

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.4556, 15.3308, 23.2859)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.4556, 15.3308, 23.2859)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.3388, 15.2381,
23.1465)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F6482
RGB	127, 100, 130
RGB Percent	50%, 39%, 51%
CMY	0.5020, 0.6078, 0.4902
CMYK	0.02, 0.23, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	294°, 13%, 45%
HSV	294°, 23%, 51%
XYZ	17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465
YIQ	111.4930, 6.4620, 15.0540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

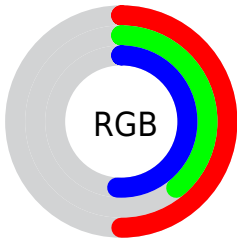
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 100, 130
Decimal	8348802
CIE _{Lab}	45.96, 16.51, -12.54
CIE _{LCh}	46, 20.731, 322.784
Yxy	15.2381, 0.3112, 0.2735
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286538882 (0xFF7F6482)
YUV	111.4930, 9.1240, 13.5996
Hunter-Lab	39.0360, 10.9721, -7.8309

Details

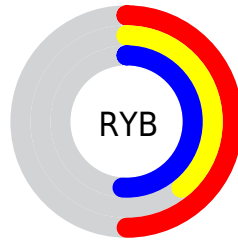
The XYZ color **17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **15.8770, 19.7694, 15.0365**, and the grayscale version is **15.2261, 16.0191, 17.4448**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.4362, 35.2554, 49.5789**, and **5.8189, 4.7181, 8.3886** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.9978, 12.8415, 22.7548**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.8822, 18.0353, 23.6053**.

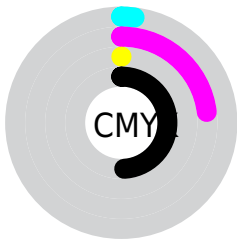
Distribution



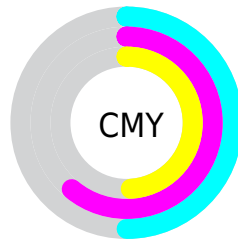
- Red (50%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3388, 15.2381,
23.1465

■ 17.3388, 15.2381,
23.1465

230.2357,
224.8029, 281.6228

■ 10.5731, 8.9867,
14.4954

■ 38.4464, 35.2703,
49.5600

■ 5.8458, 4.7325,
8.3234

■ 53.5190, 49.8199,
68.1595

■ 2.7913, 2.0912,
4.2118

■ 72.0913, 67.9044,
90.9122

■ 1.0444, 0.6597,
1.7423

■ 94.5286, 89.9080,
118.2367

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3894

121.1964,
116.2153, 150.5514

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

152.4599,

147.2106, 188.2750

188.6846,
183.2783, 231.8260

■ 17.3388, 15.2381,
23.1465

■ 17.3388, 15.2381,
23.1465

■ 15.9978, 12.8415,
22.7548

■ 18.8822, 18.0353,
23.6053

■ 14.8484, 10.8247,
22.4261

■ 20.6354, 21.2486,
24.1331

■ 13.8809, 9.1679,
22.1573

■ 22.6072, 24.8954,
24.7331

■ 13.0841, 7.8488,
21.9447

■ 24.8054, 28.9911,
25.4078

■ 12.4456, 6.8428,
21.7842

■ 27.2373, 33.5508,
26.1597

■ 11.9514, 6.1217,
21.6710

■ 29.9102, 38.5884,
26.9912

■ 11.5846, 5.6517,
21.5996

■ 32.8308, 44.1177,
27.9045

■ 11.3653, 5.3935,
21.5614

■ 36.0056, 50.1517,
28.9019

■ 39.4410, 56.7028,
29.9853

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.8292, 15.2381, 27.1859



17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465



18.0938, 15.2381, 17.8348

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465



14.9112, 15.2381, 8.7353



11.5910, 15.2381, 20.6206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465



15.8770, 19.7694, 15.0365

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.3883, 15.2381, 15.4077



17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465



13.2161, 15.2381, 9.1843

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465



16.6206, 15.2381, 10.0268



11.9600, 15.2381, 11.4083



12.5377, 15.2381, 25.5342

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465



18.0278, 15.2381, 14.5447



11.9600, 15.2381, 11.4083



11.4369, 15.2381, 18.8222

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3393, 15.2388, 23.1468



35.0337, 35.0186, 42.1053



14.1856, 14.1221, 23.0975



7.8988, 7.8696, 9.5210



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3393, 15.2388, 23.1468



29.1794, 24.4045, 40.3651



17.0634, 15.1808, 19.3271



4.4571, 4.3913, 5.4260



10.9006, 5.1732, 20.6739



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.2119, 14.8402, 14.8429



26.8299, 23.5789, 22.8382



16.1356, 19.8338, 18.1622



4.3439, 4.3507, 4.6155



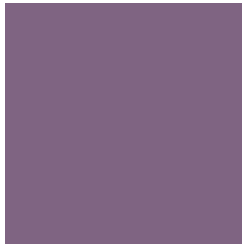
8.8981, 4.5789, 0.7873



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

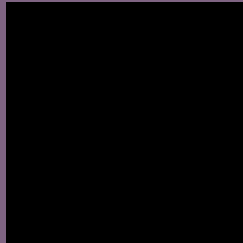
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.3388, 15.2381,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465

Protanopia

15.2152, 15.2992, 25.0728

Deuteranopia

15.5469, 15.2080, 22.8849



Tritanopia

16.0317, 15.1333, 17.1150

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465

Protanomaly

15.8408, 15.1761, 24.2847

Deuteranomaly

16.1152, 15.1986, 22.8531

Tritanomaly

16.4788, 15.1707, 19.1993

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465

Achromatopsia

15.1092, 15.8961, 17.3108

Achromatomaly

15.8638, 15.6053, 19.3156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 100, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 100, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 100, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 100, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 100, 130) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 100, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 100, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 100, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 100, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 100,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.3388, 15.2381, 23.1465 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 100, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
100, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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