

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.3340, 17.1500, 34.4497)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.3340, 17.1500, 34.4497)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.3586, 17.1783,
34.2991)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 64729D |
| RGB | 100, 114, 157 |
| RGB Percent | 39%, 45%, 62% |
| CMY | 0.6078, 0.5529, 0.3843 |
| CMYK | 0.36, 0.27, 0.00, 0.38 |
| HSL | 225°, 23%, 50% |
| HSV | 225°, 36%, 62% |
| XYZ | 17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991 |
| YIQ | 114.7160, -22.1470, 10.4050 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

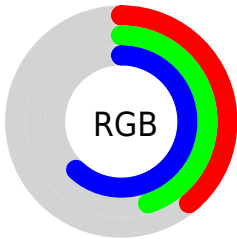
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 100, 111, 157 |
| Decimal | 6582941 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 48.48, 5.73, -24.90 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 48, 25.555, 282.962 |
| Yxy | 17.1783, 0.2522, 0.2496 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284773021 (0xFF64729D) |
| YUV | 114.7160, 20.8460, -12.9059 |
| Hunter-Lab | 41.4467, 2.2271, -20.0526 |

Details

The XYZ color **17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **26.0275, 27.7332, 16.0383**, and the grayscale version is **16.1540, 16.9953, 18.5078**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.6568, 38.7982, 67.7387**, and **5.8134, 5.5945, 14.1380** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5361, 13.8671, 33.8090**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.6899, 21.0093, 34.8633**.

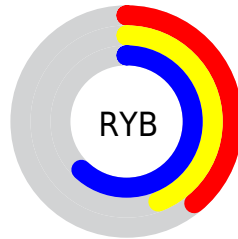
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (45%)

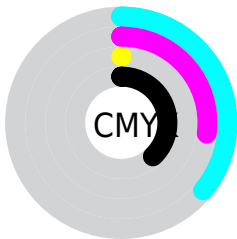
Blue (62%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (62%)

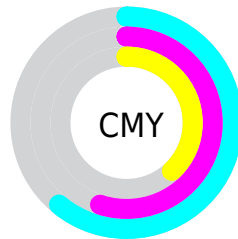


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3586, 17.1783,
34.2991

■ 17.3586, 17.1783,
34.2991

230.3467,
236.1978, 336.2735

■ 10.5874, 10.3617,
22.8443

■ 38.4800, 38.6321,
67.5377

■ 5.8553, 5.6394,
14.2743

■ 53.5609, 54.0380,
90.1586

■ 2.7971, 2.6271,
8.1708

■ 72.1425, 73.0759,
117.3385

■ 1.0474, 0.9403,
4.1151

■ 94.5900, 96.1301,
149.4961

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.6887

121.2688,
123.5850, 187.0498

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3530

152.5442,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

155.8250, 230.4183

0.0000

188.7818,
193.2344, 280.0200

■ 17.3586, 17.1783,
34.2991

■ 17.3586, 17.1783,
34.2991

■ 14.5361, 13.8671,
33.8090

■ 20.6899, 21.0093,
34.8633

■ 12.1947, 11.0506,
33.3888

■ 24.5523, 25.3799,
35.5033

■ 10.3069, 8.7046,
33.0355

■ 28.9688, 30.3109,
36.2223

■ 8.8412, 6.8016,
32.7454

■ 33.9605, 35.8217,
37.0229

■ 7.7618, 5.3112,
32.5146

■ 39.5473, 41.9307,
37.9076

■ 7.0202, 4.1952,
32.3383

■ 45.7484, 48.6553,
38.8788

■ 6.7971, 3.8569,
32.2848

■ 52.5818, 56.0124,
39.9387

■ 60.0649, 64.0180,
41.0895

■ 68.2145, 72.6878,
42.3334

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0431, 17.1783, 33.9446



17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991



19.5930, 17.1783, 29.8196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991



19.8499, 17.1783, 11.2193



12.3890, 17.1783, 15.1739

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991



26.0275, 27.7332, 16.0383

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.4465, 17.1783, 10.7642



17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991



17.6829, 17.1783, 8.8841

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991



21.1212, 17.1783, 15.9578



15.3380, 17.1783, 8.7403



12.3202, 17.1783, 21.7490

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991



20.6763, 17.1783, 25.2013



15.3380, 17.1783, 8.7403



12.6357, 17.1783, 13.4324

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3592, 17.1790, 34.2995



47.8723, 49.8224, 64.2203



22.2519, 28.7992, 30.2738



10.3201, 10.7241, 14.0964



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3592, 17.1790, 34.2995



26.7145, 25.6426, 60.6683



17.6154, 15.1433, 33.8931



6.4105, 6.6868, 8.3595



5.5461, 3.1837, 26.2294



0.1292, 0.1169, 0.4790

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.4995, 17.4978, 18.1646



35.4107, 26.7120, 26.6895



25.6420, 30.8517, 16.6606



6.6966, 6.6715, 7.2532



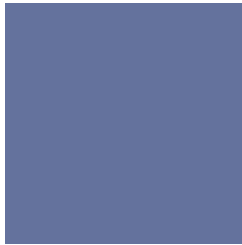
11.5976, 5.9436, 2.1320



0.2225, 0.1123, 0.1179

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

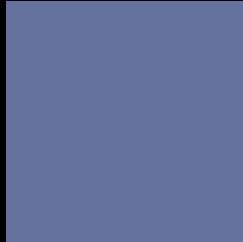
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

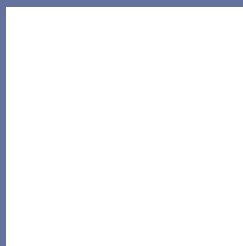
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3586, 17.1783,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991

Protanopia

17.4704, 17.0694, 34.2722

Deuteranopia

17.4704, 17.0694, 34.2722



Tritanopia

15.0735, 17.1058, 23.2762

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991

Protanomaly

17.3578, 17.0113, 34.2669

Deuteranomaly

17.3578, 17.0113, 34.2669

Tritanomaly

15.8454, 17.0735, 26.8865

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991

Achromatopsia

16.2955, 17.1441, 18.6699

Achromatomaly

16.5904, 17.1882, 23.5623

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 114, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 114, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 114, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 114, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 114, 157) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 114, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 114, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 114, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 114, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 114,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.3586, 17.1783, 34.2991 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 114, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
114, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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