18.3504, 17.9344



4.3401, 4.3492, 4.5956



8.8807, 4.5720, 0.6954



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.2328, 17.1414, 18.0234



30.1805, 29.6861, 30.9756



17.0509, 18.2590, 22.0280



4.3401, 4.3492, 4.5956



8.8807, 4.5720, 0.6954



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

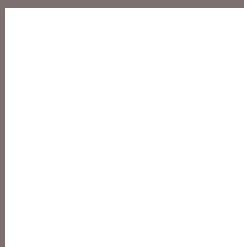
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.2323, 17.1406,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230

Protanopia

16.5041, 17.2583, 18.3809

Deuteranopia

17.4175, 17.0732, 18.0002



Tritanopia

17.6788, 17.1606, 20.1498

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230

Protanomaly

16.8003, 17.2426, 18.3623

Deuteranomaly

17.2693, 16.9968, 17.9933

Tritanomaly

17.4995, 17.0889, 19.2058

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230

Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

Achromatomaly

16.8330, 17.4212, 18.6951

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(125, 112, 113) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 112, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 112, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 112, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 112, 113) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 112, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 112, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 112, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 112, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 112,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.2323, 17.1406, 18.0230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 112, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
112, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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