

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.4191, 15.5386, 36.4628)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.4191, 15.5386, 36.4628)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.4158, 15.5734,  
36.2705)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A68A2
RGB	106, 104, 162
RGB Percent	42%, 41%, 64%
CMY	0.5843, 0.5922, 0.3647
CMYK	0.35, 0.36, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	242°, 24%, 52%
HSV	242°, 36%, 64%
XYZ	17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705
YIQ	111.2100, -17.4260, 18.4620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

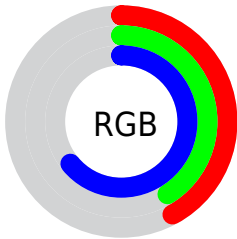
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">106, 104, 162</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6973602</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">46.41, 14.98, -31.04</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">46, 34.466, 295.768</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">15.5734, 0.2515, 0.2249</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285163682 (0xFF6A68A2)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">111.2100, 25.0395, -4.5692</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">39.4631, 9.7148, -26.8691</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **29.9163, 34.3139, 18.1436**, and the grayscale version is **15.1040, 15.8906, 17.3049**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.5438, 35.8234, 70.5288**, and **5.8531, 4.8643, 15.3823** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.2469, 11.7474, 35.6993**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.2381, 20.2018, 36.9627**.

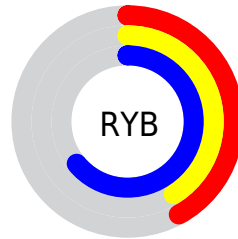
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (41%)

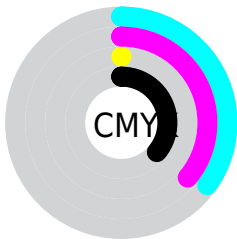
Blue (64%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (64%)

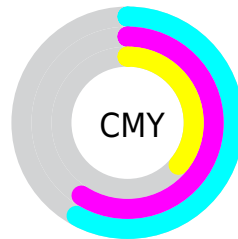


Cyan (35%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.4158, 15.5734,  
36.2705

■ 17.4158, 15.5734,  
36.2705

230.6671,  
226.8111, 345.2144

■ 10.6285, 9.2228,  
24.3518

■ 38.5772, 35.8560,  
70.6231

■ 5.8831, 4.8868,  
15.3802

■ 53.6821, 50.5568,  
93.8941

■ 2.8141, 2.1810,  
8.9371

■ 72.2903, 68.8098,  
121.7864

■ 1.0562, 0.7096,  
4.6039

■ 94.7670, 90.9993,  
154.7183

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.9622

121.4777,  
117.5098, 193.1086

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5319

152.7877,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

148.7257, 237.3756

0.0000

189.0624,  
185.0313, 287.9381

■ 17.4158, 15.5734,  
36.2705

■ 17.4158, 15.5734,  
36.2705

■ 14.2469, 11.7474,  
35.6993

■ 21.2381, 20.2018,  
36.9627

■ 11.6932, 8.6767,  
35.2412

■ 25.7459, 25.6729,  
37.7811

■ 9.7154, 6.3116,  
34.8889

■ 30.9708, 32.0261,  
38.7321

■ 8.2686, 4.5961,  
34.6341

■ 36.9423, 39.2982,  
39.8210

■ 7.3014, 3.4655,  
34.4668

■ 43.6881, 47.5235,  
41.0531

■ 6.7493, 2.8356,  
34.3743

■ 51.2346, 56.7349,  
42.4333

■ 6.5916, 2.6447,  
34.3458

■ 59.6069, 66.9634,  
43.9663

■ 68.8288, 78.2389,  
45.6567

■ 78.9234, 90.5899,  
47.5086

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.3862, 15.5734, 38.9501



17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705



20.0218, 15.5734, 27.8737

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705



18.2388, 15.5734, 6.7378



9.8222, 15.5734, 15.7827

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705



29.9163, 34.3139, 18.1436

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.5788, 15.5734, 9.3431



17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705



15.2258, 15.5734, 5.3450

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705



20.5397, 15.5734, 10.8137



12.4638, 15.5734, 6.1087



10.2468, 15.5734, 25.0727



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705



21.0302, 15.5734, 21.2863



12.4638, 15.5734, 6.1087



9.9437, 15.5734, 13.2582

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4164, 15.5740, 36.2709



50.9305, 51.7007, 69.3510



24.8133, 30.7168, 38.8039



11.1701, 11.2851, 15.5270



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4164, 15.5740, 36.2709



26.9139, 22.5921, 64.9983



21.4533, 17.6551, 36.4598



6.7220, 6.8711, 8.8750



5.2007, 2.0875, 27.0586



0.1157, 0.0472, 0.5689



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.1960, 20.1205, 35.7603



45.2923, 32.1118, 63.8147



24.7898, 31.6711, 17.9037



7.3537, 7.1979, 8.8491



16.4972, 7.9549, 25.6064



0.3497, 0.1684, 0.5540



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705.



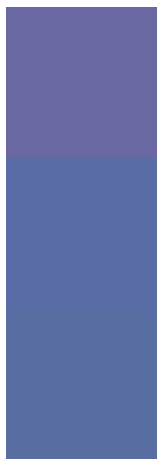
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4158, 15.5734,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705

### Protanopia

16.3705, 15.6154, 37.7486

### Deuteranopia

15.9262, 15.5852, 35.8871



## Tritanopia

14.1751, 15.5102, 20.3358

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705

## Protanomaly

16.7824, 15.6825, 37.2645

## Deuteranomaly

16.4100, 15.5215, 35.8493

## Tritanomaly

15.1681, 15.4242, 25.4703

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705

## Achromatopsia

15.1092, 15.8961, 17.3108

## Achromatomaly

15.6985, 15.5880, 23.3005

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 104, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 104, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 104, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 104, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 104, 162) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 104, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 104, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 104, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 104, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 104,  
162) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.4158, 15.5734, 36.2705 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 104, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
104, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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