

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.4050, 11.5021,
21.7249)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	904380
RGB	144, 67, 128
RGB Percent	56%, 26%, 50%
CMY	0.4353, 0.7372, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.11, 0.44
HSL	312°, 36%, 41%
HSV	312°, 53%, 56%
XYZ	17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249
YIQ	96.9770, 26.3110, 35.2950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

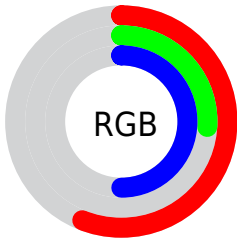
Format	Color
R_{YB}	144, 67, 128
Decimal	9454464
CIE _{Lab}	40.41, 40.77, -19.60
CIE _{LCh}	40, 45.239, 334.321
Yxy	11.5021, 0.3438, 0.2272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287644544 (0xFF904380)
YUV	96.9770, 15.2943, 41.2392
Hunter-Lab	33.9147, 32.2551, -14.2393

Details

The XYZ color **17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **13.8498, 21.7647, 11.6554**, and the grayscale version is **11.3161, 11.9055, 12.9650**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.6383, 28.5724, 47.1946**, and **5.8827, 3.1027, 7.6860** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4590, 9.9205, 20.4521**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.5705, 13.5129, 23.0997**.

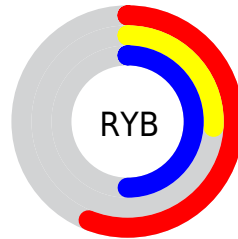
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (26%)

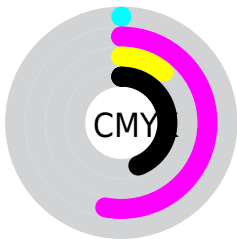
Blue (50%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (50%)

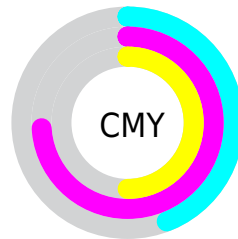


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.4050, 11.5021,
21.7249

■ 17.4050, 11.5021,
21.7249

230.6066,
201.0806, 274.0127

■ 10.6208, 6.4056,
13.4585

■ 38.5589, 28.5850,
47.1872

■ 5.8778, 3.0933,
7.6106

■ 53.6593, 41.3402,
65.2203

■ 2.8109, 1.1806,
3.7626

■ 72.2624, 57.4170,
87.3459

■ 1.0546, 0.0458,
1.4961

■ 94.7336, 77.2000,
113.9828

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.2150

■ 121.4383,
101.0734, 145.5494

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

152.7417,

129.4218, 182.4642

189.0094,
162.6293, 225.1458

■ 17.4050, 11.5021,
21.7249

■ 17.4050, 11.5021,
21.7249

■ 16.4590, 9.9205,
20.4521

■ 18.5705, 13.5129,
23.0997

■ 15.7152, 8.7342,
19.2751

■ 19.9687, 15.9802,
24.5809

■ 15.1555, 7.9070,
18.1876

■ 21.6134, 18.9308,
26.1733

■ 14.7579, 7.3951,
17.1821

■ 23.5167, 22.3891,
27.8813

■ 14.5433, 7.1460,
16.5554

■ 25.6899, 26.3778,
29.7090

■ 28.1439, 30.9183,
31.6600

■ 30.8888, 36.0306,
33.7381

■ 33.9340, 41.7340,
35.9466

■ 37.2888, 48.0466,
38.2888

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.7462, 11.5021, 33.2098



17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249



18.2153, 11.5021, 11.2529

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249



10.4791, 11.5021, 1.9309



6.6277, 11.5021, 25.1862

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249



13.8498, 21.7647, 11.6554

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.9070, 11.5021, 13.8871



17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249



7.8404, 11.5021, 2.9255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249



13.7953, 11.5021, 2.4540



6.3038, 11.5021, 6.3751



8.4958, 11.5021, 35.7966

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249



17.4885, 11.5021, 6.6175



6.3038, 11.5021, 6.3751



6.2616, 11.5021, 21.1874

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4054, 11.5026, 21.7251



40.4704, 37.6516, 48.2936



10.5563, 7.8404, 27.3427



9.1380, 8.3745, 10.9477



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4054, 11.5026, 21.7251



28.7619, 17.0610, 35.6776



15.3589, 10.6841, 10.9486



5.5789, 5.4921, 6.5465



12.6731, 6.2263, 14.4619



0.1290, 0.0626, 0.1793

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.4054, 11.5026, 21.7251



28.7619, 17.0610, 35.6776



15.7335, 22.5181, 21.5747



5.5789, 5.4921, 6.5465



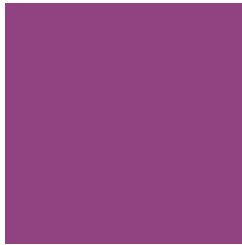
12.6731, 6.2263, 14.4619



0.1290, 0.0626, 0.1793

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4050, 11.5021,

21.7249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249

Protanopia

12.4882, 11.7439, 30.4628

Deuteranopia

11.8922, 11.6596, 20.3626



Tritanopia

14.9332, 11.5623, 9.6283

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249

Protanomaly

13.4196, 11.0603, 27.0188

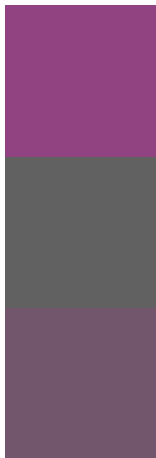
Deuteranomaly

13.3024, 11.1363, 20.8504

Tritanomaly

15.6854, 11.4611, 13.1899

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249

Achromatopsia

11.3621, 11.9538, 13.0177

Achromatomaly

12.9740, 11.3157, 15.6877

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 67, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 67, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 67, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 67, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 67, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 67, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 67, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 67, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 67, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 67,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.4050, 11.5021, 21.7249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 67, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144, 67,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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