

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.3406, 15.8509,  
15.2423)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	876768
RGB	135, 103, 104
RGB Percent	53%, 40%, 41%
CMY	0.4706, 0.5961, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.23, 0.47
HSL	358°, 13%, 47%
HSV	358°, 24%, 53%
XYZ	17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423
YIQ	112.6820, 18.7510, 7.0950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

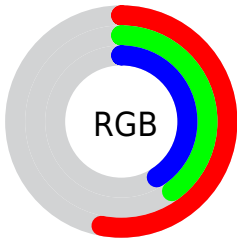
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	135, 103, 104
Decimal	8873832
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.78, 12.99, 4.39
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 13.708, 18.684
Yxy	15.8509, 0.3580, 0.3273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287063912 (0xFF876768)
YUV	112.6820, -4.2802, 19.5729
Hunter-Lab	39.8132, 8.0724, 5.1703

# Details

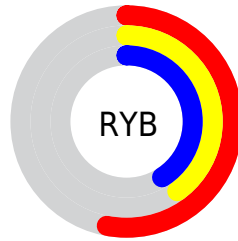
The XYZ color **17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **18.5612, 21.9331, 25.8106**, and the grayscale version is **15.6106, 16.4236, 17.8853**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.4583, 36.2966, 35.9893**, and **5.8088, 5.0086, 4.5315** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.4911, 13.1338, 11.5984**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.5109, 19.0444, 19.5019**.

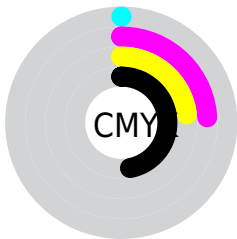
# Distribution



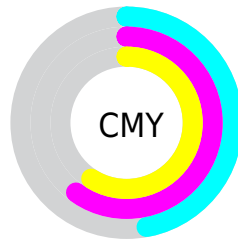
- Red (53%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (47%)




- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (59%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 17.3406, 15.8509,  
15.2423


 17.3406, 15.8509,  
15.2423

230.2458,  
228.4603, 236.5192


 10.5744, 9.4187,  
8.8411


 38.4494, 36.3392,  
36.0260


 5.8466, 5.0153,  
4.5423

 53.5228, 51.1640,  
51.2456

 2.7918, 2.2562,  
1.9273

 72.0959, 69.5552,  
70.2417

 1.0446, 0.7504,  
0.5100

 94.5342, 91.8972,  
93.4329

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

121.2030,  
118.5743, 121.2377

152.4676,

149.9709, 154.0746

188.6934,  
186.4714, 192.3623

■ 17.3406, 15.8509,  
15.2423

■ 17.3406, 15.8509,  
15.2423

■ 15.4911, 13.1338,  
11.5984

■ 19.5109, 19.0444,  
19.5019

■ 13.9459, 10.8681,  
8.5408

■ 22.0148, 22.7331,  
24.4029

■ 12.6891, 9.0301,  
6.0393

■ 24.8660, 26.9378,  
29.9705

■ 11.7029, 7.5929,  
4.0604

■ 28.0770, 31.6772,  
36.2284

■ 10.9673, 6.5267,  
2.5670

■ 31.6598, 36.9691,  
43.1991

■ 10.4598, 5.7973,  
1.5174

■ 35.6258, 42.8306,  
50.9041

■ 10.1531, 5.3631,  
0.8624

■ 39.9858, 49.2779,  
59.3640

■ 10.0147, 5.1601,  
0.5890

■ 44.7504, 56.3267,  
68.5986

■ 49.9295, 63.9920,  
78.6269

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4244, 15.8509, 18.5779



17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423



16.6286, 15.8509, 12.7873

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423



13.4107, 15.8509, 13.2815



14.6210, 15.8509, 24.5206

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423



18.5612, 21.9331, 25.8106

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.6041, 15.8509, 22.6676



17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423



12.9303, 15.8509, 16.0039

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423



14.3441, 15.8509, 11.7625



12.9992, 15.8509, 19.4460



15.8113, 15.8509, 24.2460



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423



15.9136, 15.8509, 11.8424



12.9992, 15.8509, 19.4460



14.2487, 15.8509, 24.1170

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3410, 15.8516, 15.2426



37.8056, 38.3252, 40.5351



19.0447, 16.5134, 25.1053



8.7051, 8.8017, 9.2892



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3410, 15.8516, 15.2426



29.3526, 25.8858, 23.9473



18.9109, 19.0719, 15.5175



4.6780, 4.6909, 4.9168



9.2358, 4.7587, 0.5481



0.0324, 0.0166, 0.0038



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3410, 15.8516, 15.2426



29.3526, 25.8858, 23.9473



16.6918, 18.0825, 25.5322



4.6780, 4.6909, 4.9168



9.2358, 4.7587, 0.5481



0.0324, 0.0166, 0.0038



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3406, 15.8509,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423

### Protanopia

15.3306, 16.0290, 16.4733

### Deuteranopia

16.1633, 15.8546, 15.0403



## Tritanopia

17.7192, 15.8628, 16.8798

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423

## Protanomaly

16.0424, 15.9242, 16.1381

## Deuteranomaly

16.6555, 15.9545, 15.0336

## Tritanomaly

17.6115, 15.8197, 16.3126

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423

## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

## Achromatomaly

16.1683, 16.1280, 17.0127

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 103, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 103, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 103, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 103, 104) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 103, 104) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 103, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 103, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 103, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 103, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 103,  
104) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.3406, 15.8509, 15.2423 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 103, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
103, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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