

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.2736, 10.8238,
9.3624)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F3853
RGB	159, 56, 83
RGB Percent	62%, 22%, 33%
CMY	0.3765, 0.7804, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.48, 0.38
HSL	344°, 48%, 42%
HSV	344°, 65%, 62%
XYZ	17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624
YIQ	89.8750, 52.7210, 30.2330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

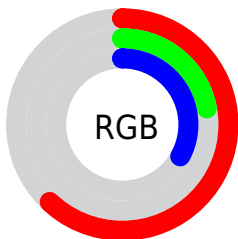
Format	Color
R_{YB}	159, 56, 83
Decimal	10434643
CIE Lab	39.28, 44.93, 7.04
CIE LCh	39, 45.479, 8.903
Yxy	10.8238, 0.4611, 0.2889
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288624723 (0xFF9F3853)
YUV	89.8750, -3.3894, 60.6226
Hunter-Lab	32.8995, 36.1456, 6.1572

Details

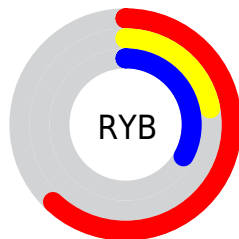
The XYZ color **17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **18.1946, 27.3033, 26.1429**, and the grayscale version is **9.6898, 10.1944, 11.1017**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.2488, 27.3549, 25.0939**, and **5.9597, 3.0300, 2.1902** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.2064, 9.3540, 6.9577**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6628, 12.8149, 12.2529**.

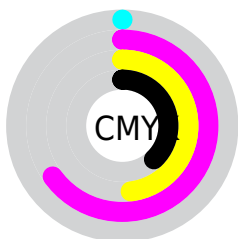
Distribution



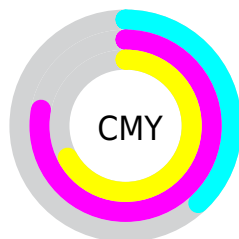
- Red (62%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (38%)





- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.2736, 10.8238,
9.3624


 17.2736, 10.8238,
9.3624


229.8698,
196.4547, 196.3754


 10.5263, 5.9485,
4.8783


 38.3355, 27.3339,
25.1779


 5.8142, 2.8138,
2.1185

 53.3807, 39.7374,
37.3464


 2.7720, 1.0353,
0.6268

 71.9226, 55.4192,
52.9134

 1.0344, 0.0000,
0.0000

 94.3266, 74.7635,
72.2975

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 120.9579, 98.1548,
95.9172

 152.1820,

125.9776, 124.1910

188.3642,
158.6160, 157.5376

■ 17.2736, 10.8238,
9.3624

■ 17.2736, 10.8238,
9.3624

■ 16.2064, 9.3540,
6.9577

■ 18.6628, 12.8149,
12.2529

■ 15.4323, 8.3541,
5.0099

■ 20.3977, 15.3689,
15.6544

■ 14.9177, 7.7630,
3.4871

■ 22.5007, 18.5252,
19.5912

■ 14.7102, 7.5358,
2.8392

■ 24.9919, 22.3191,
24.0856

■ 27.8901, 26.7833,
29.1587

■ 31.2127, 31.9481,
34.8304

■ 34.9762, 37.8419,
41.1197

■ 39.1961, 44.4917,
48.0446

■ 43.8872, 51.9231,
55.6226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.8201, 10.8238, 18.9602



17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624



15.5863, 10.8238, 4.0483

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624



7.0141, 10.8238, 2.9283



8.3098, 10.8238, 35.5711

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624



18.1946, 27.3033, 26.1429

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.3508, 10.8238, 25.8717



17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624



5.7125, 10.8238, 6.6962

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624



9.4027, 10.8238, 1.7407



5.4965, 10.8238, 14.5938



11.2266, 10.8238, 37.5435

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624



13.6398, 10.8238, 2.4379



5.4965, 10.8238, 14.5938



7.5354, 10.8238, 32.9373

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.2739, 10.8244, 9.3626



47.4762, 44.1481, 47.9239



17.1156, 10.2002, 33.8676



10.3910, 9.4724, 10.2560



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.2739, 10.8244, 9.3626



28.3096, 15.8104, 10.7200



17.8835, 13.3994, 5.3859



6.7009, 6.6733, 7.2760



11.6338, 5.9581, 2.3225



0.2239, 0.1129, 0.1251

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.2739, 10.8244, 9.3626



28.3096, 15.8104, 10.7200



16.5487, 20.6632, 35.9171



6.7009, 6.6733, 7.2760



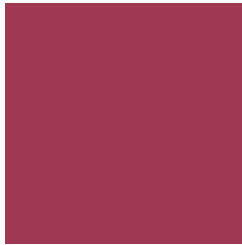
11.6338, 5.9581, 2.3225



0.2239, 0.1129, 0.1251

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

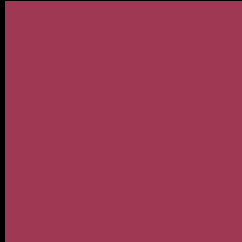
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

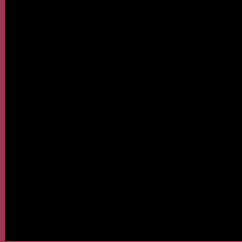
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.2736, 10.8238,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624

Protanopia

10.7762, 11.0833, 14.4033

Deuteranopia

11.2157, 11.0505, 8.7496



Tritanopia

16.6418, 10.8710, 6.0717

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624

Protanomaly

12.1824, 10.2949, 12.4114

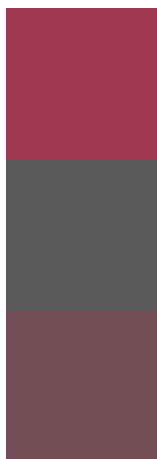
Deuteranomaly

12.9248, 10.5400, 8.9426

Tritanomaly

16.8018, 10.8520, 7.1703

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624

Achromatopsia

9.7181, 10.2242, 11.1341

Achromatomaly

11.5149, 9.7817, 10.2980

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 56, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 56, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 56, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 56, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 56, 83) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 56, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 56, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 56, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 56, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 56,  
83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.2736, 10.8238, 9.3624 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 56, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159, 56,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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