

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.4909, 40.7494, 55.2350)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.4909, 40.7494, 55.2350)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(31.2566, 47.8167,  
55.7263)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00CEBD
RGB	0, 206, 189
RGB Percent	0%, 81%, 74%
CMY	0.9998, 0.1921, 0.2588
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.08, 0.19
HSL	175°, 100%, 40%
HSV	175°, 100%, 81%
XYZ	31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263
YIQ	142.4680, -117.3190, -48.9590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

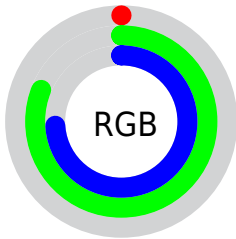
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 107, 206
Decimal	52925
CIELab	74.71, -45.87, -3.58
CIELCh	75, 46.007, 184.468
Yxy	47.8167, 0.2319, 0.3547
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278243005 (0xFF00CEBD)
YUV	142.4680, 22.9403, -124.9444
Hunter-Lab	69.1496, -40.3273, 0.6241

# Details

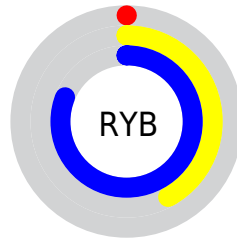
The XYZ color **31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **25.5563, 13.1637, 1.7258**, and the grayscale version is **25.8469, 27.1929, 29.6131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.0671, 81.1158, 98.9827**, and **15.5105, 23.9108, 27.0903** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.2572, 47.8181, 55.7256**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.7449, 48.0481, 56.7195**.

# Distribution



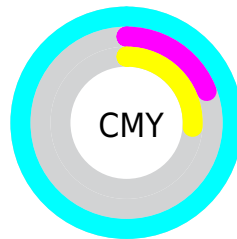
- Red (0%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.2566, 47.8167,  
55.7263


 31.2566, 47.8167,  
55.7263


299.5245,  
378.0651, 426.0185


 20.9471, 33.6818,  
39.5810


 61.0169, 86.9314,  
100.0861


 13.1976, 22.6492,  
26.9007


 81.1985, 112.6800,  
129.1376


 7.6427, 14.3347,  
17.2669


 105.4014,  
143.0686, 163.3284

 3.9170, 8.3538,  
10.2610

 133.9911,  
178.4815, 203.0768

 1.6553, 4.3222,  
5.4645

 167.3329,  
219.3032, 248.8015

 0.4280, 1.8554,  
2.4588

205.7922,

 0.0000, 0.5213,

265.9182, 300.9210

0.8182

249.7343,  
318.7107, 359.8538

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.2566, 47.8167,  
55.7263

■ 31.2566, 47.8167,  
55.7263

■ 31.2572, 47.8181,  
55.7256

■ 31.7449, 48.0481,  
56.7195

■ 32.5552, 48.4441,  
57.7381

■ 33.7978, 49.0627,  
58.7883

■ 35.5315, 49.9343,  
59.8729

■ 37.8061, 51.0844,  
60.9942

■ 40.6649, 52.5354,  
62.1544

■ 44.1472, 54.3076,  
63.3553

■ 48.2885, 56.4194,  
64.5986

■ 53.1221, 58.8877,  
65.8858

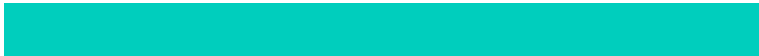
# Harmonies

## Analogous

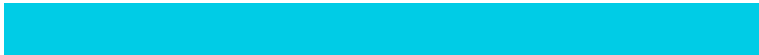
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.4543, 47.8167, 34.6651



31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263



33.4631, 47.8167, 82.6374

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263



55.1461, 47.8167, 99.8750



52.7200, 47.8167, 20.6355

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263



25.5563, 13.1637, 1.7258

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.9999, 47.8167, 30.1495



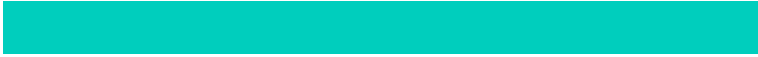
31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263



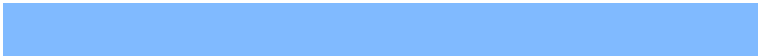
61.5166, 47.8167, 74.4854

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263



46.7096, 47.8167, 112.6196



63.3928, 47.8167, 48.5663



44.2099, 47.8167, 18.3776

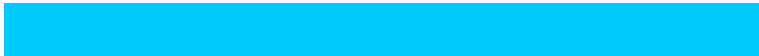


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263



36.7476, 47.8167, 99.1213



63.3928, 47.8167, 48.5663



55.4243, 47.8167, 22.9097

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.2580, 47.8185, 55.7274



71.2849, 87.8642, 102.5677



22.3070, 44.2652, 7.3694



14.7189, 18.5321, 21.7744



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.2580, 47.8185, 55.7274



50.6042, 77.4577, 90.0886



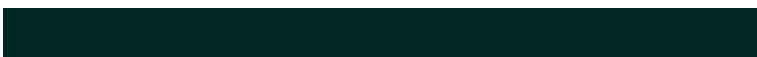
17.8801, 17.9340, 60.9137



11.5018, 12.7105, 14.1997



19.2639, 29.4509, 34.4043



1.0059, 1.5242, 1.8385



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.5563, 13.1637, 1.7258



41.3758, 21.3143, 2.6452



28.7710, 19.7551, 2.2978



11.2493, 11.2284, 11.8474



15.7506, 8.1108, 1.1396

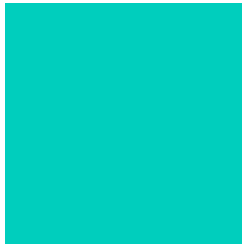


0.8259, 0.4238, 0.1289



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

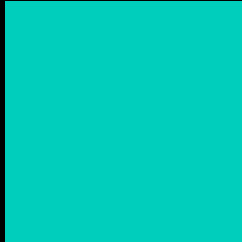
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

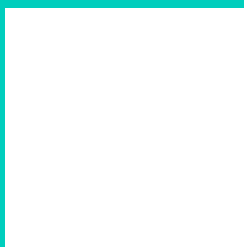
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263.



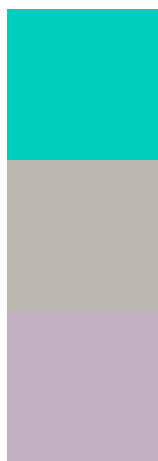
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 31.2566, 47.8167,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263

### Protanopia

44.9593, 47.1158, 47.2821

### Deuteranopia

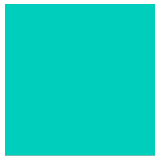
47.8206, 46.8537, 58.1530



## Tritanopia

35.0908, 47.9811, 73.7415

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263



## Protanomaly

34.4768, 44.4788, 49.9482



## Deuteranomaly

35.7772, 44.0276, 57.0646



## Tritanomaly

33.2141, 47.5239, 66.4540

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263



## Achromatopsia

25.7108, 27.0498, 29.4572



## Achromatomaly

23.9296, 31.5871, 37.6366

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 206, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 206, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 206, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 206, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 206, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 206, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 206, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 206, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 206, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 206,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 31.2566, 47.8167, 55.7263 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 206, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 206,  
189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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