

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.3322, 27.4828, 1.9231)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.3322, 27.4828, 1.9231)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(17.7650, 27.5630,  
4.3839)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	659F00
RGB	101, 159, 0
RGB Percent	40%, 62%, 0%
CMY	0.6039, 0.3765, 0.9999
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 1.00, 0.38
HSL	82°, 100%, 31%
HSV	82°, 100%, 62%
XYZ	17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839
YIQ	123.5320, 16.4710, -61.7450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

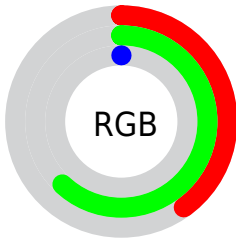
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 159, 58
Decimal	6659840
CIELab	59.49, -39.52, 61.61
CIELCh	59, 73.195, 122.678
Yxy	27.5630, 0.3574, 0.5545
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284849920 (0xFF659F00)
YUV	123.5320, -60.9013, -19.7606
Hunter-Lab	52.5005, -31.4754, 31.7995

# Details

The XYZ color **17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **8.0045, 3.4037, 33.0376**, and the grayscale version is **19.1958, 20.1955, 21.9929**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.1209, 55.7291, 14.8258**, and **6.2964, 11.0509, 1.8012** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.7650, 27.5639, 4.3840**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.5311, 27.9481, 4.9047**.

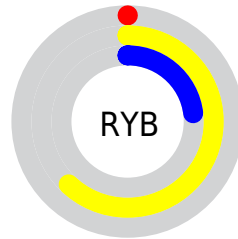
# Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (62%)

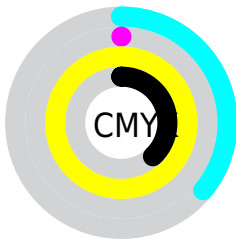
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (23%)

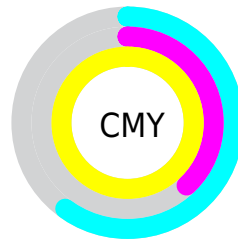


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.7650, 27.5630,  
4.3839

■ 17.7650, 27.5630,  
4.3839

232.6144,  
290.3728, 152.4014

■ 10.8801, 17.9965,  
1.8382

■ 39.1697, 55.7860,  
14.8859

■ 6.0529, 10.9475,  
0.4530

■ 54.4202, 75.2113,  
23.6793

■ 2.9183, 6.0315,  
0.0000

■ 73.1899, 98.6916,  
35.3923

■ 1.1107, 2.8643,  
0.0000

■ 95.8442, 126.6114,  
50.4436


■ 0.0340, 1.0613,  
0.0000


■ 122.7485,  
159.3550, 69.2516


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 154.2680,


197.3068, 92.2348


 190.7682,  
240.8513, 119.8119


 17.7650, 27.5630,  
4.3839


 17.7650, 27.5630,  
4.3839


 17.7650, 27.5639,  
4.3840

 18.5311, 27.9481,  
4.9047

 19.4159, 28.3851,  
5.8089

 20.4524, 28.8883,  
7.2637

 21.6549, 29.4636,  
9.3391

 23.0355, 30.1157,  
12.0949

■ 24.6050, 30.8493,  
15.5837

■ 26.3733, 31.6682,  
19.8531

■ 28.3494, 32.5762,  
24.9467

■ 30.5417, 33.5768,  
30.9046

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.3805, 27.5630, 2.5262



17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839



13.4209, 27.5630, 12.2543

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839



18.8922, 27.5630, 101.2114



48.1228, 27.5630, 27.7076

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839



8.0045, 3.4037, 33.0376

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.2526, 27.5630, 59.7656



17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839



27.0324, 27.5630, 114.3180

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839



13.9567, 27.5630, 66.4880



36.9491, 27.5630, 95.9846



44.0739, 27.5630, 10.1349



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839



12.2842, 27.5630, 24.0099



36.9491, 27.5630, 95.9846



47.9357, 27.5630, 36.9379

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7656, 27.5642, 4.3845



47.0364, 56.6228, 35.0708



15.6966, 10.1669, 1.1355



10.3129, 12.6308, 7.1908



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7656, 27.5642, 4.3845



31.5942, 49.2488, 7.8408



12.7723, 24.9900, 4.1508



6.9353, 7.5993, 7.0869



14.0776, 21.7940, 3.4647



0.2967, 0.4129, 0.0641



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.0045, 3.4037, 33.0376



14.1371, 5.9932, 59.1552



16.2751, 7.6674, 33.4247



6.5018, 6.5472, 8.3277



6.3640, 2.7098, 26.0949



0.1582, 0.0714, 0.4687



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

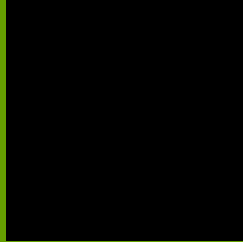
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.7650, 27.5630,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839

### Protanopia

24.5204, 27.2220, 3.9620

### Deuteranopia

27.7337, 27.1302, 5.0712



## Tritanopia

24.4063, 27.5694, 37.2928

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839

## Protanomaly

21.3949, 26.9839, 4.0808

## Deuteranomaly

22.8620, 26.5763, 4.5866

## Tritanomaly

20.3086, 26.8605, 16.6846

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839

## Achromatopsia

19.1579, 20.1556, 21.9495

## Achromatomaly

17.5594, 22.1688, 10.7507

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 159, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 159, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 159, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 159, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 159, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 159, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 159, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 159, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 159, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 159,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.7650, 27.5630, 4.3839 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 159, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
159, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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