

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.6805, 18.7326, 22.9338)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.6805, 18.7326, 22.9338)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.8039, 18.8781,
23.1275)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	737980
RGB	115, 121, 128
RGB Percent	45%, 47%, 50%
CMY	0.5490, 0.5255, 0.4980
CMYK	0.10, 0.05, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	212°, 5%, 48%
HSV	212°, 10%, 50%
XYZ	17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275
YIQ	120.0040, -5.8230, 0.9050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

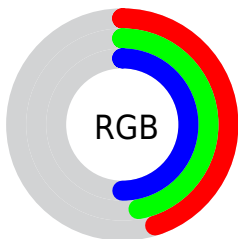
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 119, 128
Decimal	7567744
CIE _{Lab}	50.54, -0.74, -4.60
CIE _{LCh}	51, 4.659, 260.818
Yxy	18.8781, 0.2977, 0.3156
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285757824 (0xFF737980)
YUV	120.0040, 3.9420, -4.3885
Hunter-Lab	43.4489, -2.8924, -1.1453

Details

The XYZ color **17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **18.9562, 19.7460, 19.0323**, and the grayscale version is **17.8435, 18.7727, 20.4435**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.2204, 41.4388, 49.6474**, and **6.1086, 6.5229, 8.3342** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.4286, 16.4551, 22.7853**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.4738, 21.5429, 23.5014**.

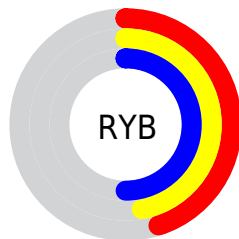
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (47%)

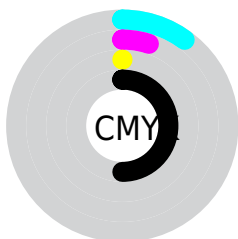
Blue (50%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (50%)

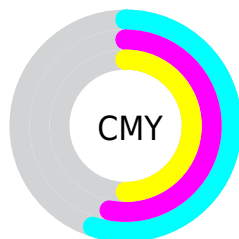


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.8039, 18.8781,
23.1275

■ 17.8039, 18.8781,
23.1275

232.8304,
245.7750, 281.5223

■ 10.9081, 11.5822,
14.4815

■ 39.2356, 41.5280,
49.5284

■ 6.0719, 6.4599,
8.3137

■ 54.5022, 57.6509,
68.1205

■ 2.9299, 3.1267,
4.2057

■ 73.2899, 77.4848,
90.8649

■ 1.1168, 1.1982,
1.7389

■ 95.9638, 101.4142,
118.1803

■ 0.0391, 0.0603,
0.3872

122.8895,
129.8236, 150.4852

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

154.4323,

163.0972, 188.1981

190.9575,
201.6196, 231.7377

■ 17.8039, 18.8781,
23.1275

■ 17.8039, 18.8781,
23.1275

■ 15.4286, 16.4551,
22.7853

■ 20.4738, 21.5429,
23.5014

■ 13.3356, 14.2640,
22.4727

■ 23.4470, 24.4541,
23.9066

■ 11.5138, 12.2978,
22.1892

■ 26.7338, 27.6193,
24.3444

■ 9.9509, 10.5481,
21.9338

■ 30.3433, 31.0449,
24.8153

■ 8.6335, 9.0061,
21.7056

■ 34.2845, 34.7371,
25.3203

■ 7.5469, 7.6620,
21.5035

■ 38.5658, 38.7020,
25.8599

■ 6.6746, 6.5051,
21.3261

■ 43.1955, 42.9453,
26.4349

■ 5.9976, 5.5233,
21.1723

■ 48.1816, 47.4726,
27.0460

■ 5.4652, 4.6962,
21.0407

■ 53.5315, 52.2894,
27.6938

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3963, 18.8781, 22.5578



17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275



18.2556, 18.8781, 22.9857

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275



18.7728, 18.8781, 19.6779



17.2738, 18.8781, 19.0132

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275



18.9562, 19.7460, 19.0323

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.6341, 18.8781, 18.3021



17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275



18.5012, 18.8781, 18.6745

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275



18.8201, 18.8781, 20.9572



18.0830, 18.8781, 18.1808



17.0937, 18.8781, 20.1580

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275



18.5207, 18.8781, 22.5090



18.0830, 18.8781, 18.1808



17.3776, 18.8781, 18.7176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8045, 18.8789, 23.1279



34.6233, 36.5184, 41.1802



18.2985, 20.4870, 21.3810



8.0238, 8.4679, 9.6299



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8045, 18.8789, 23.1279



30.4177, 32.2991, 40.5874



17.1547, 17.4947, 22.8950



4.2597, 4.5134, 5.4599



5.4204, 4.6593, 20.8636



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.4844, 18.2316, 20.6349



31.8508, 30.9626, 35.3268



19.6510, 21.2321, 19.2825



4.4039, 4.3747, 4.9315



9.6129, 4.8649, 4.5515



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

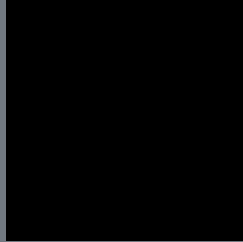
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

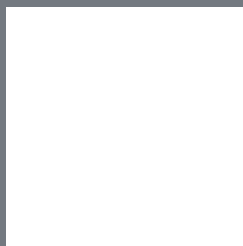
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8039, 18.8781,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275

Protanopia

18.1733, 18.7190, 22.7340

Deuteranopia

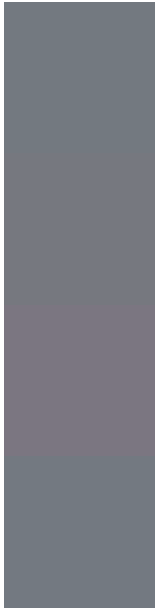
19.2258, 18.8968, 23.4030



Tritanopia

17.9369, 18.9313, 23.8278

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275

Protanomaly

18.0184, 18.8168, 22.7610

Deuteranomaly

18.6093, 18.7528, 23.4077

Tritanomaly

17.8701, 18.9046, 23.4760

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275

Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537

Achromatomaly

17.7628, 18.7146, 21.4150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 121, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 121, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 121, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 121, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

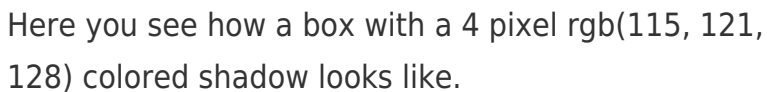
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 121, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 121, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 121, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 121, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 121, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 121, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.8039, 18.8781, 23.1275 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 121, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
121, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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