

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.6973, 7.0852, 92.8896)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.6973, 7.0852, 92.8896)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.6333, 7.0605,
92.5289)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0500FC
RGB	5, 0, 252
RGB Percent	2%, 0%, 99%
CMY	0.9801, 1.0000, 0.0118
CMYK	0.98, 1.00, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	241°, 100%, 49%
HSV	241°, 100%, 99%
XYZ	17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289
YIQ	30.2230, -77.9120, 79.4320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

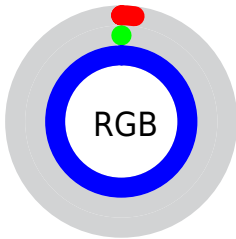
Format	Color
R _Y B	5, 0, 252
Decimal	327932
CIE Lab	31.94, 78.51, -106.78
CIE LCh	32, 132.534, 306.327
Yxy	7.0605, 0.1504, 0.0602
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278518012 (0xFF0500FC)
YUV	30.2230, 109.3361, -22.1206
Hunter-Lab	26.5716, 71.9549, -187.8624

Details

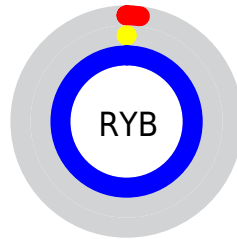
The XYZ color **17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0000FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **73.1406, 89.3809, 13.3973**, and the grayscale version is **1.1838, 1.2454, 1.3563**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.1884, 15.7914, 96.1701**, and **9.6256, 3.8503, 50.6879** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.6343, 7.0611, 92.5293**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.4514, 8.0047, 92.6684**.

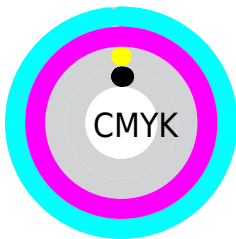
Distribution



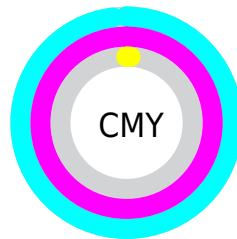
- Red (2%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.6333, 7.0605,
92.5289

■ 17.6333, 7.0605,
92.5289

231.8817,
168.1655, 557.0043

■ 10.7851, 3.5000,
69.4945

■ 38.9465, 20.0948,
152.8123

■ 5.9888, 1.3980,
50.6403

■ 54.1422, 30.3374,
190.8984

■ 2.8788, 0.2152,
35.5477

■ 72.8511, 43.5761,
234.8387

■ 1.0900, 0.0000,
23.7981

■ 95.4387, 60.1953,
285.0520

■ 0.0167, 0.0000,
14.9731

■ 122.2701, 80.5795,
341.9566


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
8.6541


■ 153.7109,


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


105.1130, 405.9712


4.4226

 190.1263,
134.1802, 477.5143

 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.8599


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.4670


 17.6333, 7.0605,
92.5289


 17.6333, 7.0605,
92.5289

 17.6343, 7.0611,
92.5293

 18.4514, 8.0047,
92.6684

 20.2748, 10.1410,
92.9846

 23.3651, 13.8112,
93.5301

 27.8963, 19.2308,
94.3374

■ 34.0151, 26.5812,
95.4337

■ 41.8503, 36.0209,
96.8428

■ 51.5173, 47.6922,
98.5860

■ 63.1218, 61.7247,
100.6830

■ 76.7611, 78.2384,
103.1516

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.2366, 7.0605, 134.1165



17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289



26.8412, 7.0605, 34.1438

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289



13.3445, 7.0605, 0.0000



0.1456, 7.0605, 12.5251

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289



73.1406, 89.3809, 13.3973

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.3981, 7.0605, 0.1301



17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289



5.3861, 7.0605, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289



23.4132, 7.0605, 0.0000



1.6000, 7.0605, 0.0000



0.7547, 7.0605, 56.9852

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289



29.6015, 7.0605, 10.3082



1.6000, 7.0605, 0.0000



0.1325, 7.0605, 5.5538

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.6343, 7.0611, 92.5293



52.9022, 48.9685, 101.2714



51.0768, 74.0404, 103.6950



10.3762, 9.3373, 21.5053



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.6343, 7.0611, 92.5293



18.1143, 7.2532, 95.0530



26.8074, 11.7900, 92.9586



16.3154, 16.6597, 21.7410



9.2004, 3.6856, 48.2000



0.8631, 0.3470, 4.4647

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.9214, 27.4061, 90.2219



58.4735, 28.1534, 92.6801



42.8083, 73.7441, 11.9778



17.9771, 17.5182, 21.7349



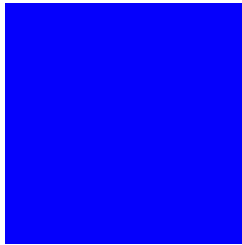
29.6580, 14.2789, 47.0348



2.7515, 1.3243, 4.3809

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

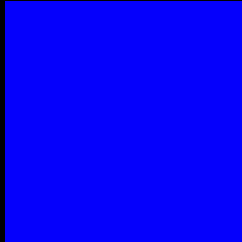
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

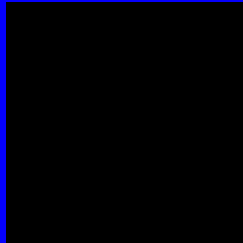
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.6333, 7.0605,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289

Protanopia

8.2815, 7.2307, 31.5310

Deuteranopia

6.8927, 7.2307, 22.5051



Tritanopia

5.0100, 7.2016, 10.3585

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289

Protanomaly

10.3358, 5.7636, 49.2829

Deuteranomaly

8.9035, 5.3893, 41.1284

Tritanomaly

6.6895, 4.7894, 28.5888

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289

Achromatopsia

1.2340, 1.2983, 1.4139

Achromatomaly

3.4114, 1.7729, 15.2013

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 0, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 0, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 0, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 0, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 0, 252) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 0, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 0, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 0, 252); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 0, 252); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 0, 252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.6333, 7.0605, 92.5289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 0, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 0,  
252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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