

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.2538, 8.4753, 19.7552)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.2538, 8.4753, 19.7552)
contains.

XYZ(17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(17.3484, 8.5232,
19.7996)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C007C
RGB	156, 0, 124
RGB Percent	61%, 0%, 49%
CMY	0.3882, 0.9999, 0.5137
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.21, 0.39
HSL	312°, 100%, 31%
HSV	312°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996
YIQ	60.7800, 53.1720, 71.6360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

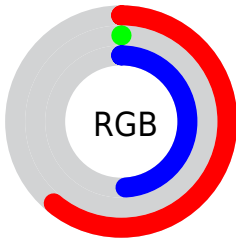
Format	Color
RYB	156, 0, 124
Decimal	10223740
CIELab	35.05, 63.58, -25.29
CIELCh	35, 68.429, 338.309
Yxy	8.5232, 0.3799, 0.1866
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288413820 (0xFF9C007C)
YUV	60.7800, 31.1675, 83.5079
Hunter-Lab	29.1945, 54.9805, -19.7741

Details

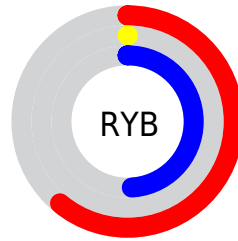
The XYZ color **17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **12.1498, 23.8816, 5.3372**, and the grayscale version is **4.3582, 4.5852, 4.9933**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.3918, 22.9192, 43.9954**, and **6.5255, 3.2173, 6.9337** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.3482, 8.5231, 19.7982**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.7339, 8.9649, 20.9431**.

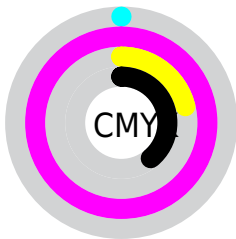
Distribution



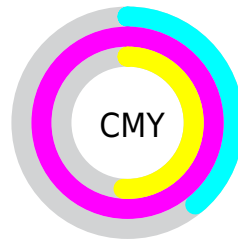
- Red (61%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.3484, 8.5232,
19.7996


 17.3484, 8.5232,
19.7996


230.2895,
179.7800, 263.3964


 10.5800, 4.4315,
12.0668


 38.4627, 22.9779,
43.9355

 5.8504, 1.9178,
6.6661

 53.5393, 34.1097,
61.1757


 2.7941, 0.5590,
3.1789

 72.1161, 48.3571,
82.4221

 1.0458, 0.0000,
1.1867

 94.5584, 66.1043,
108.0933

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 121.2315, 87.7358,
138.6078

 152.5008,

113.6360, 174.3841

188.7317,
144.1893, 215.8408

17.3484, 8.5232,
19.7996

17.3484, 8.5232,
19.7996

17.3482, 8.5231,
19.7982

17.7339, 8.9649,
20.9431

18.2624, 9.6820,
22.1668

18.9951, 10.7968,
23.4917

19.9571, 12.3596,
24.9263

21.1701, 14.4133,
26.4781

■ 22.6528, 16.9955,
28.1538

■ 24.4224, 20.1404,
29.9592

■ 26.4945, 23.8792,
31.8999

■ 28.8837, 28.2409,
33.9810

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.7473, 8.5232, 38.7334



17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996



18.1169, 8.5232, 6.4908

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996



7.0573, 8.5232, 0.0000



3.5000, 8.5232, 30.2033

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996



12.1498, 23.8816, 5.3372

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.6878, 8.5232, 12.7726



17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996



4.2611, 8.5232, 0.4709

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996



11.2279, 8.5232, 0.0000



2.9122, 8.5232, 3.3588



5.6164, 8.5232, 47.4204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996



16.7431, 8.5232, 2.3351



2.9122, 8.5232, 3.3588



3.1026, 8.5232, 23.7942

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3487, 8.5236, 19.7998



44.1473, 36.2035, 54.2082



6.5726, 2.6954, 31.6265



9.4273, 7.4542, 11.6417



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3487, 8.5236, 19.7998



31.4366, 15.4513, 35.5771



14.2199, 7.2721, 3.3240



6.8458, 6.7312, 8.0392



14.3022, 7.0254, 16.3742



0.2693, 0.1310, 0.3641

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3487, 8.5236, 19.7998



31.4366, 15.4513, 35.5771



14.6602, 24.8857, 18.5571



6.8458, 6.7312, 8.0392



14.3022, 7.0254, 16.3742



0.2693, 0.1310, 0.3641

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

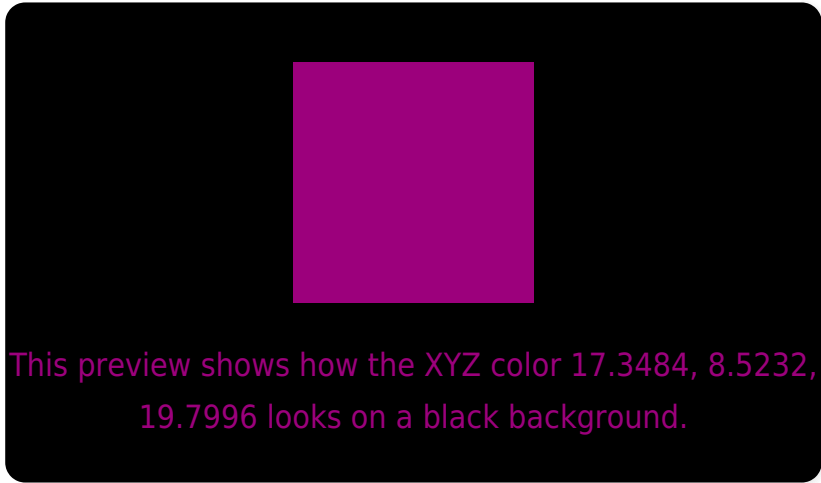
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

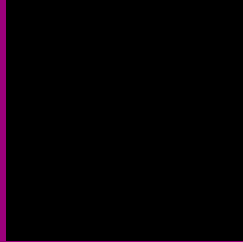
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3484, 8.5232,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996

Protanopia

10.7552, 9.1297, 41.7528

Deuteranopia

9.3032, 9.1381, 17.7965



Tritanopia

14.2735, 8.9197, 4.1013

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996



Protanomaly

8.9161, 5.7261, 32.0878



Deuteranomaly

10.4286, 6.8814, 18.2314



Tritanomaly

14.8140, 8.2054, 8.0107

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996



Achromatopsia

4.4355, 4.6665, 5.0818



Achromatomaly

7.1496, 4.5779, 8.8943

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 0, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 0, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 0, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 0, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 0, 124) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 0, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 0, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 0, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 0, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 0,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.3484, 8.5232, 19.7996 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 0, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156, 0,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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