

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.5355, 16.6638, 6.5491)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.5355, 16.6638, 6.5491)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(17.4712, 16.5636,
6.5512)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 906A3C |
| RGB | 144, 106, 60 |
| RGB Percent | 56%, 42%, 24% |
| CMY | 0.4353, 0.5843, 0.7647 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.26, 0.58, 0.44 |
| HSL | 33°, 41%, 40% |
| HSV | 33°, 58%, 56% |
| XYZ | 17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512 |
| YIQ | 112.1180, 37.4140, -6.2500 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

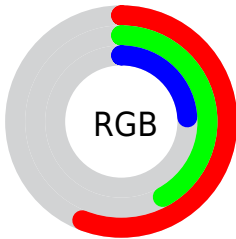
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 129, 144, 60 |
| Decimal | 9464380 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 47.71, 9.70, 31.47 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 48, 32.928, 72.868 |
| Yxy | 16.5636, 0.4305, 0.4081 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287654460 (0xFF906A3C) |
| YUV | 112.1180, -25.6942, 27.9605 |
| Hunter-Lab | 40.6984, 5.4051, 18.9450 |

Details

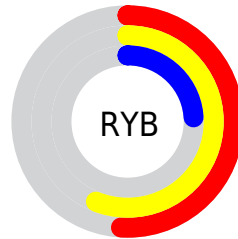
The XYZ color **17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **11.2649, 11.7090, 28.0517**, and the grayscale version is **15.5015, 16.3088, 17.7603**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.6367, 37.4974, 19.6694**, and **5.9576, 5.3838, 1.1406** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4953, 15.1403, 4.5967**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6025, 18.1320, 9.0690**.

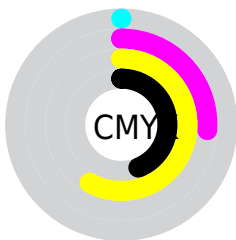
Distribution



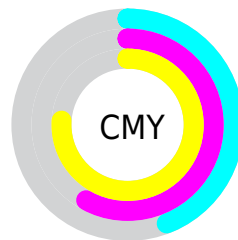
- Red (56%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.4712, 16.5636,
6.5512


 17.4712, 16.5636,
6.5512


230.9770,
232.6448, 173.3675


 10.6684, 9.9238,
3.1089


 38.6714, 37.5739,
19.5617


 5.9100, 5.3485,
1.1505

 53.7994, 52.7133,
29.9671


 2.8305, 2.4532,
0.0000

 72.4333, 71.4546,
43.5304

 1.0648, 0.8530,
0.0000

 94.9383, 94.1823,
60.6705

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 121.6798,
121.2808, 81.8056

 153.0232,

153.1344, 107.3545

189.3338,
190.1276, 137.7356

■ 17.4712, 16.5636,
6.5512

■ 17.4712, 16.5636,
6.5512

■ 16.4953, 15.1403,
4.5967

■ 18.6025, 18.1320,
9.0690

■ 15.6638, 13.8539,
3.1588

■ 19.8969, 19.8483,
12.1899

■ 14.9660, 12.6989,
2.1845

■ 21.3626, 21.7181,
15.9510

■ 14.3796, 11.6645,
1.5625

■ 23.0070, 23.7462,
20.3863

■ 14.2876, 11.5015,
1.4670

■ 24.8372, 25.9368,
25.5273

■ 26.8595, 28.2940,
31.4035

■ 29.0803, 30.8220,
38.0427

■ 31.5052, 33.5245,
45.4712

■ 34.1400, 36.4052,
53.7142

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.2697, 16.5636, 9.0978



17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512



14.5153, 16.5636, 6.3934

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512



10.8422, 16.5636, 21.8937



19.9191, 16.5636, 32.7264

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512



11.2649, 11.7090, 28.0517

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.0385, 16.5636, 38.9193



17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512



11.9464, 16.5636, 31.4731

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512



10.9275, 16.5636, 13.6664



14.1331, 16.5636, 38.4000



21.7994, 16.5636, 23.2474

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512



12.8653, 16.5636, 7.5538



14.1331, 16.5636, 38.4000



19.0212, 16.5636, 35.3769

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4716, 16.5644, 6.5515



40.8823, 42.2504, 36.7930



15.3791, 10.0658, 12.9870



9.2516, 9.5388, 8.0966



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4716, 16.5644, 6.5515



28.6125, 25.9746, 7.2271



21.8073, 25.9528, 8.1352



5.6382, 5.8828, 5.7277



12.4657, 10.0632, 1.2854



0.1412, 0.1403, 0.0196

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.2649, 11.7090, 28.0517



16.6075, 16.6007, 48.8670



8.6871, 6.2957, 27.1426



5.3179, 5.6316, 6.8355



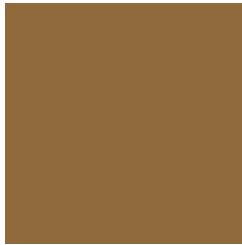
6.0596, 5.1052, 23.6431



0.0795, 0.0919, 0.2332

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.4712, 16.5636,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512

Protanopia

15.3720, 16.7535, 7.1262

Deuteranopia

16.8256, 16.5403, 6.5808



Tritanopia

19.4767, 16.4930, 16.3443

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512

Protanomaly

16.0697, 16.6222, 6.9189

Deuteranomaly

17.0578, 16.5044, 6.5616

Tritanomaly

18.6723, 16.4611, 12.0907

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512

Achromatopsia

15.4009, 16.2029, 17.6450

Achromatomaly

15.8639, 16.2273, 12.6520

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 106, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 106, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 106, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 106, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 106, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 106, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 106, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 106, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 106, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 106,  
60) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.4712, 16.5636, 6.5512 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 106, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
106, 60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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