

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.3135, 16.5348, 18.2564)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.3135, 16.5348, 18.2564)
contains.

XYZ(17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(17.3019, 16.5292,
18.1981)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	806C72
RGB	128, 108, 114
RGB Percent	50%, 42%, 45%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5765, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.11, 0.50
HSL	342°, 8%, 46%
HSV	342°, 16%, 50%
XYZ	17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981
YIQ	114.6640, 9.9940, 6.1060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

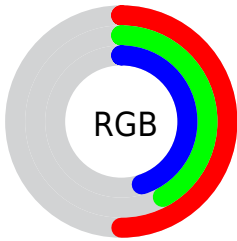
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 108, 114
Decimal	8416370
CIE Lab	47.66, 8.97, -0.41
CIE LCh	48, 8.978, 357.406
Yxy	16.5292, 0.3325, 0.3177
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286606450 (0xFF806C72)
YUV	114.6640, -0.3274, 11.6957
Hunter-Lab	40.6561, 4.8155, 1.9205

Details

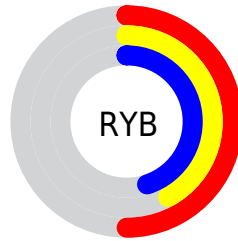
The XYZ color **17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.4170, 20.0321, 21.3619**, and the grayscale version is **16.1932, 17.0365, 18.5528**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.3371, 37.3732, 41.2696**, and **5.8766, 5.3931, 5.8855** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5645, 13.8310, 15.2246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.2884, 19.6453, 21.5017**.

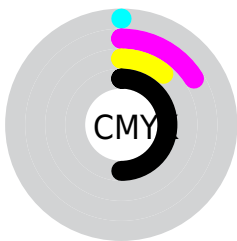
Distribution



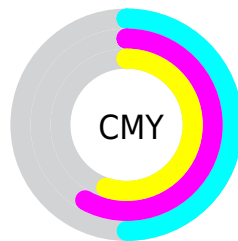
- Red (50%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3019, 16.5292,
18.1981

■ 17.3019, 16.5292,
18.1981

230.0287,
232.4445, 254.2588

■ 10.5466, 9.8994,
10.9214

■ 38.3836, 37.5145,
41.1931

■ 5.8279, 5.3323,
5.9005

■ 53.4407, 52.6388,
57.7484

■ 2.7804, 2.4435,
2.7169

■ 71.9958, 71.3634,
78.2338

■ 1.0387, 0.8481,
0.9519

■ 94.4143, 94.0727,
103.0676

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

121.0614,
121.1510, 132.6685

152.3027,

152.9828, 167.4549

188.5033,
189.9525, 207.8455

■ 17.3019, 16.5292,
18.1981

■ 17.3019, 16.5292,
18.1981

■ 15.5645, 13.8310,
15.2246

■ 19.2884, 19.6453,
21.5017

■ 14.0649, 11.5308,
12.5696

■ 21.5321, 23.1938,
25.1441

■ 12.7927, 9.6101,
10.2227

■ 24.0424, 27.1912,
29.1353

■ 11.7363, 8.0483,
8.1720

■ 26.8279, 31.6525,
33.4844

■ 10.8832, 6.8229,
6.4054

■ 29.8965, 36.5921,
38.2001

■ 10.2193, 5.9086,
4.9093

■ 33.2563, 42.0235,
43.2908

■ 9.7286, 5.2765,
3.6693

■ 36.9145, 47.9599,
48.7648

■ 9.3865, 4.8803,
2.6671

■ 40.8785, 54.4139,
54.6299

■ 9.2584, 4.7317,
2.2922

■ 45.1552, 61.3978,
60.8940

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.0459, 16.5292, 20.4829



17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981



17.1197, 16.5292, 16.0402

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981



15.0113, 16.5292, 14.3546



14.8944, 16.5292, 21.9806

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981



17.4170, 20.0321, 21.3619

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.3809, 16.5292, 20.1078



17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981



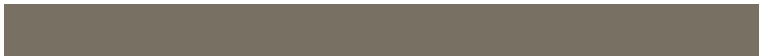
14.4468, 16.5292, 15.7218

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981



15.7804, 16.5292, 13.9363



14.2198, 16.5292, 17.7984



15.6408, 16.5292, 22.7797

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981



16.7775, 16.5292, 14.9381



14.2198, 16.5292, 17.7984



14.6898, 16.5292, 21.4484

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3024, 16.5299, 18.1985



34.1495, 34.8870, 38.1679



17.2854, 16.4220, 22.6810



7.9437, 8.0866, 8.8514



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3024, 16.5299, 18.1985



29.2456, 27.2060, 29.9764



17.4036, 17.2609, 16.6026



4.3767, 4.3639, 4.7884



9.1808, 4.6920, 2.2758



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3024, 16.5299, 18.1985



29.2456, 27.2060, 29.9764



17.2888, 19.1624, 23.2098



4.3767, 4.3639, 4.7884



9.1808, 4.6920, 2.2758



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

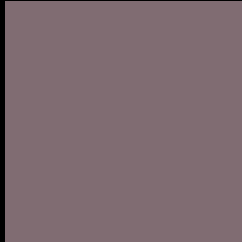
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3019, 16.5292,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981

Protanopia

16.0554, 16.6720, 19.2014

Deuteranopia

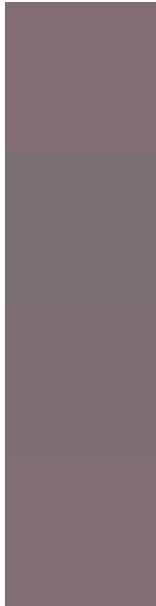
16.9254, 16.6519, 18.2417



Tritanopia

17.4170, 16.5753, 18.8044

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981

Protanomaly

16.4446, 16.5518, 18.8511

Deuteranomaly

16.9633, 16.5122, 18.2127

Tritanomaly

17.3592, 16.5521, 18.4996

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981

Achromatopsia

16.2955, 17.1441, 18.6699

Achromatomaly

16.6344, 16.8192, 18.5894

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 108, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 108, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 108, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 108, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 108, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 108, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 108, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 108, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 108, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 108,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.3019, 16.5292, 18.1981 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 108, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
108, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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