

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.3513, 16.1779, 19.9674)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.3513, 16.1779, 19.9674)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.4463, 16.2533,
19.9870)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	806A78
RGB	128, 106, 120
RGB Percent	50%, 42%, 47%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5843, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.06, 0.50
HSL	322°, 9%, 46%
HSV	322°, 17%, 50%
XYZ	17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870
YIQ	114.1740, 8.6180, 9.0180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

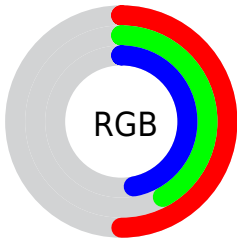
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 106, 120
Decimal	8415864
CIE Lab	47.31, 11.29, -4.52
CIE LCh	47, 12.161, 338.190
Yxy	16.2533, 0.3250, 0.3027
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286605944 (0xFF806A78)
YUV	114.1740, 2.8722, 12.1254
Hunter-Lab	40.3154, 6.6932, -1.1732

Details

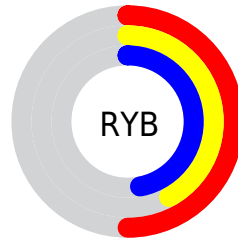
The XYZ color **17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.7009, 19.7179, 18.8462**, and the grayscale version is **16.0366, 16.8718, 18.3734**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.5594, 36.9163, 44.1230**, and **5.9581, 5.2581, 6.8318** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.9489, 13.6994, 18.1278**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1553, 19.2080, 21.9849**.

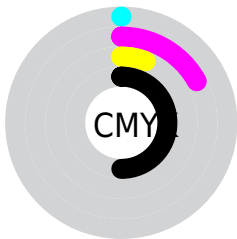
Distribution



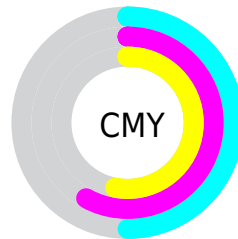
- Red (50%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.4463, 16.2533,
19.9870

■ 17.4463, 16.2533,
19.9870

230.8377,
230.8318, 264.4466

■ 10.6505, 9.7036,
12.2016

■ 38.6291, 37.0374,
44.2541

■ 5.8979, 5.2029,
6.7569

■ 53.7467, 52.0405,
61.5728

■ 2.8231, 2.3668,
3.2344

■ 72.3690, 70.6303,
82.9065

■ 1.0609, 0.8087,
1.2155

■ 94.8613, 93.1910,
108.6735

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

121.5890,
120.1071, 139.2925

152.9174,

151.7631, 175.1820

189.2119,
188.5431, 216.7605

■ 17.4463, 16.2533,
19.9870

■ 17.4463, 16.2533,
19.9870

■ 15.9489, 13.6994,
18.1278

■ 19.1553, 19.2080,
21.9849

■ 14.6527, 11.5266,
16.4024

■ 21.0829, 22.5776,
24.1241

■ 13.5488, 9.7170,
14.8068

■ 23.2374, 26.3784,
26.4086

■ 12.6267, 8.2500,
13.3368

■ 25.6262, 30.6251,
28.8418

■ 11.8752, 7.1033,
11.9874

■ 28.2565, 35.3315,
31.4268

■ 11.2814, 6.2519,
10.7535

■ 31.1351, 40.5112,
34.1669

■ 10.8309, 5.6668,
9.6290

■ 34.2685, 46.1768,
37.0650

■ 10.4934, 5.2883,
8.6028

■ 37.6631, 52.3407,
40.1241

■ 10.4044, 5.1901,
8.3268

■ 41.3249, 59.0148,
43.3471

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.7608, 16.2533, 22.7653



17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870



17.5841, 16.2533, 16.8677

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870



15.1559, 16.2533, 12.4641



13.8811, 16.2533, 21.6120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870



16.7009, 19.7179, 18.8462

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.4928, 16.2533, 18.5532



17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870



14.2061, 16.2533, 13.4432

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870



16.2284, 16.2533, 12.7537



13.6089, 16.2533, 15.5891



14.6935, 16.2533, 23.7766

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870



17.3412, 16.2533, 15.0472



13.6089, 16.2533, 15.5891



13.6984, 16.2533, 20.6411

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4468, 16.2540, 19.9873



34.3961, 34.9856, 39.4665



15.9514, 15.4247, 22.5589



8.0078, 8.1123, 9.1892



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4468, 16.2540, 19.9873



29.5394, 26.6001, 33.7540



16.8332, 16.0086, 16.7563



4.4338, 4.3867, 5.0891



10.3172, 5.1466, 8.2601



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.4468, 16.2540, 19.9873



29.5394, 26.6001, 33.7540



17.3461, 19.9760, 22.2436



4.4338, 4.3867, 5.0891



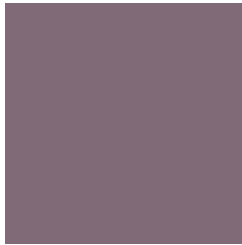
10.3172, 5.1466, 8.2601



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

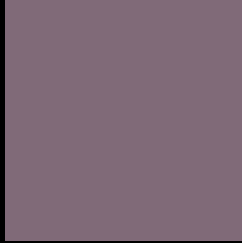
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

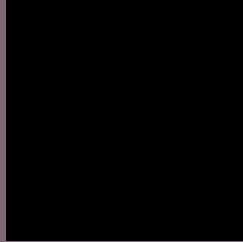
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4463, 16.2533,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870

Protanopia

15.9249, 16.3979, 21.0647

Deuteranopia

16.5441, 16.2623, 19.7197



Tritanopia

17.1046, 16.2652, 18.4576

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870

Protanomaly

16.4249, 16.3389, 20.7004

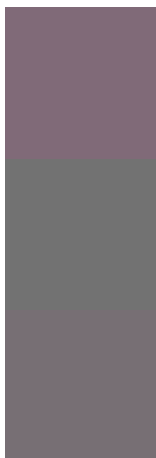
Deuteranomaly

16.8607, 16.2680, 19.7041

Tritanomaly

17.2210, 16.3118, 19.0705

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870

Achromatopsia

15.9940, 16.8269, 18.3245

Achromatomaly

16.4446, 16.5518, 18.8511

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 106, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 106, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 106, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 106, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 106, 120) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 106, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 106, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 106, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 106, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 106,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.4463, 16.2533, 19.9870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 106, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
106, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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