

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.7034, 17.7140, 17.5076)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.7034, 17.7140, 17.5076)
contains.

XYZ(17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(17.7886, 17.7715,
17.5316)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80726F
RGB	128, 114, 111
RGB Percent	50%, 45%, 44%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5529, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.13, 0.50
HSL	11°, 7%, 47%
HSV	11°, 13%, 50%
XYZ	17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316
YIQ	117.8440, 9.3070, 2.0350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

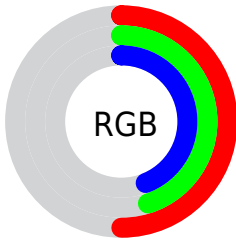
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 115, 111
Decimal	8417903
CIE _{Lab}	49.22, 4.89, 3.64
CIE _{LCh}	49, 6.097, 36.643
Yxy	17.7715, 0.3351, 0.3347
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286607983 (0xFF80726F)
YUV	117.8440, -3.3741, 8.9068
Hunter-Lab	42.1563, 1.5479, 4.8523

Details

The XYZ color **17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.7853, 19.6048, 23.2689**, and the grayscale version is **17.1796, 18.0743, 19.6829**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.3031, 39.7405, 40.2495**, and **6.0699, 5.9176, 5.5249** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.0127, 15.2679, 13.7081**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.8035, 20.5911, 21.9335**.

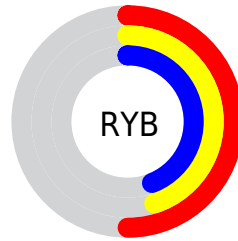
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (45%)

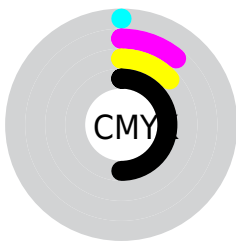
Blue (44%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (44%)

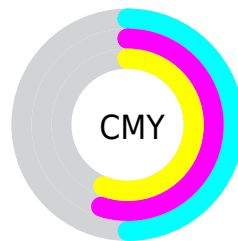


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.7886, 17.7715,
17.5316

■ 17.7886, 17.7715,
17.5316

232.7455,
239.5799, 250.3643

■ 10.8971, 10.7861,
10.4483

■ 39.2097, 39.6476,
40.0406

■ 6.0645, 5.9232,
5.5877

■ 54.4700, 55.3070,
56.3035

■ 2.9253, 2.7984,
2.5313

■ 73.2506, 74.6266,
76.4632

■ 1.1144, 1.0274,
0.8567

■ 95.9168, 97.9906,
100.9383

■ 0.0371, 0.0000,
0.0000

122.8341,
125.7836, 130.1475

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

154.3677,

158.3899, 164.5092

190.8830,
196.1939, 204.4419

■ 17.7886, 17.7715,
17.5316

■ 17.7886, 17.7715,
17.5316

■ 16.0127, 15.2679,
13.7081

■ 19.8035, 20.5911,
21.9335

■ 14.4655, 13.0670,
10.4378

■ 22.0643, 23.7347,
26.9354

■ 13.1380, 11.1578,
7.6954

■ 24.5796, 27.2131,
32.5591

■ 12.0199, 9.5282,
5.4530

■ 27.3570, 31.0358,
38.8248

■ 11.1004, 8.1648,
3.6803

■ 30.4038, 35.2119,
45.7521

■ 10.3675, 7.0533,
2.3436

■ 33.7272, 39.7503,
53.3595

■ 9.8077, 6.1779,
1.4046

■ 37.3337, 44.6593,
61.6650

■ 9.4057, 5.5209,
0.8169

■ 41.2301, 49.9472,
70.6857

■ 9.2008, 5.1865,
0.5162

■ 45.4226, 55.6220,
80.4383

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.0067, 17.7715, 18.9883



17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316



17.3308, 17.7715, 16.6018

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316



15.9022, 17.7715, 18.1288



17.0188, 17.7715, 22.6482

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316



17.7853, 19.6048, 23.2689

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.4593, 17.7715, 22.3862



17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316



15.8229, 17.7715, 19.7166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316



16.2437, 17.7715, 16.9328



16.0247, 17.7715, 21.2903



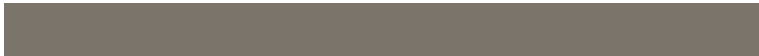
17.5558, 17.7715, 21.9873

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316



16.9557, 17.7715, 16.3748



16.0247, 17.7715, 21.2903



16.8270, 17.7715, 22.6657

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7891, 17.7723, 17.5320



34.5633, 35.8300, 37.9497



18.2990, 17.4432, 21.8604



8.0346, 8.3083, 8.7585



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7891, 17.7723, 17.5320



30.3108, 29.8713, 28.6825



18.7720, 19.7381, 17.8596



4.3845, 4.4577, 4.5495



9.1240, 5.1444, 0.5121



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.7853, 19.6048, 23.2689



30.3023, 33.7656, 40.8766



16.7745, 17.5833, 22.9319



4.3839, 4.7618, 5.5013



8.9131, 11.6447, 22.0278



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

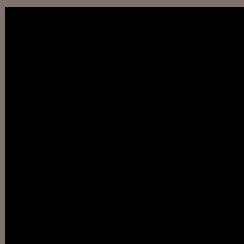
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

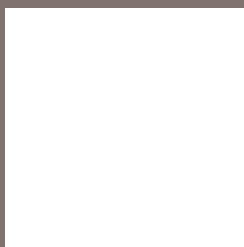
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316.

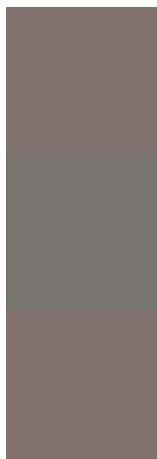


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.7886, 17.7715,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316

Protanopia

17.0316, 17.8855, 17.8838

Deuteranopia

18.1344, 17.7832, 17.5156



Tritanopia

18.2986, 17.6359, 20.5288

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316

Protanomaly

17.3384, 17.8716, 17.8650

Deuteranomaly

17.9803, 17.7038, 17.5084

Tritanomaly

18.1693, 17.7617, 19.3004

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316

Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

Achromatomaly

17.4818, 18.0980, 18.7915

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 114, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 114, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 114, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 114, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 114, 111) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 114, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 114, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 114, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 114, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 114,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.7886, 17.7715, 17.5316 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 114, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
114, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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