

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.2919, 42.8894, 30.4132)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.2919, 42.8894, 30.4132)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(27.6674, 48.3378,  
30.7936)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00D387
RGB	0, 211, 135
RGB Percent	0%, 83%, 53%
CMY	0.9999, 0.1725, 0.4706
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.36, 0.17
HSL	158°, 100%, 41%
HSV	158°, 100%, 83%
XYZ	27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936
YIQ	139.2470, -101.3600, -68.3680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

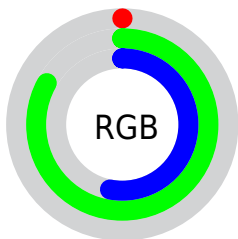
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 129, 211
Decimal	54151
CIELab	75.04, -61.03, 25.68
CIELCh	75, 66.216, 157.179
Yxy	48.3378, 0.2591, 0.4526
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278244231 (0xFF00D387)
YUV	139.2470, -2.0938, -122.1196
Hunter-Lab	69.5254, -50.6359, 22.4075

# Details

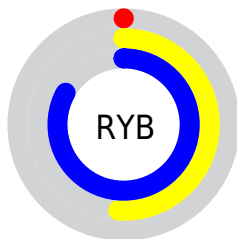
The XYZ color **27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **28.1702, 14.3717, 8.1295**, and the grayscale version is **24.6739, 25.9588, 28.2692**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.5388, 78.0777, 60.5509**, and **13.3610, 24.0986, 12.5416** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.6681, 48.3395, 30.7929**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.5347, 48.7221, 33.7295**.

# Distribution



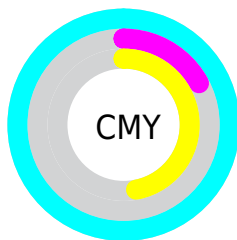
- Red (0%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 27.6674, 48.3378,  
30.7936


 27.6674, 48.3378,  
30.7936


282.9832,  
380.1295, 319.9080


 18.2143, 34.0945,  
20.1846


 55.3654, 87.7071,  
61.9907


 11.2045, 22.9662,  
12.3439


 74.3409, 113.6019,  
83.4159


 6.2729, 14.5685,  
6.8530


 97.2213, 144.1494,  
109.2836

 3.0539, 8.5171,  
3.2933

 124.3718,  
179.7338, 140.0123

 1.1824, 4.4276,  
1.2463

 156.1579,  
220.7396, 176.0205

 0.0924, 1.9155,  
0.0171

192.9450,

 0.0000, 0.5577,

267.5513, 217.7269

0.0000

235.0983,  
320.5531, 265.5499

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 27.6674, 48.3378,  
30.7936

■ 27.6674, 48.3378,  
30.7936

■ 27.6681, 48.3395,  
30.7929

■ 28.5347, 48.7221,  
33.7295

■ 29.7802, 49.2956,  
36.8856

■ 31.5199, 50.1193,  
40.2722

■ 33.8170, 51.2257,  
43.8960

■ 36.7250, 52.6422,  
47.7633

■ 40.2906, 54.3929,  
51.8798

■ 44.5560, 56.4995,  
56.2510

■ 49.5599, 58.9818,  
60.8822

■ 55.3378, 61.8580,  
65.7783

# Harmonies

## Analogous

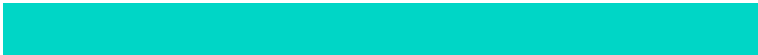
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.2729, 48.3378, 15.4000



27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936



26.5155, 48.3378, 61.4029

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936



48.9121, 48.3378, 150.2400



67.0777, 48.3378, 21.7684

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936



28.1702, 14.3717, 8.1295

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.0986, 48.3378, 44.7382



27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936



61.4809, 48.3378, 125.5398

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936



37.5005, 48.3378, 140.9951



70.8885, 48.3378, 82.9237



55.5676, 48.3378, 12.0146



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936



28.2039, 48.3378, 89.2972



70.8885, 48.3378, 82.9237



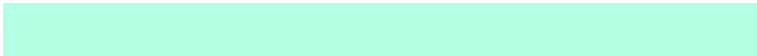
69.8950, 48.3378, 27.6921

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.6687, 48.3397, 30.7947



68.1615, 86.6148, 86.1204



26.3863, 48.1838, 7.9101



13.9665, 18.2311, 17.8120



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.6687, 48.3397, 30.7947



42.3839, 74.1696, 46.8011



28.6655, 38.5174, 67.5541



11.9701, 13.3318, 14.1989



16.7476, 29.1920, 18.8491



0.9736, 1.6471, 1.2500



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.1702, 14.3717, 8.1295



43.1654, 22.0302, 12.0690



27.2838, 14.6869, 1.3972



11.9822, 11.8776, 13.1820



17.0446, 8.6907, 5.1411

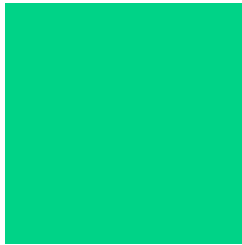


0.9906, 0.5009, 0.4852



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

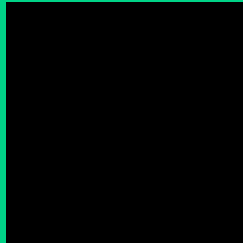
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 27.6674, 48.3378,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936

### Protanopia

44.0618, 47.4391, 25.5733

### Deuteranopia

48.2148, 47.3300, 32.5810



## Tritanopia

36.2351, 48.2389, 73.0469

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936



## Protanomaly

31.6531, 44.1843, 26.9388



## Deuteranomaly

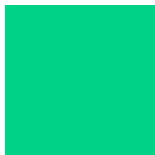
33.0846, 43.5229, 31.4680



## Tritanomaly

31.9733, 47.8548, 54.5655

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936



## Achromatopsia

24.5403, 25.8183, 28.1161



## Achromatomaly

22.0671, 30.8200, 28.8305

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 211, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 211, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 211, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 211, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 211, 135) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 211, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 211, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 211, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 211, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 211,  
135) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 27.6674, 48.3378, 30.7936 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 211, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 211,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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