

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.5665, 20.1640,
18.8858)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	718072
RGB	113, 128, 114
RGB Percent	44%, 50%, 45%
CMY	0.5569, 0.4980, 0.5529
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.11, 0.50
HSL	124°, 6%, 47%
HSV	124°, 12%, 50%
XYZ	17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858
YIQ	121.9190, -4.4460, -7.5340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 127, 128
Decimal	7438450
CIE Lab	52.02, -8.39, 5.74
CIE LCh	52, 10.167, 145.616
Yxy	20.1640, 0.3103, 0.3562
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285628530 (0xFF718072)
YUV	121.9190, -3.9041, -7.8220
Hunter-Lab	44.9043, -8.7537, 6.4969

Details

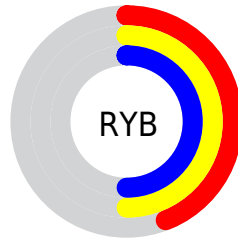
The XYZ color **17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **18.6387, 17.9322, 22.5585**, and the grayscale version is **18.4861, 19.4488, 21.1798**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.9239, 43.8003, 42.4792**, and **5.9593, 7.1091, 6.2124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.3983, 19.1203, 15.4635**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.0570, 21.3647, 22.7877**.

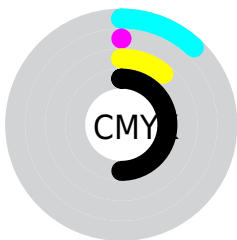
Distribution



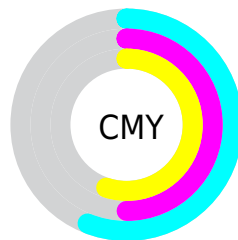
- Red (44%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.5665, 20.1640,
18.8858

■ 17.5665, 20.1640,
18.8858

231.5093,
252.8016, 258.2193

■ 10.7370, 12.5143,
11.4118

■ 38.8332, 43.6920,
42.3752

■ 5.9563, 7.0950,
6.2269

■ 54.0010, 60.3390,
59.2276

■ 2.8589, 3.5216,
2.9125

■ 72.6791, 80.7540,
80.0433

■ 1.0796, 1.4097,
1.0501

■ 95.2326, 105.3213,
105.2408

■ 0.0079, 0.2239,
0.0000

122.0271,
134.4253, 135.2386

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

153.4278,

168.4505, 170.4552

189.8001,
207.7811, 211.3093

■ 17.5665, 20.1640,
18.8858

■ 17.5665, 20.1640,
18.8858

■ 15.3983, 19.1203,
15.4635

■ 20.0570, 21.3647,
22.7877

■ 13.5376, 18.2247,
12.5011

■ 22.8804, 22.7258,
27.1854

■ 11.9709, 17.4713,
9.9794

■ 26.0490, 24.2539,
32.0958

■ 10.6833, 16.8527,
7.8772

■ 29.5739, 25.9543,
37.5347

■ 9.6583, 16.3610,
6.1720

■ 33.4657, 27.8322,
43.5174

■ 8.8778, 15.9873,
4.8386

■ 37.7346, 29.8926,
50.0582

■ 8.3213, 15.7217,
3.8495

■ 42.3904, 32.1401,
57.1711

■ 7.9650, 15.5527,
3.1729

■ 47.4425, 34.5794,
64.8696

■ 7.7663, 15.4579,
2.8194

■ 52.8999, 37.2148,
73.1668

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.3161, 20.1640, 17.1984



17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858



17.2453, 20.1640, 21.5216

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858



19.0133, 20.1640, 28.1548



21.0199, 20.1640, 19.5779

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858



18.6387, 17.9322, 22.5585

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.2228, 20.1640, 22.3945



17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858



20.0403, 20.1640, 27.5170

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858



18.0612, 20.1640, 27.0127



20.8582, 20.1640, 25.3403



20.3134, 20.1640, 17.5719

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858



17.3085, 20.1640, 23.5284



20.8582, 20.1640, 25.3403



21.1503, 20.1640, 20.4537

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.5671, 20.1649, 18.8862



34.2196, 37.0876, 38.4123



19.4531, 21.1437, 18.6788



7.9416, 8.6494, 8.8836



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.5671, 20.1649, 18.8862



29.8810, 34.9972, 31.6028



18.0118, 20.3428, 21.2282



4.2868, 4.8230, 4.6814



7.7007, 15.3269, 2.7967



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.6387, 17.9322, 22.5585



32.1470, 30.2762, 39.3676



18.1678, 17.7439, 20.0785



4.4862, 4.4076, 5.3647



12.1567, 5.8824, 17.9468



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

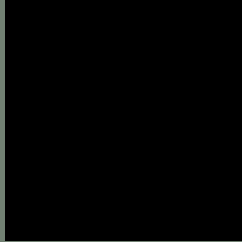
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.5665, 20.1640,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858

Protanopia

19.0608, 20.0029, 18.1856

Deuteranopia

20.5163, 20.1829, 19.3374



Tritanopia

18.9092, 20.1295, 25.8104

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858

Protanomaly

18.4826, 20.0704, 18.5226

Deuteranomaly

19.3834, 20.1495, 19.0873

Tritanomaly

18.3619, 20.0989, 22.9904

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858

Achromatopsia

18.4984, 19.4618, 21.1939

Achromatomaly

18.1452, 19.6692, 20.2929

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 128, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 128, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 128, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 128, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 128, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 128, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 128, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 128, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 128, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 128,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.5665, 20.1640, 18.8858 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 128, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
128, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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