

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.2923, 17.3205, 17.8942)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.2923, 17.3205, 17.8942)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.2872, 17.3401,
17.7651)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D7170
RGB	125, 113, 112
RGB Percent	49%, 44%, 44%
CMY	0.5098, 0.5568, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.10, 0.51
HSL	5°, 5%, 46%
HSV	5°, 10%, 49%
XYZ	17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651
YIQ	116.4740, 7.4730, 2.2330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

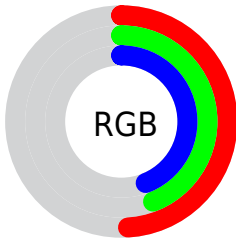
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 113, 112
Decimal	8221040
CIE Lab	48.69, 4.47, 2.24
CIE LCh	49, 5.003, 26.610
Yxy	17.3401, 0.3300, 0.3310
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286411120 (0xFF7D7170)
YUV	116.4740, -2.2057, 7.4773
Hunter-Lab	41.6414, 1.2307, 3.8547

Details

The XYZ color **17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.5913, 19.3403, 22.2081**, and the grayscale version is **16.7514, 17.6238, 19.1923**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.5161, 39.0556, 40.6304**, and **5.7962, 5.6873, 5.6427** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.4328, 14.6688, 13.9483**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.4028, 20.3788, 22.1462**.

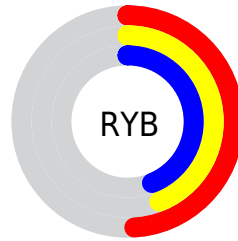
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (44%)

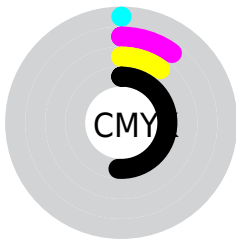
Blue (44%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (44%)

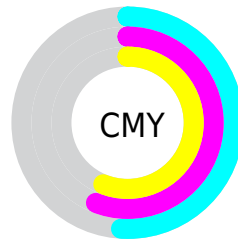


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.2872, 17.3401,
17.7651

■ 17.2872, 17.3401,
17.7651

229.9461,
237.1247, 251.7352

■ 10.5360, 10.4773,
10.6138

■ 38.3586, 38.9096,
40.4452

■ 5.8208, 5.7165,
5.6969

■ 53.4095, 54.3851,
56.8110

■ 2.7760, 2.6735,
2.5959

■ 71.9578, 73.5002,
77.0854

■ 1.0365, 0.9637,
0.8903

■ 94.3687, 96.6394,
101.6870

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

121.0077,
124.1871, 131.0342

152.2400,

156.5276, 165.5456

188.4310,
194.0453, 205.6397

■ 17.2872, 17.3401,
17.7651

■ 17.2872, 17.3401,
17.7651

■ 15.4328, 14.6688,
13.9483

■ 19.4028, 20.3788,
22.1462

■ 13.8282, 12.3488,
10.6717

■ 21.7878, 23.7958,
27.1120

■ 12.4630, 10.3662,
7.9114

■ 24.4516, 27.6042,
32.6834

■ 11.3258, 8.7053,
5.6409

■ 27.4028, 31.8159,
38.8797

■ 10.4041, 7.3491,
3.8316

■ 30.6498, 36.4423,
45.7197

■ 9.6842, 6.2790,
2.4519

■ 34.2004, 41.4942,
53.2210

■ 9.1509, 5.4746,
1.4661

■ 38.0623, 46.9822,
61.4008

■ 8.7868, 4.9124,
0.8329

■ 42.2428, 52.9165,
70.2757

■ 8.5621, 4.5692,
0.4307

■ 46.7490, 59.3067,
79.8614

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3828, 17.3401, 19.0310



17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651



16.9743, 17.3401, 16.8375

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651



15.7516, 17.3401, 17.5164



16.4288, 17.3401, 21.5319

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651



17.5913, 19.3403, 22.2081

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.9978, 17.3401, 21.0822



17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651



15.6114, 17.3401, 18.7306

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651



16.0871, 17.3401, 16.6987



15.7007, 17.3401, 20.0415



16.8818, 17.3401, 21.2443

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651



16.6875, 17.3401, 16.5151



15.7007, 17.3401, 20.0415



16.2767, 17.3401, 21.4615

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.2877, 17.3409, 17.7655



33.6864, 34.9736, 37.4602



17.8983, 17.4072, 21.5297



7.5985, 7.8635, 8.3884



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.2877, 17.3409, 17.7655



30.2946, 30.0989, 30.4449



18.0228, 18.8111, 18.0105



4.3524, 4.3935, 4.5388



8.9338, 4.7639, 0.4487



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.5913, 19.3403, 22.2081



30.9292, 34.2778, 39.7305



16.8193, 17.7963, 21.9507



4.4190, 4.8320, 5.5130



10.3030, 14.4244, 22.4911



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

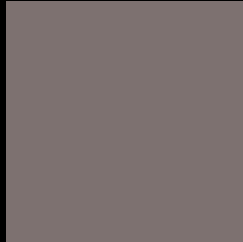
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

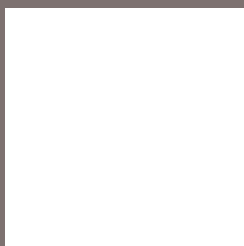
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651.

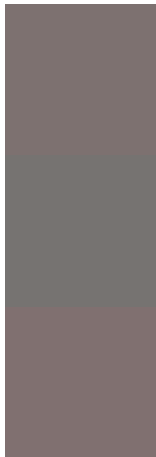


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.2872, 17.3401,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651

Protanopia

16.5826, 17.3053, 18.0890

Deuteranopia

17.6209, 17.3474, 17.7489



Tritanopia

17.7885, 17.3800, 20.1864

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651

Protanomaly

16.8831, 17.2918, 18.0706

Deuteranomaly

17.4712, 17.2702, 17.7419

Tritanomaly

17.6092, 17.3083, 19.2424

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651

Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

Achromatomaly

16.8330, 17.4212, 18.6951

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(125, 113, 112) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 113, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 113, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 113, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 113, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 113, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 113, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 113, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 113, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 113,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.2872, 17.3401, 17.7651 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 113, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
113, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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