

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.6781, 17.7258, 22.7396)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.6781, 17.7258, 22.7396)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.7727, 17.8130,  
22.9236)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	787380
RGB	120, 115, 128
RGB Percent	47%, 45%, 50%
CMY	0.5294, 0.5490, 0.4980
CMYK	0.06, 0.10, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	263°, 5%, 48%
HSV	263°, 10%, 50%
XYZ	17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236
YIQ	117.9770, -1.1930, 5.1030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	120, 115, 128
Decimal	7893888
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.27, 4.59, -6.45
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 7.913, 305.438
Yxy	17.8130, 0.3038, 0.3044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286083968 (0xFF787380)
YUV	117.9770, 4.9413, 1.7742
Hunter-Lab	42.2054, 1.3067, -2.6591

# Details

The XYZ color **17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **18.9827, 20.8876, 19.2517**, and the grayscale version is **17.1984, 18.0940, 19.7044**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.1725, 39.7443, 49.3229**, and **6.0909, 5.9565, 8.2258** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.3654, 14.5540, 22.4217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.4737, 21.5253, 23.4981**.

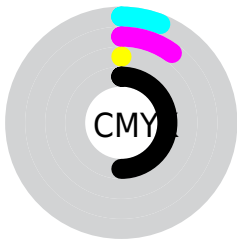
# Distribution



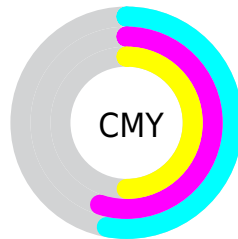
- Red (47%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.7727, 17.8130,  
22.9236

■ 17.7727, 17.8130,  
22.9236

232.6572,  
239.8149, 280.4415

■ 10.8856, 10.8158,  
14.3323

■ 39.1828, 39.7184,  
49.1895

■ 6.0567, 5.9431,  
8.2108

■ 54.4364, 55.3955,  
67.7011

■ 2.9206, 2.8105,  
4.1404

■ 73.2097, 74.7345,  
90.3567

■ 1.1119, 1.0336,  
1.7027

■ 95.8679, 98.1201,  
117.5746

■ 0.0350, 0.0000,  
0.3626

122.7764,  
125.9365, 149.7736

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

154.3005,

158.5682, 187.3720

190.8057,  
196.3995, 230.7885

■ 17.7727, 17.8130,  
22.9236

■ 17.7727, 17.8130,  
22.9236

■ 15.3654, 14.5540,  
22.4217

■ 20.4737, 21.5253,  
23.4981

■ 13.2397, 11.7282,  
21.9883

■ 23.4767, 25.7053,  
24.1466

■ 11.3850, 9.3176,  
21.6208

■ 26.7916, 30.3696,  
24.8722

■ 9.7895, 7.3017,  
21.3157

■ 30.4275, 35.5334,  
25.6773

■ 8.4403, 5.6586,  
21.0697

■ 34.3929, 41.2110,  
26.5642

7.3233, 4.3638,  
20.8786

38.6961, 47.4163,  
27.5351

6.4230, 3.3900,  
20.7381

43.3452, 54.1627,  
28.5922

5.7212, 2.7055,  
20.6430

48.3478, 61.4629,  
29.7377

5.1736, 2.2170,  
20.5776

53.7114, 69.3294,  
30.9734

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.0665, 17.8130, 23.7604



17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236



18.2637, 17.8130, 21.1463

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236



17.5316, 17.8130, 15.9068



15.5479, 17.8130, 19.7857

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236



18.9827, 20.8876, 19.2517

# Split Complementary

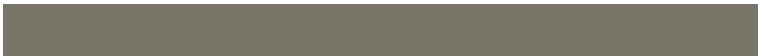
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.6643, 17.8130, 17.7438



17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236



16.7957, 17.8130, 15.6006

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236



18.1216, 17.8130, 17.1183



16.1158, 17.8130, 16.2490



15.7932, 17.8130, 21.8658



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236



18.3952, 17.8130, 19.7226



16.1158, 17.8130, 16.2490



15.5461, 17.8130, 19.0717

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7732, 17.8138, 22.9240



34.6068, 35.9098, 41.0636



18.0521, 19.3740, 23.2104



8.0190, 8.2926, 9.5963



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7732, 17.8138, 22.9240



30.3503, 30.0805, 40.1628



18.7032, 18.2932, 22.9675



4.2531, 4.2861, 5.4164



5.1314, 2.1990, 20.4039



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.6086, 18.2815, 21.2877



32.1112, 31.0668, 36.6977



18.0856, 20.4251, 19.2097



4.4302, 4.3852, 5.0701



10.2192, 5.1074, 7.7441



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.7727, 17.8130,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236

### Protanopia

17.4103, 17.7888, 23.2848

### Deuteranopia

18.0820, 17.8041, 22.9056



## Tritanopia

17.5548, 17.8934, 21.9306

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236

## Protanomaly

17.5440, 17.8577, 23.2911

## Deuteranomaly

17.9396, 17.7307, 22.8989

## Tritanomaly

17.6190, 17.9191, 22.2688

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236

## Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

## Achromatomaly

17.4819, 18.0497, 20.9749

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 115, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 115, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 115, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 115, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

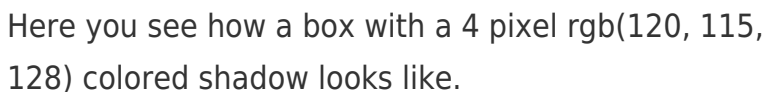
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 115, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 115, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 115, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 115, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 115, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 115, 128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.7727, 17.8130, 22.9236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 115, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
115, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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