

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.4657, 12.9618, 10.4880)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.4657, 12.9618, 10.4880)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.4246, 12.9393,  
10.3832)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	984F56
RGB	152, 79, 86
RGB Percent	60%, 31%, 34%
CMY	0.4039, 0.6902, 0.6627
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.43, 0.40
HSL	354°, 32%, 45%
HSV	354°, 48%, 60%
XYZ	17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832
YIQ	101.6250, 41.2610, 17.6530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

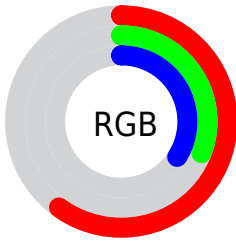
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	152, 79, 86
Decimal	9981782
CIE Lab	42.67, 31.14, 9.78
CIE LCh	43, 32.645, 17.441
Yxy	12.9393, 0.4276, 0.3176
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288171862 (0xFF984F56)
YUV	101.6250, -7.7031, 44.1789
Hunter-Lab	35.9712, 23.5164, 8.0656

# Details

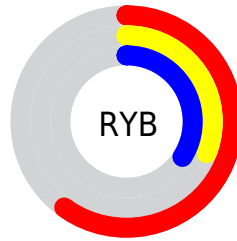
The XYZ color **17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **19.5643, 26.1634, 30.8088**, and the grayscale version is **12.5439, 13.1971, 14.3717**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.7211, 31.2981, 27.2929**, and **5.9272, 3.7367, 2.5067** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.9494, 10.7915, 7.4173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.2577, 15.6324, 13.9940**.

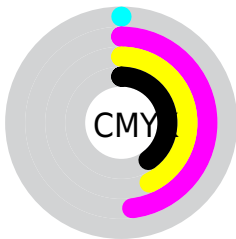
# Distribution



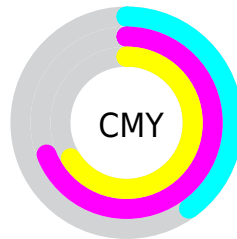
- Red (60%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.4246, 12.9393,  
10.3832

■ 17.4246, 12.9393,  
10.3832

230.7163,  
210.5283, 203.9688

■ 10.6349, 7.3868,  
5.5448

■ 38.5922, 31.1947,  
27.1328

■ 5.8873, 3.7051,  
2.5061

■ 53.7008, 44.6663,  
39.8812

■ 2.8167, 1.5100,  
0.8434

■ 72.3130, 61.5465,  
56.1032

■ 1.0576, 0.2958,  
0.0000

■ 94.7942, 82.2195,  
76.2176

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 121.5098,  
107.0698, 100.6428

152.8251,

136.4817, 129.7974

189.1055,  
170.8398, 164.0998

■ 17.4246, 12.9393,  
10.3832

■ 17.4246, 12.9393,  
10.3832

■ 15.9494, 10.7915,  
7.4173

■ 19.2577, 15.6324,  
13.9940

■ 14.8076, 9.1499,  
5.0575

■ 21.4689, 18.9025,  
18.2839

■ 13.9733, 7.9734,  
3.2621


■ 24.0784, 22.7811,  
23.2856


■ 13.4162, 7.2137,  
1.9835


■ 27.1042, 27.2969,  
29.0293


■ 13.0849, 6.7820,  
1.1614


■ 30.5637, 32.4768,  
35.5436

 13.0320, 6.7087,  
1.0439

 34.4729, 38.3461,  
42.8556

 38.8472, 44.9288,  
50.9910

 43.7013, 52.2478,  
59.9744

 49.0490, 60.3249,  
69.8293

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.5574, 12.9393, 17.2676



17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832



15.8090, 12.9393, 6.2408

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832



9.1133, 12.9393, 6.7305



11.2916, 12.9393, 32.0360

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832



19.5643, 26.1634, 30.8088

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.3503, 12.9393, 26.7129



17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832



8.2109, 12.9393, 11.3261

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832



10.9255, 12.9393, 4.6711



8.2913, 12.9393, 18.5851



13.7818, 12.9393, 31.5188



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832



14.2175, 12.9393, 4.8735



8.2913, 12.9393, 18.5851



10.5603, 12.9393, 30.8117

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4249, 12.9400, 10.3834



44.4162, 43.0662, 44.7477



20.0881, 13.8522, 31.3207



9.8600, 9.4376, 9.7231



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4249, 12.9400, 10.3834



27.9014, 18.6851, 12.5806



19.7443, 18.0080, 9.8333



6.2317, 6.2318, 6.6000



10.9329, 5.6274, 0.9058



0.1690, 0.0864, 0.0428



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.4249, 12.9400, 10.3834



27.9014, 18.6851, 12.5806



15.9508, 18.0463, 32.3483



6.2317, 6.2318, 6.6000



10.9329, 5.6274, 0.9058

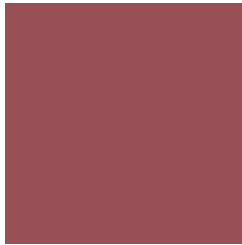


0.1690, 0.0864, 0.0428



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4246, 12.9393,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832

### Protanopia

12.5203, 13.1135, 13.1805

### Deuteranopia

13.1721, 12.9558, 9.9901



## Tritanopia

17.3846, 12.9232, 10.1725

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832

## Protanomaly

13.7753, 12.6840, 12.0781

## Deuteranomaly

14.4623, 12.6982, 10.0763

## Tritanomaly

17.3846, 12.9232, 10.1725

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832

## Achromatopsia

12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

## Achromatomaly

13.8598, 12.8430, 12.8148

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 79, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 79, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 79, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 79, 86) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 79, 86) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 79, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 79, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 79, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 79, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 79,  
86) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.4246, 12.9393, 10.3832 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 79, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152, 79,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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