

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.5342, 25.5195, 26.1598)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.5342, 25.5195, 26.1598)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.4883, 25.4366,
26.1783)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C9985
RGB	60, 153, 133
RGB Percent	24%, 60%, 52%
CMY	0.7647, 0.4000, 0.4784
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 0.13, 0.40
HSL	167°, 44%, 42%
HSV	167°, 61%, 60%
XYZ	17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783
YIQ	122.9130, -49.0080, -25.9360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

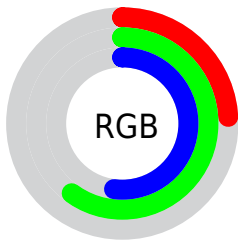
Format	Color
RYB	60, 112, 153
Decimal	3971461
CIELab	57.50, -32.42, 2.36
CIElCh	57, 32.504, 175.839
Yxy	25.4366, 0.2531, 0.3681
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282161541 (0xFF3C9985)
YUV	122.9130, 4.9729, -55.1747
Hunter-Lab	50.4347, -26.3656, 4.5296

Details

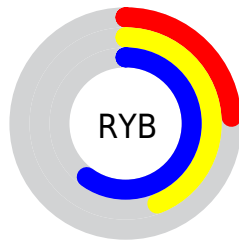
The XYZ color **17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **16.2015, 10.5838, 8.7791**, and the grayscale version is **18.7943, 19.7731, 21.5329**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.7549, 52.4388, 54.5335**, and **6.2539, 9.9475, 9.9779** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4707, 24.9385, 24.9629**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7818, 26.0773, 27.4449**.

Distribution



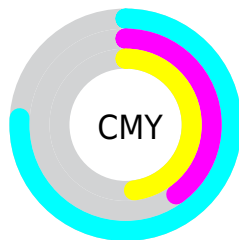
- Red (24%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.4883, 25.4366,
26.1783

■ 17.4883, 25.4366,
26.1783

231.0726,
280.0053, 297.2895

■ 10.6807, 16.4026,
16.7301

■ 38.7004, 52.3646,
54.5501

■ 5.9183, 9.8095,
9.8823

■ 53.8356, 71.0275,
74.3107

■ 2.8356, 5.2728,
5.2164

■ 72.4774, 93.6688,
98.3459

■ 1.0674, 2.4082,
2.3138

■ 94.9912, 120.6729,
127.0743

■ 0.0000, 0.8301,
0.7390

■ 121.7422,
152.4242, 160.9143

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

153.0959,

189.3071, 200.2844

189.4175,
231.7060, 245.6033

■ 17.4883, 25.4366,
26.1783

■ 17.4883, 25.4366,
26.1783

■ 16.4707, 24.9385,
24.9629

■ 18.7818, 26.0773,
27.4449

■ 15.7029, 24.5677,
23.7954

■ 20.3699, 26.8685,
28.7623

■ 15.1576, 24.3109,
22.6749

■ 22.2723, 27.8209,
30.1323

■ 14.7877, 24.1418,
21.6804

■ 24.5064, 28.9435,
31.5560

■ 27.0882, 30.2444,
33.0344

■ 30.0326, 31.7314,
34.5685

■ 33.3538, 33.4117,
36.1595

■ 37.0651, 35.2923,
37.8081

■ 41.1792, 37.3797,
39.5152

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.5270, 25.4366, 17.3697



17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783



18.0785, 25.4366, 38.0621

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783



27.5673, 25.4366, 51.6466



28.6007, 25.4366, 13.5392

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783



16.2015, 10.5838, 8.7791

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.5119, 25.4366, 19.4071



17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783



30.8720, 25.4366, 41.4698

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783



23.6408, 25.4366, 54.8538



32.3841, 25.4366, 29.2715



24.7207, 25.4366, 11.4142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783



19.3541, 25.4366, 45.9711



32.3841, 25.4366, 29.2715



29.7406, 25.4366, 15.0478

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4890, 25.4376, 26.1789



44.9508, 52.3681, 57.1446



15.5285, 24.8218, 8.2479



9.6654, 11.4324, 12.4629



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4890, 25.4376, 26.1789



28.9432, 44.3919, 43.9290



15.1582, 18.3499, 32.8812



6.3277, 7.0038, 7.6489



12.2338, 19.9570, 17.9838



0.1956, 0.3034, 0.3356

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.2015, 10.5838, 8.7791



26.4690, 15.3940, 10.1561



17.3091, 13.8108, 6.0287



6.2605, 6.2434, 6.7518



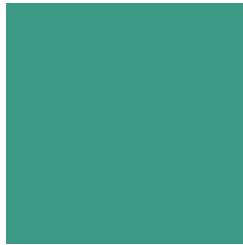
11.0938, 5.6918, 1.7532



0.1773, 0.0897, 0.0867

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783.

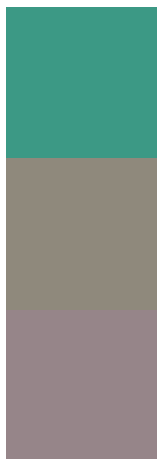


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4883, 25.4366,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783

Protanopia

23.9114, 25.1862, 22.6699

Deuteranopia

25.4806, 25.0652, 27.1620



Tritanopia

19.7790, 25.4077, 37.5799

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783

Protanomaly

20.4633, 24.6879, 23.7654

Deuteranomaly

21.1581, 24.3156, 26.8708

Tritanomaly

18.8070, 25.2404, 33.1588

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783

Achromatopsia

18.8265, 19.8069, 21.5697

Achromatomaly

17.6114, 21.2918, 23.2602

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 153, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 153, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 153, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 153, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 153, 133) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 153, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 153, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 153, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 153, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 153,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.4883, 25.4366, 26.1783 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 153, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 153,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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