

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.6911, 18.3843, 18.7089)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.6911, 18.3843, 18.7089)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.7413, 18.4056,
18.8372)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B7673
RGB	123, 118, 115
RGB Percent	48%, 46%, 45%
CMY	0.5176, 0.5372, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.07, 0.52
HSL	23°, 3%, 47%
HSV	23°, 7%, 48%
XYZ	17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372
YIQ	119.1530, 3.9430, 0.1270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

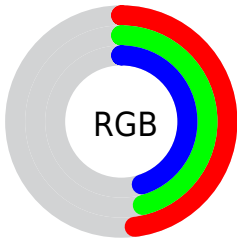
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 120, 115
Decimal	8091251
CIE Lab	49.98, 1.33, 2.32
CIE LCh	50, 2.680, 60.145
Yxy	18.4056, 0.3227, 0.3347
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286281331 (0xFF7B7673)
YUV	119.1530, -2.0474, 3.3738
Hunter-Lab	42.9017, -1.2624, 3.9983

Details

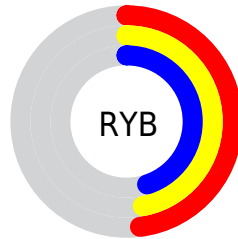
The XYZ color **17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.3618, 18.5075, 21.3963**, and the grayscale version is **17.5888, 18.5048, 20.1517**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.0290, 40.6534, 42.3491**, and **6.0273, 6.2414, 6.1972** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.2121, 16.4051, 15.0654**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.4398, 20.5930, 23.1319**.

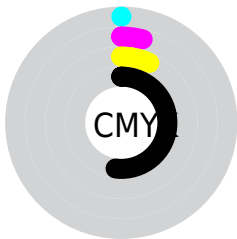
Distribution



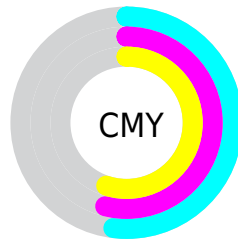
- Red (48%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.7413, 18.4056,
18.8372

■ 17.7413, 18.4056,
18.8372

232.4827,
243.1474, 257.9412

■ 10.8630, 11.2416,
11.3771

■ 39.1296, 40.7273,
42.2919

■ 6.0414, 6.2296,
6.2037

■ 54.3702, 56.6537,
59.1235

■ 2.9112, 2.9852,
2.8986

■ 73.1290, 76.2697,
79.9160

■ 1.1070, 1.1240,
1.0431

■ 95.7713, 99.9597,
105.0880

■ 0.0309, 0.0000,
0.0000

122.6625,
128.1080, 135.0580

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

154.1679,

161.0992, 170.2445

190.6528,
199.3175, 211.0660

■ 17.7413, 18.4056,
18.8372

■ 17.7413, 18.4056,
18.8372

■ 16.2121, 16.4051,
15.0654

■ 19.4398, 20.5930,
23.1319

■ 14.8451, 14.5841,
11.7951

■ 21.3111, 22.9695,
27.9673

■ 13.6350, 12.9381,
9.0053

■ 23.3608, 25.5407,
33.3619

■ 12.5758, 11.4617,
6.6730

■ 25.5937, 28.3110,
39.3329

■ 11.6609, 10.1491,
4.7732

■ 28.0142, 31.2846,
45.8968

■ 10.8831, 8.9942,
3.2787

■ 30.6268, 34.4657,
53.0694

■ 10.2346, 7.9903,
2.1588

■ 33.4358, 37.8584,
60.8659

■ 9.7066, 7.1303,
1.3788

■ 36.4452, 41.4665,
69.3011

■ 9.2839, 6.4043,
0.8703

■ 39.6591, 45.2938,
78.3892

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.9251, 18.4056, 19.3377



17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372



17.4927, 18.4056, 18.6574

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372



17.0041, 18.4056, 20.0442



17.7435, 18.4056, 21.2904

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372



17.3618, 18.5075, 21.3963

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4952, 18.4056, 21.4904



17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372



17.0698, 18.4056, 20.7602

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372



17.0686, 18.4056, 19.3438



17.2490, 18.4056, 21.2941



17.9264, 18.4056, 20.7539

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372



17.3242, 18.4056, 18.7401



17.2490, 18.4056, 21.2941



17.6648, 18.4056, 21.3998

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7418, 18.4064, 18.8376



33.0875, 34.6636, 37.0411



17.6935, 17.8304, 20.2998



7.8031, 8.1774, 8.7503



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7418, 18.4064, 18.8376



31.2861, 32.3311, 32.5248



18.2145, 19.3517, 18.9951



4.1101, 4.2387, 4.2260



9.4624, 6.3806, 0.7329



44.3770, 28.9175, 3.2427

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3618, 18.5075, 21.3963



30.4378, 32.5568, 38.2365



16.8987, 17.5813, 21.2420



3.9866, 4.2716, 5.0576



6.4270, 6.9364, 20.3854



29.8193, 31.4113, 96.9611

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

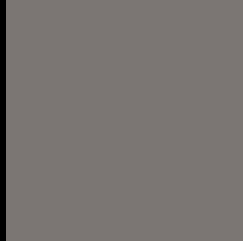
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

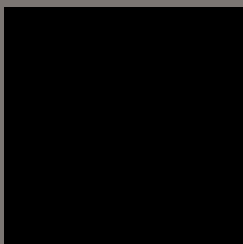
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.7413, 18.4056,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372

Protanopia

17.5990, 18.3322, 18.8306

Deuteranopia

18.7988, 18.4280, 19.0891



Tritanopia

18.4687, 18.3571, 22.3085

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372

Protanomaly

17.5990, 18.3322, 18.8306

Deuteranomaly

18.4510, 18.4189, 19.1057

Tritanomaly

18.1863, 18.4128, 21.0079

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372

Achromatopsia

17.5343, 18.4475, 20.0893

Achromatomaly

17.6126, 18.4947, 19.7811

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 118, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 118, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 118, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 118, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 118, 115) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 118, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 118, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 118, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 118, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 118,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.7413, 18.4056, 18.8372 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 118, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
118, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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