

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.4213, 17.5785, 17.9372)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.4213, 17.5785, 17.9372)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.3994, 17.5645,
17.8025)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D7270
RGB	125, 114, 112
RGB Percent	49%, 45%, 44%
CMY	0.5098, 0.5529, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.10, 0.51
HSL	9°, 5%, 46%
HSV	9°, 10%, 49%
XYZ	17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025
YIQ	117.0610, 7.1980, 1.7100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

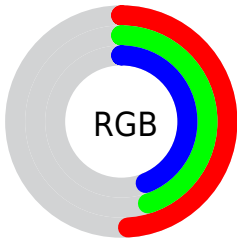
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 114, 112
Decimal	8221296
CIE Lab	48.96, 3.89, 2.64
CIE LCh	49, 4.700, 34.218
Yxy	17.5645, 0.3297, 0.3329
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286411376 (0xFF7D7270)
YUV	117.0610, -2.4951, 6.9625
Hunter-Lab	41.9100, 0.7637, 4.1519

Details

The XYZ color **17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.4666, 19.0909, 22.1665**, and the grayscale version is **16.9338, 17.8156, 19.4012**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.6972, 39.4177, 40.6908**, and **5.8541, 5.8031, 5.6621** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6267, 15.0565, 14.0129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.4077, 20.3885, 22.1478**.

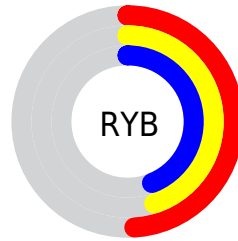
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (45%)

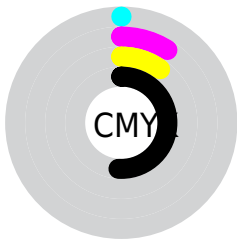
Blue (44%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (44%)

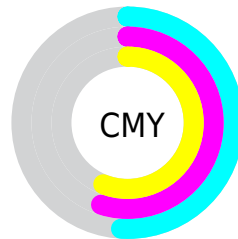


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3994, 17.5645,
17.8025

■ 17.3994, 17.5645,
17.8025

230.5752,
238.4048, 251.9541

■ 10.6167, 10.6378,
10.6403

■ 38.5494, 39.2938,
40.5099

■ 5.8751, 5.8238,
5.7144

■ 53.6474, 54.8652,
56.8922

■ 2.8092, 2.7383,
2.6062

■ 72.2479, 74.0870,
77.1849

■ 1.0537, 0.9967,
0.8957

■ 94.7163, 97.3435,
101.8066

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

121.4178,
125.0191, 131.1758

152.7179,

157.4983, 165.7111

188.9820,
195.1653, 205.8310

■ 17.3994, 17.5645,
17.8025

■ 17.3994, 17.5645,
17.8025

■ 15.6267, 15.0565,
14.0129

■ 19.4077, 20.3885,
22.1478

■ 14.0794, 12.8513,
10.7555

■ 21.6582, 23.5367,
27.0688

■ 12.7489, 10.9381,
8.0067

■ 24.1593, 27.0197,
32.5860

■ 11.6254, 9.3045,
5.7408

■ 26.9183, 30.8469,
38.7182

■ 10.6982, 7.9375,
3.9297

■ 29.9425, 35.0276,
45.4839

■ 9.9560, 6.8226,
2.5425

■ 33.2386, 39.5705,
52.9004

■ 9.3858, 5.9444,
1.5444

■ 36.8132, 44.4840,
60.9845

■ 8.9733, 5.2854,
0.8951

■ 40.6727, 49.7763,
69.7523

■ 8.6947, 4.8344,
0.4749

■ 44.8234, 55.4555,
79.2195

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.5471, 17.5645, 18.9482



17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025



17.0629, 17.5645, 17.0376

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025



15.9489, 17.5645, 18.0965



16.7564, 17.5645, 21.6278

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025



17.4666, 19.0909, 22.1665

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.3315, 17.5645, 21.3757



17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025



15.8701, 17.5645, 19.3024

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025



16.2262, 17.5645, 17.2021



16.0090, 17.5645, 20.5109



17.1718, 17.5645, 21.1856

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025



16.7794, 17.5645, 16.8279



16.0090, 17.5645, 20.5109



16.6100, 17.5645, 21.6216

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3999, 17.5653, 17.8029



33.7512, 35.1031, 37.4818



17.8301, 17.3799, 21.1704



7.6166, 7.8996, 8.3944



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3999, 17.5653, 17.8029



30.5267, 30.5629, 30.5222



18.1530, 19.0715, 18.0539



4.3772, 4.4430, 4.5470



9.0709, 5.0382, 0.4944



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.4666, 19.0909, 22.1665



30.6660, 33.7515, 39.6428



16.6930, 17.5436, 21.9086



4.3918, 4.7776, 5.5040



9.2112, 12.2409, 22.1272



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

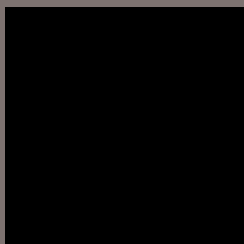
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3994, 17.5645,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025

Protanopia

16.8338, 17.6050, 18.1336

Deuteranopia

17.7721, 17.4253, 17.7560



Tritanopia

17.9605, 17.6264, 20.5448

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025

Protanomaly

16.9965, 17.5187, 18.1084

Deuteranomaly

17.7318, 17.5693, 17.7859

Tritanomaly

17.7793, 17.5539, 19.5907

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025

Achromatopsia

16.9083, 17.7888, 19.3720

Achromatomaly

17.0856, 17.7217, 18.7398

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(125, 114, 112) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 114, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 114, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 114, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 114, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 114, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 114, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 114, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 114, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 114,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.3994, 17.5645, 17.8025 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 114, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
114, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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