

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.4833, 18.6809, 21.3188)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.4833, 18.6809, 21.3188)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.6150, 18.8178,
21.4427)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74797B
RGB	116, 121, 123
RGB Percent	45%, 47%, 48%
CMY	0.5451, 0.5255, 0.5176
CMYK	0.06, 0.02, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	197°, 3%, 47%
HSV	197°, 6%, 48%
XYZ	17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427
YIQ	119.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

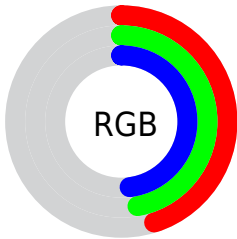
Format	Color
R _Y B	116, 119, 123
Decimal	7633275
CIE Lab	50.47, -1.45, -1.75
CIE LCh	50, 2.275, 230.304
Yxy	18.8178, 0.3044, 0.3251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285823355 (0xFF74797B)
YUV	119.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738
Hunter-Lab	43.3795, -3.4311, 1.0583

Details

The XYZ color **17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.7993, 18.4287, 19.1423**, and the grayscale version is **17.7637, 18.6888, 20.3521**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.8299, 41.3071, 46.4840**, and **6.0025, 6.4884, 7.4146** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6682, 17.1928, 21.2319**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.7949, 20.5871, 21.6696**.

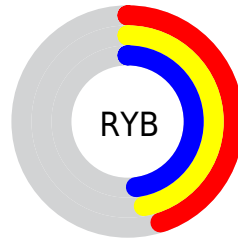
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (47%)

Blue (48%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (48%)

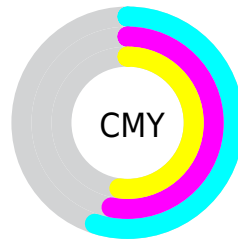


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.6150, 18.8178,
21.4427

■ 17.6150, 18.8178,
21.4427

231.7797,
245.4411, 272.4798

■ 10.7719, 11.5387,
13.2536

■ 38.9154, 41.4260,
46.7135

■ 5.9799, 6.4304,
7.4706

■ 54.1035, 57.5239,
64.6322

■ 2.8734, 3.1085,
3.6753

■ 72.8040, 77.3302,
86.6313

■ 1.0872, 1.1886,
1.4489

95.3822, 101.2292,
113.1291

■ 0.0143, 0.0524,
0.1794

122.2036,
129.6054, 144.5444

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

153.6334,

162.8432, 181.2956

190.0370,
201.3270, 223.8012

■ 17.6150, 18.8178,
21.4427

■ 17.6150, 18.8178,
21.4427

■ 15.6682, 17.1928,
21.2319

■ 19.7949, 20.5871,
21.6696

■ 13.9444, 15.7049,
21.0356

■ 22.2145, 22.5028,
21.9118

■ 12.4348, 14.3501,
20.8537

■ 24.8820, 24.5698,
22.1702

■ 11.1297, 13.1231,
20.6856

■ 27.8048, 26.7922,
22.4451

■ 10.0184, 12.0180,
20.5309

■ 30.9900, 29.1738,
22.7370

■ 9.0893, 11.0287,
20.3889

■ 34.4443, 31.7184,
23.0461

■ 8.3295, 10.1481,
20.2590

■ 38.1743, 34.4296,
23.3728

■ 7.7241, 9.3685,
20.1404

■ 42.1862, 37.3107,
23.7174

■ 7.2475, 8.6763,
20.0319

■ 46.4862, 40.3652,
24.0804

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4891, 18.8178, 20.9157



17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427



17.8141, 18.8178, 21.7159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427



18.3090, 18.8178, 20.6956



17.7383, 18.8178, 19.3662

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427



17.7993, 18.4287, 19.1423

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.9576, 18.8178, 19.3100



17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427



18.2883, 18.8178, 20.0689

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427



18.2156, 18.8178, 21.2787



18.1593, 18.8178, 19.5648



17.5599, 18.8178, 19.7199

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427



17.9621, 18.8178, 21.7135



18.1593, 18.8178, 19.5648



17.8096, 18.8178, 19.3121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.6155, 18.8186, 21.4431



32.9168, 34.8221, 38.5430



17.5548, 19.1869, 19.9129



7.7658, 8.2120, 9.0788



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.6155, 18.8186, 21.4431



31.0021, 33.2516, 38.3408



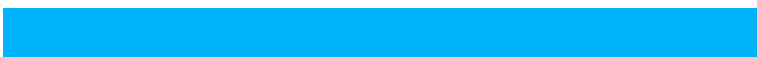
17.1996, 17.9867, 21.3045



4.1012, 4.3997, 5.0762



7.2944, 8.6712, 20.6746



34.0416, 39.8558, 98.3686

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8654, 18.0826, 20.6388



31.5625, 31.6132, 36.5340



18.2173, 19.2648, 19.2817



4.1762, 4.1805, 4.8344



10.2652, 5.0822, 9.9534



48.5858, 24.0906, 45.4762

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

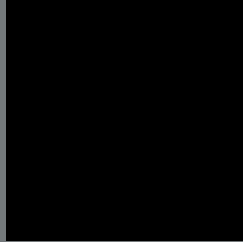
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

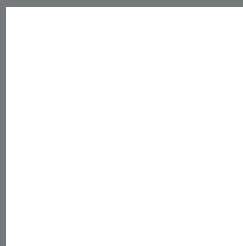
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.6150, 18.8178,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427

Protanopia

18.1357, 18.7364, 21.0730

Deuteranopia

19.0894, 18.6918, 21.6705



Tritanopia

18.0150, 18.7998, 23.4481

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427

Protanomaly

17.9751, 18.8312, 21.0997

Deuteranomaly

18.5740, 18.7721, 21.7132

Tritanomaly

17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427

Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537

Achromatomaly

17.7754, 18.7354, 20.7686

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 121, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 121, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 121, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 121, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 121, 123) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 121, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 121, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 121, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 121, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 121,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.6150, 18.8178, 21.4427 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 121, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
121, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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