

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.5038, 18.1615, 2.7265)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.5038, 18.1615, 2.7265)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.4858, 18.1121,  
2.7180)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8F7305
RGB	143, 115, 5
RGB Percent	56%, 45%, 2%
CMY	0.4392, 0.5490, 0.9804
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.96, 0.44
HSL	48°, 93%, 29%
HSV	48°, 96%, 56%
XYZ	17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180
YIQ	110.8320, 51.9980, -28.2740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

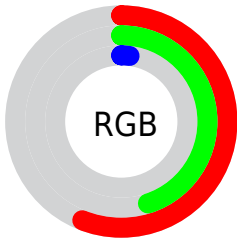
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	40, 143, 5
Decimal	9401093
CIE Lab	49.63, 1.48, 54.71
CIE LCh	50, 54.727, 88.455
Yxy	18.1121, 0.4564, 0.4727
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287591173 (0xFF8F7305)
YUV	110.8320, -52.1752, 28.2113
Hunter-Lab	42.5583, -1.1373, 26.0042

# Details

The XYZ color **17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **5.5645, 3.1034, 26.2920**, and the grayscale version is **15.1973, 15.9888, 17.4118**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.8895, 40.4483, 10.9119**, and **6.0317, 6.0890, 0.8574** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.3435, 17.8715, 2.5354**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.9150, 18.8222, 3.3188**.

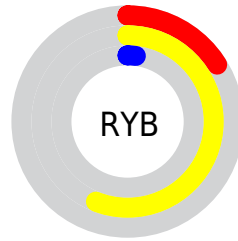
# Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (45%)

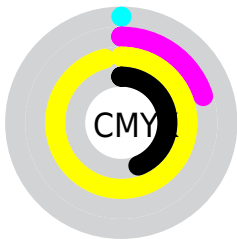
Blue (2%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (2%)

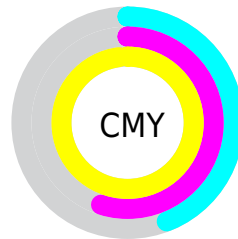


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (96%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (98%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.4858, 18.1121,  
2.7180

■ 17.4858, 18.1121,  
2.7180

231.0586,  
241.5021, 132.6837

■ 10.6789, 11.0305,  
0.9525

■ 38.6962, 40.2282,  
10.9243

■ 5.9170, 6.0874,  
0.0000

■ 53.8303, 56.0316,  
18.2022

■ 2.8349, 2.8983,  
0.0000

■ 72.4710, 75.5110,  
28.1546

■ 1.0671, 1.0789,  
0.0000


■ 94.9834, 99.0508,  
41.2001


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 121.7331,  
127.0354, 57.7572


■ 153.0852,


159.8492, 78.2445


 189.4053,  
197.8767, 103.0805


 17.4858, 18.1121,  
2.7180


 17.4858, 18.1121,  
2.7180


 17.3435, 17.8715,  
2.5354

 17.9150, 18.8222,  
3.3188

 18.4245, 19.5806,  
4.2923

 19.0302, 20.3943,  
5.7199

 19.7417, 21.2675,  
7.6519

 20.5674, 22.2036,  
10.1321

■ 21.5147, 23.2058,  
13.1993

■ 22.5904, 24.2768,  
16.8889

■ 23.8009, 25.4194,  
21.2334

■ 25.1520, 26.6361,  
26.2631

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.9888, 18.1121, 4.0058



17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180



12.8800, 18.1121, 3.7451

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180



9.8404, 18.1121, 36.7371



27.2104, 18.1121, 38.7976

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180



5.5645, 3.1034, 26.2920

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.4276, 18.1121, 57.0902



17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180



12.4993, 18.1121, 55.5374

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180



9.0346, 18.1121, 18.9595



16.9470, 18.1121, 64.3804



29.2581, 18.1121, 20.5026



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180



10.7679, 18.1121, 6.1804



16.9470, 18.1121, 64.3804



25.8274, 18.1121, 45.4349

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4862, 18.1130, 2.7184



39.8310, 42.8655, 28.0641



11.6839, 6.0691, 2.1385



8.9643, 9.6609, 5.8535



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4862, 18.1130, 2.7184



30.9365, 31.7587, 4.4995



15.5473, 22.5928, 3.6852



5.7479, 6.1021, 5.7643



15.3501, 15.8319, 2.2468



0.1619, 0.1817, 0.0265



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.5645, 3.1034, 26.2920



9.5645, 4.9228, 46.9841



6.0555, 2.6297, 26.1747



5.2127, 5.4213, 6.8004



4.7853, 2.5567, 23.2184

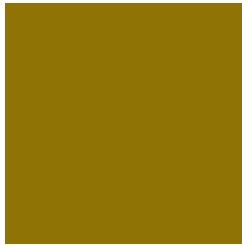


0.0588, 0.0505, 0.2263



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4858, 18.1121,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180

### Protanopia

16.4722, 18.2795, 2.8899

### Deuteranopia

18.4323, 18.0965, 2.8381



## Tritanopia

20.7466, 18.1428, 18.6281

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180

## Protanomaly

16.8333, 18.2906, 2.8442

## Deuteranomaly

17.9871, 18.0330, 2.7911

## Tritanomaly

18.8786, 17.8629, 9.1095

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180

## Achromatopsia

15.1092, 15.8961, 17.3108

## Achromatomaly

15.1322, 16.2672, 8.4732

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 115, 5)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 115, 5)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 115, 5) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 115, 5) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 115, 5) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 115, 5) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 115, 5) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 115, 5); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 115, 5);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 115,  
5) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.4858, 18.1121, 2.7180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 115, 5) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
115, 5) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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