

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.4062, 18.0013, 22.8242)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.4062, 18.0013, 22.8242)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.4600, 17.9941,
22.9750)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	747580
RGB	116, 117, 128
RGB Percent	45%, 46%, 50%
CMY	0.5451, 0.5412, 0.4980
CMYK	0.09, 0.09, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	235°, 5%, 48%
HSV	235°, 9%, 50%
XYZ	17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750
YIQ	117.9550, -4.1270, 3.2090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

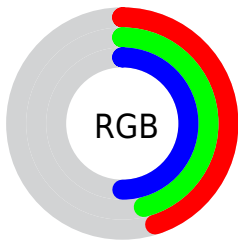
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 117, 128
Decimal	7632256
CIE Lab	49.49, 1.95, -6.16
CIE LCh	49, 6.458, 287.588
Yxy	17.9941, 0.2988, 0.3080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285822336 (0xFF747580)
YUV	117.9550, 4.9522, -1.7145
Hunter-Lab	42.4195, -0.7628, -2.4187

Details

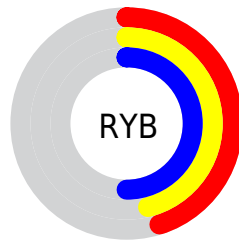
The XYZ color **17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **19.6438, 21.0286, 19.5468**, and the grayscale version is **17.1921, 18.0875, 19.6973**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.6769, 40.0370, 49.4055**, and **5.9233, 6.0497, 8.2527** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5922, 14.6126, 22.4737**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.7346, 21.8406, 23.5451**.

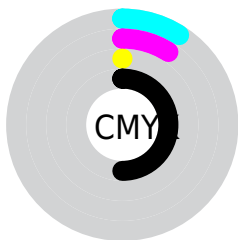
Distribution



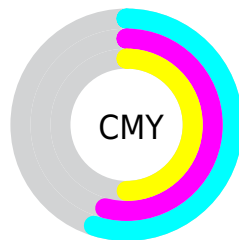
- Red (45%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.4600, 17.9941,
22.9750

■ 17.4600, 17.9941,
22.9750

230.9144,
240.8378, 280.7143

■ 10.6603, 10.9458,
14.3699

■ 38.6523, 40.0273,
49.2749

■ 5.9045, 6.0304,
8.2367

■ 53.7757, 55.7809,
67.8069

■ 2.8272, 2.8636,
4.1569

■ 72.4044, 75.2050,
90.4849

■ 1.0631, 1.0609,
1.7118

■ 94.9037, 98.6841,
117.7275

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3688

121.6390,
126.6026, 149.9531

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

152.9756,

159.3447, 187.5805

189.2790,
197.2950, 231.0280

■ 17.4600, 17.9941,
22.9750

■ 17.4600, 17.9941,
22.9750

■ 14.5922, 14.6126,
22.4737

■ 20.7346, 21.8406,
23.5451

■ 12.1138, 11.6763,
22.0376

■ 24.4295, 26.1665,
24.1854

■ 10.0085, 9.1673,
21.6643

■ 28.5594, 30.9882,
24.8984

■ 8.2582, 7.0657,
21.3509

■ 33.1377, 36.3209,
25.6864

■ 6.8432, 5.3499,
21.0943

■ 38.1775, 42.1789,
26.5515

■ 5.7419, 3.9963,
20.8910

■ 43.6911, 48.5761,
27.4957

■ 4.9303, 2.9788,
20.7374

■ 49.6906, 55.5259,
28.5209

■ 4.3808, 2.2677,
20.6291

■ 56.1875, 63.0410,
29.6290

■ 4.0309, 1.8129,
20.5598

■ 63.1928, 71.1339,
30.8219

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.8518, 17.9941, 23.0625



17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750



17.9842, 17.9941, 21.9485

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750



17.9068, 17.9941, 17.2138



15.9819, 17.9941, 18.8788

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750



19.6438, 21.0286, 19.5468

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.2508, 17.9941, 17.4115



17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750



17.3564, 17.9941, 16.4893

Square

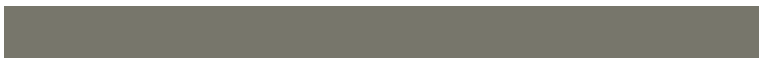
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750



18.2464, 17.9941, 18.5942



16.7506, 17.9941, 16.5595



16.0081, 17.9941, 20.6260

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750



18.2111, 17.9941, 20.9024



16.7506, 17.9941, 16.5595



16.0405, 17.9941, 18.3385

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4605, 17.9949, 22.9754



34.2917, 35.8551, 41.0696



18.7396, 20.6787, 23.0143



7.9282, 8.2768, 9.5981



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4605, 17.9949, 22.9754



29.7394, 30.5026, 40.2764



17.9991, 18.1001, 22.9673



4.1355, 4.2650, 5.4185



3.9791, 1.7767, 20.3832



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.3587, 18.3646, 19.4077



31.6159, 31.2800, 32.8219



19.0688, 20.9253, 19.5572



4.3412, 4.3496, 4.6014



8.8854, 4.5739, 0.7205



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

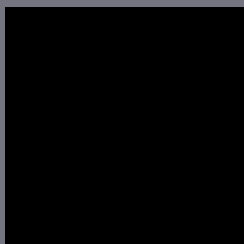
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

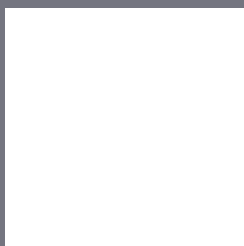
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4600, 17.9941,

22.9750.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750

Protanopia

17.5937, 18.0630, 22.9813

Deuteranopia

18.2919, 17.9047, 23.2607



Tritanopia

17.3945, 17.9679, 22.6300

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750

Protanomaly

17.5937, 18.0630, 22.9813

Deuteranomaly

17.9783, 17.9114, 23.2786

Tritanomaly

17.3945, 17.9679, 22.6300

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750

Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

Achromatomaly

17.3274, 18.1439, 21.0012

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 117, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 117, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 117, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 117, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

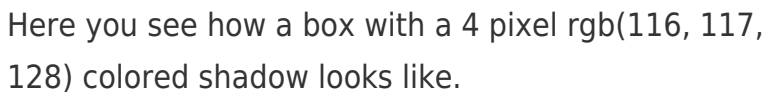
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 117, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 117, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 117, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 117, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 117, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 117, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.4600, 17.9941, 22.9750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 117, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
117, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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