

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.4016, 19.0680, 23.3405)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.4016, 19.0680, 23.3405)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.4096, 19.0394,
23.1795)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E7B80
RGB	110, 123, 128
RGB Percent	43%, 48%, 50%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5176, 0.4980
CMYK	0.14, 0.04, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	197°, 8%, 47%
HSV	197°, 14%, 50%
XYZ	17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795
YIQ	119.6830, -9.3530, -1.2010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

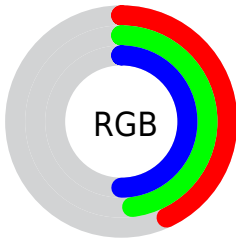
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 118, 128
Decimal	7240576
CIE Lab	50.73, -3.69, -4.36
CIE LCh	51, 5.711, 229.808
Yxy	19.0394, 0.2920, 0.3193
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285430656 (0xFF6E7B80)
YUV	119.6830, 4.1003, -8.4920
Hunter-Lab	43.6342, -5.1400, -0.9523

Details

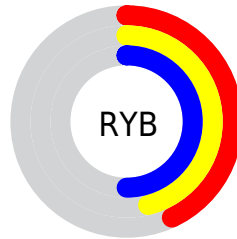
The XYZ color **17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.8474, 17.9763, 17.2812**, and the grayscale version is **17.7413, 18.6652, 20.3264**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.5708, 41.6775, 49.7277**, and **5.8467, 6.4862, 8.3409** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.4979, 17.4116, 22.9664**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.5686, 20.8194, 23.4096**.

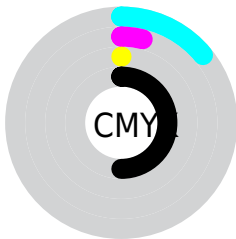
Distribution



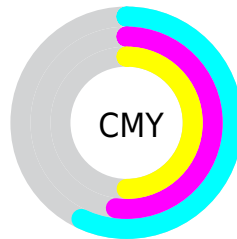
- Red (43%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.4096, 19.0394,
23.1795

■ 17.4096, 19.0394,
23.1795

230.6324,
246.6662, 281.7973

■ 10.6241, 11.6988,
14.5196

■ 38.5667, 41.8007,
49.6148

■ 5.8801, 6.5389,
8.3400

■ 53.6690, 57.9901,
68.2273

■ 2.8123, 3.1754,
4.2224

■ 72.2742, 77.8979,
90.9943

■ 1.0553, 1.2240,
1.7481

■ 94.7478, 101.9084,
118.3345

■ 0.0000, 0.0812,
0.3934

121.4551,
130.4061, 150.6664

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

152.7613,

163.7754, 188.4084

189.0320,
202.4006, 231.9792

■ 17.4096, 19.0394,
23.1795

■ 17.4096, 19.0394,
23.1795

■ 15.4979, 17.4116,
22.9664

■ 19.5686, 20.8194,
23.4096

■ 13.8217, 15.9283,
22.7684

■ 21.9824, 22.7543,
23.6558

■ 12.3709, 14.5845,
22.5855

■ 24.6607, 24.8498,
23.9191

■ 11.1340, 13.3739,
22.4170

■ 27.6118, 27.1104,
24.1999

■ 10.0983, 12.2897,
22.2623

■ 30.8438, 29.5406,
24.4987

■ 9.2497, 11.3246,
22.1208

■ 34.3644, 32.1444,
24.8157

■ 8.5722, 10.4699,
21.9915

■ 38.1810, 34.9261,
25.1515

■ 8.0449, 9.7145,
21.8735

■ 42.3007, 37.8895,
25.5063

■ 7.7633, 9.2925,
21.8069

■ 46.7305, 41.0383,
25.8806

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1010, 19.0394, 21.7945



17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795



17.9063, 19.0394, 23.9200

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795



19.1782, 19.0394, 21.2817



17.7335, 19.0394, 17.9597

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795



17.8474, 17.9763, 17.2812

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.2878, 19.0394, 17.8382



17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795



19.1296, 19.0394, 19.7020

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795



18.9324, 19.0394, 22.7875



18.8010, 19.0394, 18.4607



17.2854, 19.0394, 18.8015

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795



18.2806, 19.0394, 23.9240



18.8010, 19.0394, 18.4607



17.9134, 19.0394, 17.8350

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4102, 19.0402, 23.1799



34.4411, 36.6456, 41.2143



17.2329, 19.9869, 19.1092



8.0014, 8.5291, 9.6429



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4102, 19.0402, 23.1799



29.4849, 32.5393, 40.6830



16.3668, 16.9536, 22.8322



4.3486, 4.6913, 5.4896



7.6989, 9.2164, 21.6231



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

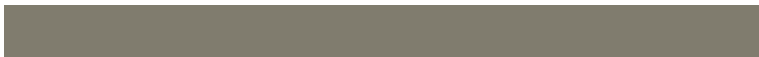
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.0536, 17.1714, 21.1027



30.8660, 28.6006, 36.2079



18.8995, 20.0805, 17.6319



4.4488, 4.3927, 5.1679



10.7630, 5.3249, 10.6079



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

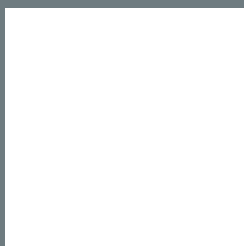
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4096, 19.0394,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795

Protanopia

18.3675, 19.0042, 22.4388

Deuteranopia

19.2258, 18.8968, 23.4030



Tritanopia

17.6799, 18.9645, 24.5585

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795

Protanomaly

18.0043, 18.9890, 22.7950

Deuteranomaly

18.4444, 18.8436, 23.4339

Tritanomaly

17.6118, 18.9373, 24.1997

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795

Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537

Achromatomaly

17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 123, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 123, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 123, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 123, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 123, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 123, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 123, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 123, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 123, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 123, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.4096, 19.0394, 23.1795 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 123, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
123, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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