

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.3894, 18.3967, 22.8845)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.3894, 18.3967, 22.8845)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.3032, 18.2629,
23.0352)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	717780
RGB	113, 119, 128
RGB Percent	44%, 47%, 50%
CMY	0.5569, 0.5333, 0.4980
CMYK	0.12, 0.07, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	216°, 6%, 47%
HSV	216°, 12%, 50%
XYZ	17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352
YIQ	118.2320, -6.4650, 1.5270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

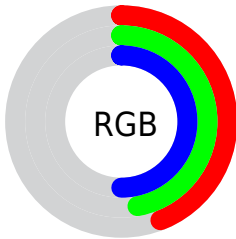
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 117, 128
Decimal	7436160
CIE _{Lab}	49.81, -0.30, -5.70
CIE _{LCh}	50, 5.708, 266.981
Yxy	18.2629, 0.2953, 0.3116
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285626240 (0xFF717780)
YUV	118.2320, 4.8156, -4.5885
Hunter-Lab	42.7351, -2.5128, -2.0441

Details

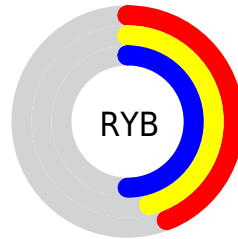
The XYZ color **17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **18.8424, 19.7005, 18.4327**, and the grayscale version is **17.2799, 18.1798, 19.7978**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.4204, 40.4613, 49.5009**, and **5.8445, 6.1948, 8.2848** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8940, 15.7191, 22.6715**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.0196, 21.0757, 23.4352**.

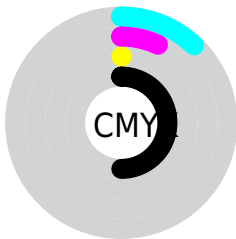
Distribution



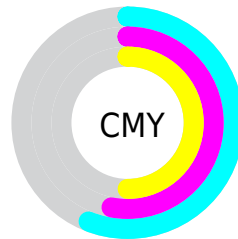
- Red (44%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3032, 18.2629,
23.0352

■ 17.3032, 18.2629,
23.0352

230.0360,
242.3487, 281.0335

■ 10.5475, 11.1389,
14.4140

■ 38.3858, 40.4848,
49.3750

■ 5.8285, 6.1603,
8.2671

■ 53.4435, 56.3515,
67.9307

■ 2.7808, 2.9428,
4.1761

■ 71.9992, 75.9012,
90.6350

■ 1.0389, 1.1020,
1.7225

■ 94.4183, 99.5183,
117.9063

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3761

121.0662,
127.5872, 150.1633

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

152.3082,

160.4923, 187.8245

188.5097,
198.6180, 231.3084

■ 17.3032, 18.2629,
23.0352

■ 17.3032, 18.2629,
23.0352

■ 14.8940, 15.7191,
22.6715

■ 20.0196, 21.0757,
23.4352

■ 12.7791, 13.4335,
22.3418

■ 23.0524, 24.1632,
23.8713

■ 10.9467, 11.3980,
22.0455

■ 26.4123, 27.5339,
24.3449

■ 9.3839, 9.6031,
21.7814

■ 30.1092, 31.1952,
24.8567

■ 8.0765, 8.0385,
21.5483

■ 34.1523, 35.1541,
25.4078

■ 7.0089, 6.6932,
21.3449

■ 38.5507, 39.4175,
25.9989

■ 6.1637, 5.5551,
21.1697

■ 43.3130, 43.9919,
26.6308

■ 5.5208, 4.6103,
21.0213

■ 48.4476, 48.8839,
27.3044

■ 5.0895, 3.9449,
20.9156

■ 53.9624, 54.0995,
28.0205

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.7936, 18.2629, 22.5092



17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352



17.8381, 18.2629, 22.6813

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352



18.3090, 18.2629, 18.5545



16.4944, 18.2629, 18.2942

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352



18.8424, 19.7005, 18.4327

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.8872, 18.2629, 17.3288



17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352



17.9356, 18.2629, 17.4735

Square

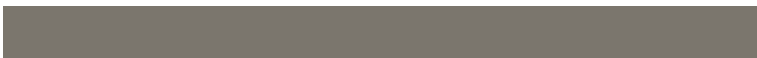
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352



18.4259, 18.2629, 20.0437



17.4136, 18.2629, 17.0363



16.3328, 18.2629, 19.7275

Rectangle

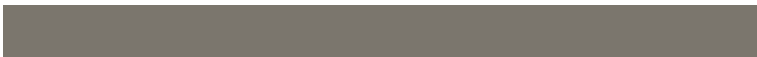
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352



18.1358, 18.2629, 22.0038



17.4136, 18.2629, 17.0363



16.6034, 18.2629, 17.9072

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3037, 18.2637, 23.0356



34.0622, 35.8879, 41.0881



18.0270, 20.3484, 21.3091



7.8987, 8.3237, 9.6087



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3037, 18.2637, 23.0356



29.3097, 30.9443, 40.3843



16.7738, 16.9634, 22.8126



4.2391, 4.4722, 5.4531



5.0479, 3.9142, 20.7394



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.1374, 17.7318, 19.9203



31.0814, 29.8500, 33.7561



19.4153, 21.1238, 18.6772



4.3935, 4.3706, 4.8767



9.4249, 4.7897, 3.5613



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

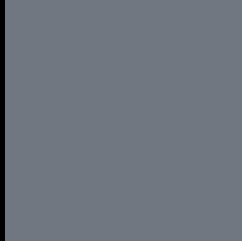
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

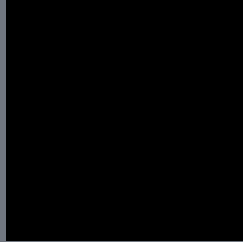
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

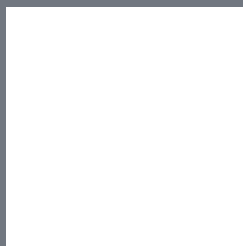
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3032, 18.2629,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352

Protanopia

17.7804, 18.3407, 22.6817

Deuteranopia

18.5506, 18.2064, 23.3053



Tritanopia

17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352

Protanomaly

17.5117, 18.2022, 22.6691

Deuteranomaly

18.0930, 18.1407, 23.3168

Tritanomaly

17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352

Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

Achromatomaly

17.1937, 18.0750, 20.9950

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 119, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 119, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 119, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 119, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 119, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 119, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 119, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 119, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 119, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 119,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.3032, 18.2629, 23.0352 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 119, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
119, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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