

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.3469, 8.8751, 3.8650)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.3469, 8.8751, 3.8650)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.3703, 8.8882,
3.8177)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB0032
RGB	171, 0, 50
RGB Percent	67%, 0%, 20%
CMY	0.3294, 0.9999, 0.8039
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.71, 0.33
HSL	342°, 100%, 34%
HSV	342°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177
YIQ	56.8290, 85.8660, 51.8020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

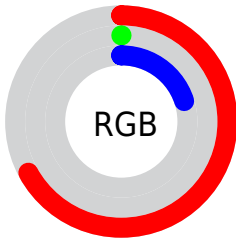
Format	Color
RYB	171, 0, 50
Decimal	11206706
CIELab	35.77, 60.61, 23.80
CIELCh	36, 65.109, 21.436
Yxy	8.8882, 0.5775, 0.2955
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289396786 (0xFFAB0032)
YUV	56.8290, -3.3667, 100.1280
Hunter-Lab	29.8131, 51.8284, 13.2768

Details

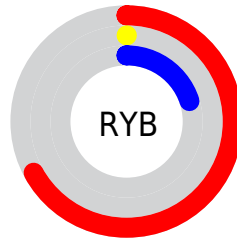
The XYZ color **17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **18.0160, 30.5069, 23.0366**, and the grayscale version is **3.8649, 4.0661, 4.4280**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.4400, 23.6169, 13.5988**, and **6.4578, 3.3260, 0.4452** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.3698, 8.8880, 3.8155**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.8692, 9.4117, 5.4470**.

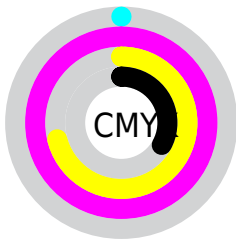
Distribution



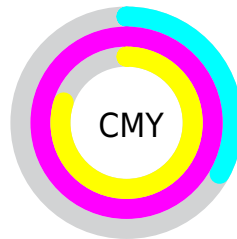
- Red (67%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3703, 8.8882,
3.8177

■ 17.3703, 8.8882,
3.8177

230.4122,
182.5417, 146.1770

■ 10.5958, 4.6683,
1.5259

■ 38.4999, 23.6822,
13.5871

■ 5.8610, 2.0540,
0.2371

■ 53.5857, 35.0250,
21.9017

■ 2.8006, 0.6386,
0.0000

■ 72.1727, 49.5110,
33.0611

■ 1.0492, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 94.6262, 67.5245,
47.4836

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 121.3115, 89.4500,
65.5880

■ 152.5941,

115.6717, 87.7926

188.8392,
146.5741, 114.5161

17.3703, 8.8882,
3.8177

17.3703, 8.8882,
3.8177

17.3698, 8.8880,
3.8155

17.8692, 9.4117,
5.4470

18.6159, 10.3121,
7.5239

19.6847, 11.7311,
10.0957

21.1115, 13.7336,
13.1946

22.9270, 16.3751,
16.8501

■ 25.1586, 19.7047,
21.0890

■ 27.8312, 23.7665,
25.9365

■ 30.9676, 28.6009,
31.4162

■ 34.5889, 34.2453,
37.5502

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.0734, 8.8882, 13.1864



17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177



13.9473, 8.8882, 0.7522

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177



3.8846, 8.8882, 1.5689



7.3939, 8.8882, 49.3596

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177



18.0160, 30.5069, 23.0366

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.6257, 8.8882, 37.4793



17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177



3.0424, 8.8882, 6.8542

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177



6.0233, 8.8882, 0.0744



3.2648, 8.8882, 19.6648



11.4491, 8.8882, 45.8071

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177



11.0277, 8.8882, 0.0000



3.2648, 8.8882, 19.6648



6.3056, 8.8882, 46.8384

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3705, 8.8888, 3.8178



49.5619, 42.1322, 45.9480



15.0562, 6.9131, 39.0686



10.5977, 8.7019, 9.4295



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3705, 8.8888, 3.8178



31.0279, 15.8858, 6.4082



17.3730, 9.8147, 0.9796



8.0980, 8.0524, 8.8266



13.1148, 6.7085, 2.9840



0.3890, 0.1963, 0.2100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3705, 8.8888, 3.8178



31.0279, 15.8858, 6.4082



16.2690, 20.7764, 41.6806



8.0980, 8.0524, 8.8266



13.1148, 6.7085, 2.9840



0.3890, 0.1963, 0.2100

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

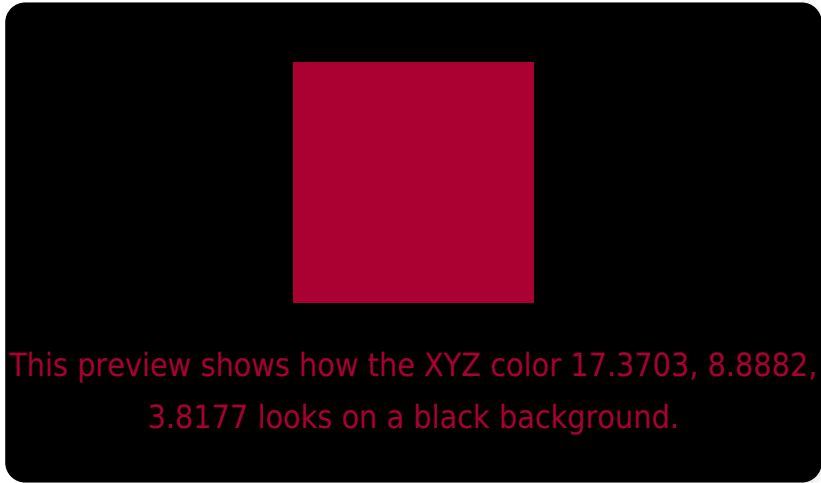
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3703, 8.8882,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177

Protanopia

9.0579, 9.5861, 7.8515

Deuteranopia

9.5746, 9.4795, 3.5156



Tritanopia

16.9212, 9.0838, 1.3517

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177

Protanomaly

10.2055, 7.1790, 5.8488

Deuteranomaly

10.9527, 7.4815, 3.3494

Tritanomaly

16.9311, 8.9177, 1.9275

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177

Achromatopsia

3.8890, 4.0915, 4.4557

Achromatomaly

6.3337, 4.1248, 3.9524

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 0, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 0, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 0, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 0, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 0, 50) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 0, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 0, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 0, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 0, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 0, 50)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.3703, 8.8882, 3.8177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 0, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 0,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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