

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.7152, 16.9669, 19.8994)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.7152, 16.9669, 19.8994)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.8078, 17.0730,
19.8096)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	806E77
RGB	128, 110, 119
RGB Percent	50%, 43%, 47%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5686, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.07, 0.50
HSL	330°, 8%, 47%
HSV	330°, 14%, 50%
XYZ	17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096
YIQ	116.4080, 7.8390, 6.6150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

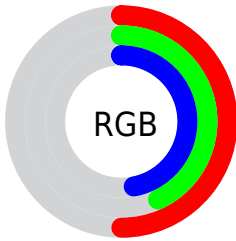
Format	Color
R _Y B	128, 110, 119
Decimal	8416887
CIE Lab	48.35, 8.73, -2.38
CIE LCh	48, 9.045, 344.771
Yxy	17.0730, 0.3256, 0.3122
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286606967 (0xFF806E77)
YUV	116.4080, 1.2779, 10.1662
Hunter-Lab	41.3195, 4.6205, 0.4985

Details

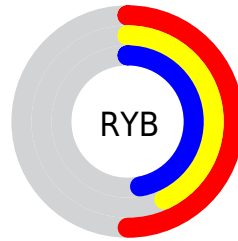
The XYZ color **17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **17.4800, 20.0857, 20.4094**, and the grayscale version is **16.7207, 17.5915, 19.1571**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.3271, 38.6047, 43.9068**, and **6.0844, 5.5624, 6.7142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1538, 14.3595, 17.4252**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.6882, 20.1974, 22.3976**.

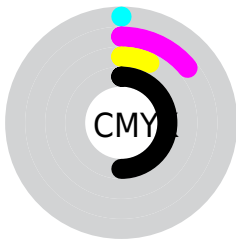
Distribution



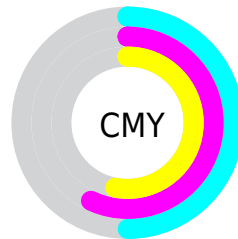
- Red (50%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.8078, 17.0730,
19.8096

■ 17.8078, 17.0730,
19.8096

232.8521,
235.5927, 263.4526

■ 10.9109, 10.2866,
12.0740

■ 39.2422, 38.4512,
43.9525

■ 6.0738, 5.5894,
6.6710

■ 54.5105, 53.8118,
61.1969

■ 2.9311, 2.5970,
3.1819

■ 73.2999, 72.7993,
82.4480

■ 1.1174, 0.9252,
1.1882

■ 95.9758, 95.7979,
108.1243

■ 0.0396, 0.0000,
0.0000

122.9037,
123.1922, 138.6444

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

154.4488,

155.3665, 174.4267

190.9764,
192.7052, 215.8899

■ 17.8078, 17.0730,
19.8096

■ 17.8078, 17.0730,
19.8096

■ 16.1538, 14.3595,
17.4252

■ 19.6882, 20.1974,
22.3976

■ 14.7158, 12.0374,
15.2378

■ 21.8019, 23.7466,
25.1935

■ 13.4845, 10.0890,
13.2421

■ 24.1577, 27.7367,
28.2025

■ 12.4495, 8.4943,
11.4318

■ 26.7630, 32.1823,
31.4296

■ 11.5994, 7.2315,
9.8005

■ 29.6253, 37.0973,
34.8795

■ 10.9218, 6.2763,
8.3411

■ 32.7514, 42.4949,
38.5566

■ 10.4021, 5.6009,
7.0458

■ 36.1482, 48.3879,
42.4653

■ 10.0218, 5.1691,
5.9054

■ 39.8221, 54.7885,
46.6098

■ 9.8274, 4.9593,
5.2885

■ 43.7794, 61.7087,
50.9944

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3713, 17.0730, 22.0076



17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096



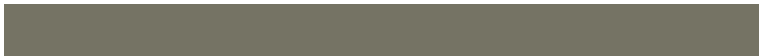
17.8113, 17.0730, 17.4544

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096



15.8260, 17.0730, 14.5309



15.1263, 17.0730, 21.9789

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096



17.4800, 20.0857, 20.4094

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.7403, 17.0730, 19.7730



17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096



15.1348, 17.0730, 15.5452

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096



16.6480, 17.0730, 14.5389



14.7433, 17.0730, 17.4207



15.8139, 17.0730, 23.3305

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096



17.5666, 17.0730, 16.1155



14.7433, 17.0730, 17.4207



14.9580, 17.0730, 21.3048

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8083, 17.0738, 19.8100



34.6526, 35.5417, 39.4191



17.0806, 16.6332, 22.7326



8.0588, 8.2305, 9.1557



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8083, 17.0738, 19.8100



30.3404, 28.3904, 33.4405



17.2931, 16.8677, 17.0971



4.4104, 4.3773, 4.9657



9.7451, 4.9177, 5.2476



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8083, 17.0738, 19.8100



30.3404, 28.3904, 33.4405



18.0464, 20.3122, 23.3918



4.4104, 4.3773, 4.9657



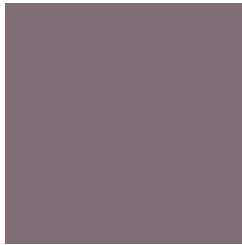
9.7451, 4.9177, 5.2476



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

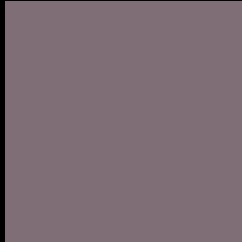
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

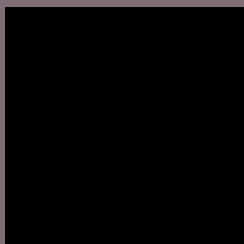
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8078, 17.0730,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096

Protanopia

16.6004, 17.0846, 20.8351

Deuteranopia

17.3264, 16.9859, 19.8182



Tritanopia

17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096

Protanomaly

17.1020, 17.1838, 20.5046

Deuteranomaly

17.4717, 17.0608, 19.8250

Tritanomaly

17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096

Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191

Achromatomaly

16.9739, 17.3121, 19.2766

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 110, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 110, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 110, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 110, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 110, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 110, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 110, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 110, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 110, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 110,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.8078, 17.0730, 19.8096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 110, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
110, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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