

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.6358, 17.4830, 14.5698)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.6358, 17.4830, 14.5698)
contains.

XYZ(17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(17.6101, 17.4140,
14.4897)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	847064
RGB	132, 112, 100
RGB Percent	52%, 44%, 39%
CMY	0.4824, 0.5608, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.24, 0.48
HSL	23°, 14%, 45%
HSV	23°, 24%, 52%
XYZ	17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897
YIQ	116.6120, 15.7720, 0.5080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

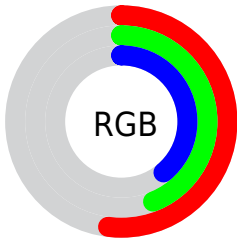
Format	Color
R_{YB}	132, 119, 100
Decimal	8679524
CIE Lab	48.78, 5.83, 9.58
CIE LCh	49, 11.212, 58.667
Yxy	17.4140, 0.3557, 0.3517
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286869604 (0xFF847064)
YUV	116.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953
Hunter-Lab	41.7301, 2.2994, 8.6241

Details

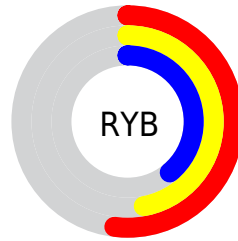
The XYZ color **17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **16.1366, 17.8076, 24.4164**, and the grayscale version is **16.8100, 17.6855, 19.2595**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.8690, 39.0996, 34.7765**, and **5.9557, 5.7177, 4.1579** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1536, 15.4418, 11.1034**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.2545, 19.5960, 18.4498**.

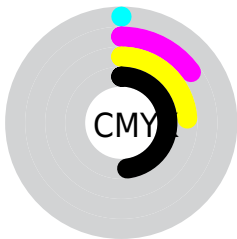
Distribution



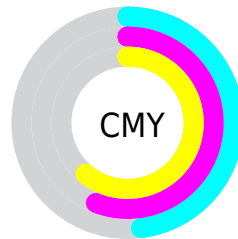
- Red (52%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.6101, 17.4140,
14.4897

■ 17.6101, 17.4140,
14.4897

231.7524,
237.5470, 231.7898

■ 10.7684, 10.5301,
8.3194

■ 38.9071, 39.0362,
34.6850

■ 5.9775, 5.7518,
4.2093

■ 54.0932, 54.5433,
49.5471

■ 2.8719, 2.6948,
1.7409

■ 72.7914, 73.6937,
68.1435

■ 1.0864, 0.9745,
0.3885

■ 95.3671, 96.8716,
90.8928

■ 0.0137, 0.0000,
0.0000

122.1858,
124.4614, 118.2136

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

153.6126,

156.8477, 150.5243

190.0130,
194.4148, 188.2435

■ 17.6101, 17.4140,
14.4897

■ 17.6101, 17.4140,
14.4897

■ 16.1536, 15.4418,
11.1034

■ 19.2545, 19.5960,
18.4498

■ 14.8763, 13.6705,
8.2629

■ 21.0922, 21.9916,
23.0077

■ 13.7710, 12.0942,
5.9394

■ 23.1301, 24.6075,
28.1876

■ 12.8295, 10.7056,
4.1008

■ 25.3742, 27.4492,
34.0117

■ 12.0425, 9.4971,
2.7119

■ 27.8304, 30.5222,
40.5014

■ 11.3998, 8.4601,
1.7320

■ 30.5044, 33.8317,
47.6768

■ 10.8888, 7.5850,
1.1084

■ 33.4015, 37.3828,
55.5575

■ 10.6356, 7.1453,
0.8186

■ 36.5269, 41.1805,
64.1621

■ 39.8856, 45.2293,
73.5084

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.3633, 17.4140, 16.3514



17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897



16.5979, 17.4140, 13.8060

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897



14.6371, 17.4140, 18.8284



17.5265, 17.4140, 24.4254

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897



16.1366, 17.8076, 24.4164

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.5052, 17.4140, 25.2616



17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897



14.8630, 17.4140, 21.8342

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897



14.9062, 17.4140, 16.1438



15.5362, 17.4140, 24.2685



18.3136, 17.4140, 22.0879

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897



15.9215, 17.4140, 14.0492



15.5362, 17.4140, 24.2685



17.1979, 17.4140, 24.9015

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.6106, 17.4148, 14.4901



36.1746, 37.4688, 38.0767



17.4793, 15.3826, 19.9022



8.3867, 8.6774, 8.7767



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.6106, 17.4148, 14.4901



29.5935, 28.7526, 22.1769



19.5004, 21.1945, 15.1200



4.8051, 4.9538, 4.9323



10.3028, 6.9282, 0.7943



0.0423, 0.0372, 0.0050

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.1366, 17.8076, 24.4164



26.5355, 29.5641, 42.7610



14.3978, 14.3299, 23.8368



4.6587, 4.9931, 5.9190



6.9950, 7.5379, 22.2230



0.0313, 0.0402, 0.0793

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

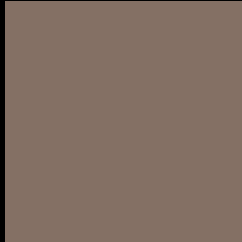
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897.

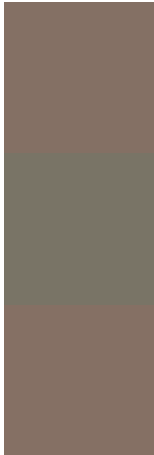


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.6101, 17.4140,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897

Protanopia

16.5288, 17.5150, 15.0800

Deuteranopia

17.7673, 17.4950, 14.4970



Tritanopia

18.5702, 17.3136, 19.5026

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897

Protanomaly

16.9371, 17.5610, 14.8089

Deuteranomaly

17.7673, 17.4950, 14.4970

Tritanomaly

18.1180, 17.2861, 17.4206

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897

Achromatopsia

16.9083, 17.7888, 19.3720

Achromatomaly

17.0260, 17.5467, 17.5284

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 112, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 112, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 112, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 112, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 112, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 112, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 112, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 112, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 112, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 112,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.6101, 17.4140, 14.4897 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 112, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
112, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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