

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.4156, 7.2477, 90.8413)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.4156, 7.2477, 90.8413)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.4261, 7.2438,
90.9222)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	000FFA
RGB	0, 15, 250
RGB Percent	0%, 6%, 98%
CMY	0.9997, 0.9412, 0.0196
CMYK	1.00, 0.94, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	236°, 100%, 49%
HSV	236°, 100%, 98%
XYZ	17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222
YIQ	37.3050, -84.3750, 69.9050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

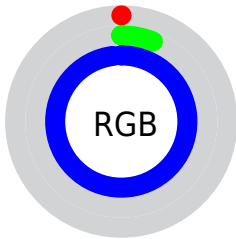
Format	Color
RYB	0, 14, 250
Decimal	4090
CIELab	32.36, 75.62, -104.96
CIELCh	32, 129.366, 305.770
Yxy	7.2438, 0.1508, 0.0627
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278194170 (0xFF000FFA)
YUV	37.3050, 104.8586, -32.7165
Hunter-Lab	26.9143, 68.4726, -181.4541

Details

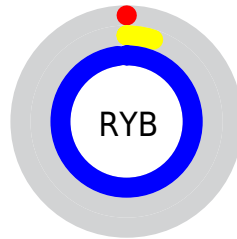
The XYZ color **17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **69.1573, 79.7891, 11.7578**, and the grayscale version is **1.7060, 1.7949, 1.9546**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.2422, 16.3108, 96.2675**, and **9.5144, 3.8058, 50.1023** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.4251, 7.2416, 90.9221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3669, 8.5275, 91.1207**.

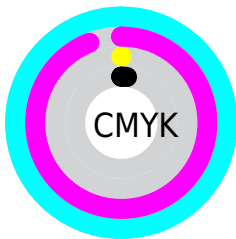
Distribution



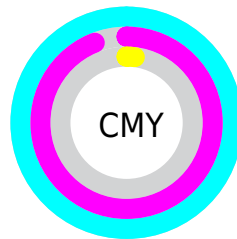
- Red (0%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.4261, 7.2438,
90.9222

■ 17.4261, 7.2438,
90.9222

230.7247,
169.6744, 551.6735

■ 10.6359, 3.6150,
68.1677

■ 38.5947, 20.4620,
150.5654

■ 5.8881, 1.4606,
49.5667

■ 53.7039, 30.8203,
188.2912

■ 2.8172, 0.2608,
34.7004

■ 72.3169, 44.1904,
231.8446

■ 1.0578, 0.0000,
23.1505

■ 94.7989, 60.9570,
281.6441

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
14.4983

■ 121.5153, 81.5042,
338.1081

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
8.3254


■ 152.8315,


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


106.2166, 401.6554


4.2131


 189.1129,
135.4785, 472.7043

 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.7430


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3899


 17.4261, 7.2438,
90.9222


 17.4261, 7.2438,
90.9222

 17.4251, 7.2416,
90.9221

 18.3669, 8.5275,
91.1207

 20.2967, 11.0272,
91.5015

 23.4509, 14.9779,
92.0978

 27.9887, 20.5559,
92.9353

■ 34.0451, 27.9121,
94.0360

■ 41.7392, 37.1801,
95.4194

■ 51.1782, 48.4808,
97.1031

■ 62.4600, 61.9252,
99.1035

■ 75.6755, 77.6159,
101.4356

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.2559, 7.2438, 129.8327



17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222



26.4407, 7.2438, 34.5883

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222



13.6005, 7.2438, 0.0000



0.2625, 7.2438, 12.1839

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222



69.1573, 79.7891, 11.7578

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.5247, 7.2438, 0.1883



17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222



5.6750, 7.2438, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222



23.4045, 7.2438, 0.0000



1.7813, 7.2438, 0.0000



0.8422, 7.2438, 54.6987

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222



29.2166, 7.2438, 10.9175



1.7813, 7.2438, 0.0000



0.2551, 7.2438, 5.4770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4268, 7.2438, 90.9225



53.4721, 50.6383, 101.5636



48.9429, 74.2744, 89.1012



10.5052, 9.7148, 21.5714



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4268, 7.2438, 90.9225



18.2239, 7.5679, 95.1080



23.4857, 10.1151, 91.1574



16.3662, 16.8092, 21.7672



9.2755, 3.9065, 48.2387



0.8873, 0.4184, 4.4772

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.5113, 20.3600, 2.2987



41.3278, 21.2951, 2.3923



45.2893, 74.0955, 11.9168



17.2866, 17.2420, 18.0990



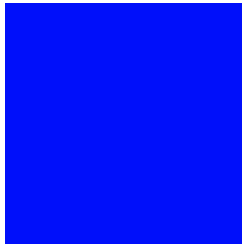
20.9739, 10.8053, 1.3048



1.9568, 1.0065, 0.1960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

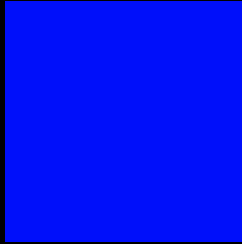
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

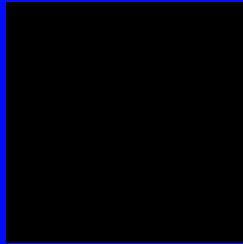
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4261, 7.2438,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222

Protanopia

8.2815, 7.2307, 31.5310

Deuteranopia

6.8927, 7.2307, 22.5051



Tritanopia

5.0517, 7.2183, 10.5782

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222

Protanomaly

10.4584, 6.2203, 48.7935

Deuteranomaly

9.0542, 5.8843, 40.7030

Tritanomaly

6.9612, 5.3698, 28.6866

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222

Achromatopsia

1.7584, 1.8500, 2.0147

Achromatomaly

3.8533, 2.2878, 16.1581

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 15, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 15, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 15, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 15, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 15, 250) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 15, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 15, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 15, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 15, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 15, 250)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.4261, 7.2438, 90.9222 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 15, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 15,  
250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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