

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.5513, 18.0065, 18.9873)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.5513, 18.0065, 18.9873)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.5662, 17.9627,
19.0643)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B7474
RGB	123, 116, 116
RGB Percent	48%, 45%, 45%
CMY	0.5176, 0.5451, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.06, 0.52
HSL	0°, 3%, 47%
HSV	0°, 6%, 48%
XYZ	17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643
YIQ	118.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

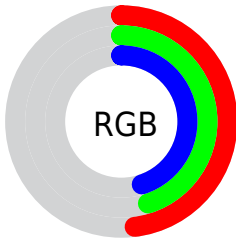
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 116, 116
Decimal	8090740
CIE Lab	49.45, 2.69, 0.96
CIE LCh	49, 2.856, 19.602
Yxy	17.9627, 0.3218, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286280820 (0xFF7B7474)
YUV	118.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034
Hunter-Lab	42.3824, -0.1865, 2.9981

Details

The XYZ color **17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.8606, 19.3088, 21.5249**, and the grayscale version is **17.2517, 18.1501, 19.7655**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.7497, 39.9464, 42.7139**, and **5.9345, 6.0074, 6.3156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5729, 15.0461, 15.1006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.8429, 21.2940, 23.5904**.

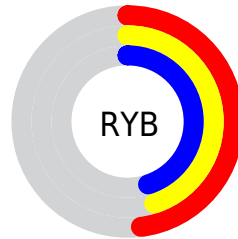
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (45%)

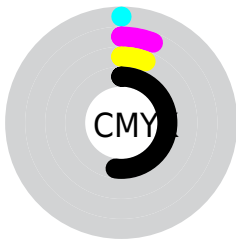
Blue (45%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (45%)

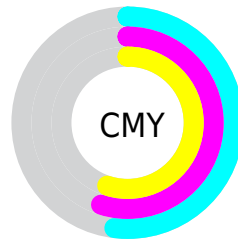


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.5662, 17.9627,
19.0643

■ 17.5662, 17.9627,
19.0643

231.5076,
240.6607, 259.2380

■ 10.7368, 10.9232,
11.5395

■ 38.8326, 39.9738,
42.6809

■ 5.9561, 6.0152,
6.3122

■ 54.0004, 55.7141,
59.6097

■ 2.8588, 2.8543,
2.9640

■ 72.6783, 75.1236,
80.5102

■ 1.0795, 1.0562,
1.0763

■ 95.2317, 98.5865,
105.8011

■ 0.0079, 0.0000,
0.0000

122.0260,
126.4872, 135.9007

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

153.4265,

159.2103, 171.2278

189.7986,
197.1400, 212.2007

■ 17.5662, 17.9627,
19.0643

■ 17.5662, 17.9627,
19.0643

■ 15.5729, 15.0461,
15.1006

■ 19.8429, 21.2940,
23.5904

■ 13.8505, 12.5258,
11.6761

■ 22.4120, 25.0530,
28.6984

■ 12.3877, 10.3855,
8.7680

■ 25.2837, 29.2548,
34.4084

■ 11.1720, 8.6066,
6.3513

■ 28.4675, 33.9132,
40.7389

■ 10.1898, 7.1692,
4.3987

■ 31.9724, 39.0414,
47.7081

■ 9.4260, 6.0516,
2.8806

■ 35.8071, 44.6521,
55.3330

■ 8.8641, 5.2292,
1.7638

■ 39.9799, 50.7574,
63.6302

■ 8.4849, 4.6742,
1.0103

■ 44.4987, 57.3690,
72.6156

■ 8.2555, 4.3385,
0.5545

■ 49.3714, 64.4983,
82.3047

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.5882, 17.9627, 19.8276



17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643



17.4113, 17.9627, 18.4490

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643



16.6811, 17.9627, 18.6115



16.9796, 17.9627, 21.0558

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643



17.8606, 19.3088, 21.5249

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.7391, 17.9627, 20.7113



17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643



16.5680, 17.9627, 19.2915

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643



16.8996, 17.9627, 18.1923



16.5891, 17.9627, 20.0608



17.2476, 17.9627, 20.9910

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643



17.2544, 17.9627, 18.1991



16.5891, 17.9627, 20.0608



16.8929, 17.9627, 20.9836

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.5667, 17.9635, 19.0647



32.8819, 34.2525, 36.9726



17.9892, 18.1321, 21.2910



7.7581, 8.0874, 8.7353



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.5667, 17.9635, 19.0647



30.8968, 31.3478, 33.0257



17.9776, 18.7852, 19.2016



4.0871, 4.1450, 4.3651



8.4506, 4.3571, 0.3956



40.3089, 20.7813, 1.8867

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8606, 19.3088, 21.5249



31.5537, 34.3549, 38.5247



17.4344, 18.4564, 21.3828



4.1750, 4.5473, 5.1009



11.0209, 16.1242, 21.9167



52.5694, 76.9115, 104.5445

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

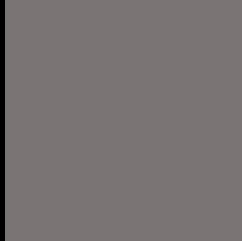
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

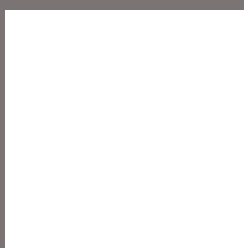
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.5662, 17.9627,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643

Protanopia

17.3179, 18.0000, 19.3912

Deuteranopia

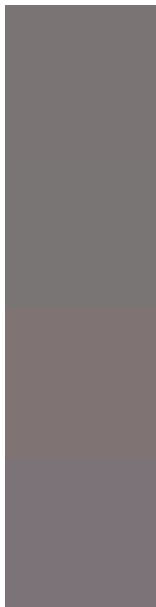
18.2230, 17.9627, 19.0297



Tritanopia

18.0810, 18.0018, 21.5905

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643

Protanomaly

17.4573, 18.0719, 19.3977

Deuteranomaly

18.0355, 18.0344, 19.0534

Tritanomaly

17.8941, 17.9270, 20.6063

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643

Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

Achromatomaly

17.3179, 18.0000, 19.3912

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 116, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 116, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 116, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 116, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 116, 116) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 116, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 116, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 116, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 116, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 116,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.5662, 17.9627, 19.0643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 116, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
116, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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