

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.4887, 8.4042, 28.4486)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.4887, 8.4042, 28.4486)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.4792, 8.4025,
28.3043)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	940093
RGB	148, 0, 147
RGB Percent	58%, 0%, 58%
CMY	0.4196, 0.9999, 0.4235
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.01, 0.42
HSL	300°, 100%, 29%
HSV	300°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043
YIQ	61.0100, 41.0210, 77.0930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

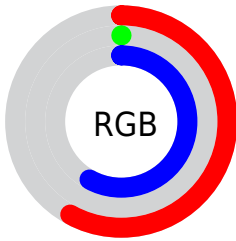
Format	Color
RYB	148, 0, 147
Decimal	9699475
CIELab	34.81, 65.34, -40.04
CIElCh	35, 76.632, 328.497
Yxy	8.4025, 0.3226, 0.1551
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287889555 (0xFF940093)
YUV	61.0100, 42.3931, 76.2902
Hunter-Lab	28.9871, 56.9081, -37.6025

Details

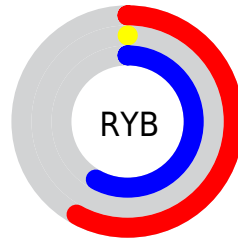
The XYZ color **17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **10.5958, 21.1824, 3.5593**, and the grayscale version is **4.3760, 4.6039, 5.0136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.8387, 22.8349, 58.2377**, and **6.5250, 3.1198, 11.3246** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.4794, 8.4026, 28.3044**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6555, 8.7422, 28.4019**.

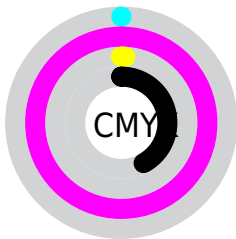
Distribution



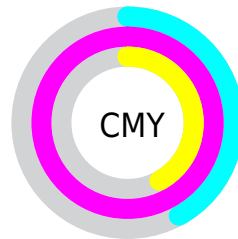
- Red (58%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.4792, 8.4025,
28.3043

■ 17.4792, 8.4025,
28.3043

231.0217,
178.8558, 307.8757

■ 10.6742, 4.3536,
18.3141

■ 38.6849, 22.7438,
57.9988

■ 5.9138, 1.8732,
11.0040

■ 53.8164, 33.8050,
78.5403

■ 2.8329, 0.5322,
5.9553

■ 72.4539, 47.9723,
103.4359

■ 1.0660, 0.0000,
2.7496

■ 94.9630, 65.6303,
133.1043

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.9682

■ 121.7090, 87.1632,
167.9639

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 153.0572,

112.9555, 208.4333

189.3730,
143.3916, 254.9311

17.4792, 8.4025,
28.3043

17.4792, 8.4025,
28.3043

17.4794, 8.4026,
28.3044

17.6555, 8.7422,
28.4019

17.9497, 9.3180,
28.5388

18.4192, 10.2444,
28.7341

19.0859, 11.5652,
28.9952

19.9685, 13.3179,
29.3283

■ 21.0837, 15.5355,
29.7390

■ 22.4462, 18.2480,
30.2321

■ 24.0699, 21.4827,
30.8124

■ 25.9674, 25.2651,
31.4839

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.6914, 8.4025, 50.6307



17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043



19.6407, 8.4025, 9.7930

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043



8.2082, 8.4025, 0.0000



2.6519, 8.4025, 26.0515

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043



10.5958, 21.1824, 3.5593

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.1953, 8.4025, 8.5336



17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043



4.6169, 8.4025, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043



13.2170, 8.4025, 0.0000



2.7587, 8.4025, 1.4638



4.3577, 8.4025, 48.6863

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043



18.8672, 8.4025, 3.4499



2.7587, 8.4025, 1.4638



2.3822, 8.4025, 19.0763

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4795, 8.4029, 28.3045



39.4454, 31.8800, 53.2851



5.3457, 2.1386, 28.1484



8.7846, 6.8397, 12.0845



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4795, 8.4029, 28.3045



30.8383, 14.8246, 49.9264



13.4494, 6.7908, 7.0818



6.0337, 5.9085, 7.2834



14.9304, 7.1772, 24.1785



0.1832, 0.0880, 0.2983

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.4795, 8.4029, 28.3045



30.8383, 14.8246, 49.9264



11.8265, 21.6747, 10.0403



6.0337, 5.9085, 7.2834



14.9304, 7.1772, 24.1785



0.1832, 0.0880, 0.2983

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

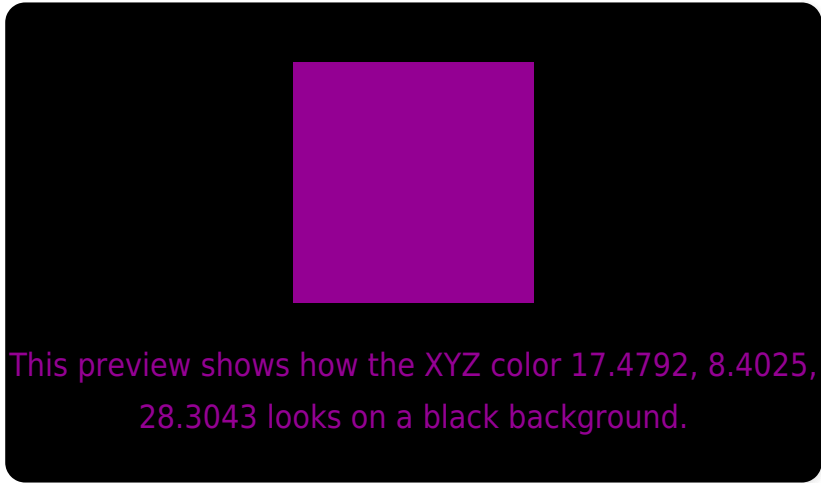
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

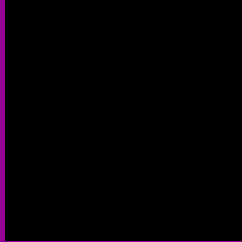
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4792, 8.4025,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043

Protanopia

10.5601, 9.0517, 40.7257

Deuteranopia

9.2521, 9.0620, 25.3063



Tritanopia

13.0028, 8.8520, 5.4382

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043



Protanomaly

9.4502, 5.9206, 35.7667



Deuteranomaly

10.0574, 6.5877, 25.9408



Tritanomaly

13.7487, 7.8466, 10.9151

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043



Achromatopsia

4.4355, 4.6665, 5.0818



Achromatomaly

7.1715, 4.5509, 10.6256

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 0, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 0, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 0, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 0, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 0, 147) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 0, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 0, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 0, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 0, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 0,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.4792, 8.4025, 28.3043 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 0, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148, 0,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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