

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.4819, 13.1446, 5.4738)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.4819, 13.1446, 5.4738)
contains.

XYZ(17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(17.5118, 13.2008,
5.4959)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D5039
RGB	157, 80, 57
RGB Percent	62%, 31%, 22%
CMY	0.3843, 0.6863, 0.7765
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.64, 0.38
HSL	14°, 47%, 42%
HSV	14°, 64%, 62%
XYZ	17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959
YIQ	100.4010, 53.2750, 9.1710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

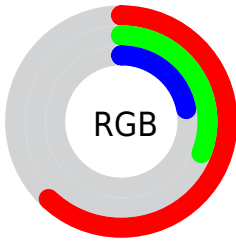
Format	Color
R_{YB}	157, 87, 57
Decimal	10309689
CIE Lab	43.06, 29.92, 27.92
CIE LCh	43, 40.928, 43.017
Yxy	13.2008, 0.4836, 0.3646
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288499769 (0xFF9D5039)
YUV	100.4010, -21.3967, 49.6373
Hunter-Lab	36.3329, 22.4512, 16.4645

Details

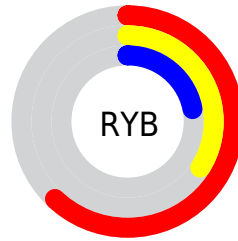
The XYZ color **17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **16.2976, 20.3532, 34.9677**, and the grayscale version is **12.2595, 12.8979, 14.0459**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.6904, 31.6996, 17.4440**, and **5.9626, 3.8314, 0.8407** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.3721, 11.4544, 3.4735**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.9325, 15.3156, 8.2098**.

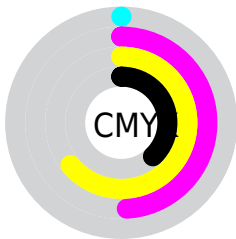
Distribution



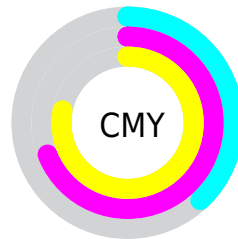
- Red (62%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.5118, 13.2008,
5.4959

■ 17.5118, 13.2008,
5.4959

231.2039,
212.2006, 163.6306

■ 10.6976, 7.5670,
2.4773

■ 38.7403, 31.6641,
17.3345

■ 5.9297, 3.8191,
0.8281

■ 53.8853, 45.2623,
26.9916

■ 2.8426, 1.5729,
0.0000

■ 72.5380, 62.2841,
39.6985

■ 1.0711, 0.3392,
0.0000

■ 95.0638, 83.1138,
55.8739

■ 0.0007, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 121.8278,
108.1360, 75.9362

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 153.1957,

137.7349, 100.3041

189.5326,
172.2950, 129.3960

■ 17.5118, 13.2008,
5.4959

■ 17.5118, 13.2008,
5.4959

■ 16.3721, 11.4544,
3.4735

■ 18.9325, 15.3156,
8.2098

■ 15.4924, 10.0526,
2.0778

■ 20.6513, 17.8165,
11.6702

■ 14.8498, 8.9718,
1.2334

■ 22.6849, 20.7226,
15.9277

■ 14.5390, 8.4369,
0.8622

■ 25.0486, 24.0512,
21.0280

■ 27.7565, 27.8183,
27.0134

■ 30.8220, 32.0393,
33.9233

■ 34.2576, 36.7288,
41.7948

■ 38.0754, 41.9006,
50.6628

■ 42.2868, 47.5681,
60.5607

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.4144, 13.2008, 10.8127



17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959



14.3988, 13.2008, 3.3535

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959



7.6038, 13.2008, 9.8823



13.9599, 13.2008, 38.7333

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959



16.2976, 20.3532, 34.9677

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8611, 13.2008, 38.1351



17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959



7.5265, 13.2008, 18.6408

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959



8.8549, 13.2008, 5.0610



8.6222, 13.2008, 29.7343



17.1445, 13.2008, 31.1328

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959



12.2312, 13.2008, 3.0838



8.6222, 13.2008, 29.7343



12.8681, 13.2008, 39.5548

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.5121, 13.2015, 5.4961



46.8815, 45.8953, 42.0997



19.7644, 11.8531, 24.2910



10.0395, 9.7135, 8.6554



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.5121, 13.2015, 5.4961



28.6745, 19.4970, 5.1533



22.4495, 23.0763, 7.1419



6.7507, 6.8815, 6.9581



11.8328, 6.9012, 0.7084



0.2401, 0.1805, 0.0222

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.2976, 20.3532, 34.9677



26.2282, 33.1404, 62.1411



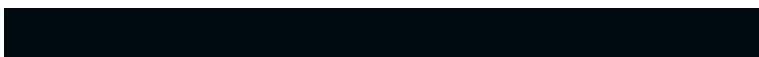
11.0480, 9.8539, 33.2178



6.6924, 7.2505, 8.4534



10.5133, 13.1181, 27.8852



0.2172, 0.2930, 0.5083

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

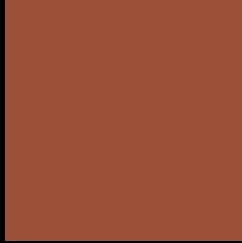
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.5118, 13.2008,

5.4959.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959

Protanopia

12.2611, 13.2639, 6.9150

Deuteranopia

13.5215, 13.2420, 5.2115



Tritanopia

18.2774, 13.1861, 9.5645

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959

Protanomaly

13.7743, 12.9424, 6.3296

Deuteranomaly

14.7235, 13.0669, 5.2362

Tritanomaly

18.0275, 13.1989, 7.9008

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959

Achromatopsia

12.1130, 12.7438, 13.8780

Achromatomaly

13.3997, 12.5337, 10.1005

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 80, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 80, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 80, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 80, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 80, 57) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 80, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 80, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 80, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 80, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 80,  
57) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.5118, 13.2008, 5.4959 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 80, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157, 80,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor