

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.7180, 27.7749, 28.4884)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.7180, 27.7749, 28.4884)
contains.

XYZ(17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(17.7215, 27.7858,
28.4739)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	10A28A
RGB	16, 162, 138
RGB Percent	6%, 64%, 54%
CMY	0.9372, 0.3647, 0.4588
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.15, 0.36
HSL	170°, 82%, 35%
HSV	170°, 90%, 64%
XYZ	17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739
YIQ	115.6100, -79.3120, -38.4160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

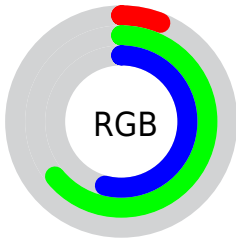
Format	Color
R_{YB}	16, 96, 162
Decimal	1090186
CIE _{Lab}	59.69, -40.63, 2.61
CIE _{LCh}	60, 40.711, 176.322
Yxy	27.7858, 0.2395, 0.3756
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279280266 (0xFF10A28A)
YUV	115.6100, 11.0383, -87.3580
Hunter-Lab	52.7122, -32.2359, 4.8715

Details

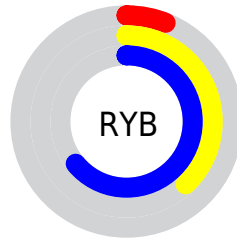
The XYZ color **17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **15.4697, 8.2061, 2.7777**, and the grayscale version is **16.4678, 17.3254, 18.8674**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.1947, 56.3373, 58.0986**, and **7.2301, 11.6419, 11.0986** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.3199, 27.6012, 27.4724**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3060, 28.0652, 29.5210**.

Distribution



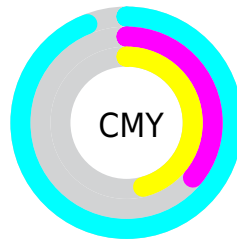
- Red (6%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.7215, 27.7858,
28.4739

■ 17.7215, 27.7858,
28.4739

232.3726,
291.4420, 308.7074

■ 10.8487, 18.1643,
18.4411

■ 39.0960, 56.1423,
58.2723

■ 6.0317, 11.0680,
11.0944

■ 54.3284, 75.6460,
78.8750

■ 2.9052, 6.1126,
6.0154

■ 73.0781, 99.2126,
103.8380

■ 1.1038, 2.9137,
2.7855

■ 95.7104, 127.2264,
133.5800

■ 0.0283, 1.0868,
0.9862

■ 122.5906,
160.0718, 168.5193

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 154.0842,

198.1333, 209.0746

190.5564,
241.7952, 255.6645

■ 17.7215, 27.7858,
28.4739

■ 17.7215, 27.7858,
28.4739

■ 17.3199, 27.6012,
27.4724

■ 18.3060, 28.0652,
29.5210

■ 19.1423, 28.4733,
30.6041

■ 20.2632, 29.0274,
31.7256

■ 21.6959, 29.7418,
32.8869

■ 23.4644, 30.6287,
34.0892

■ 25.5903, 31.6993,
35.3338

■ 28.0934, 32.9638,
36.6218

■ 30.9921, 34.4317,
37.9542

■ 34.3036, 36.1117,
39.3318

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.0075, 27.7858, 17.1132



17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739



18.5027, 27.7858, 44.6248

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739



31.0401, 27.7858, 63.3876



32.2796, 27.7858, 12.2802

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739



15.4697, 8.2061, 2.7777

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.2984, 27.7858, 19.3563



17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739



35.5201, 27.7858, 48.8263

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739



25.7805, 27.7858, 68.2163



37.5545, 27.7858, 32.1068



27.0488, 27.7858, 9.8827

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739



20.1537, 27.7858, 55.6975



37.5545, 27.7858, 32.1068



33.8420, 27.7858, 14.0497

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7223, 27.7869, 28.4746



47.5696, 58.1081, 64.7442



13.9031, 26.3371, 4.8417



10.3746, 12.8947, 14.3739



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7223, 27.7869, 28.4746



31.3772, 50.0806, 49.5309



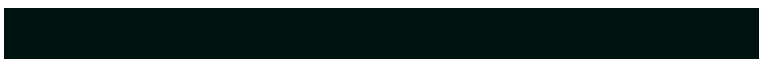
12.6790, 14.6055, 36.3345



7.2259, 7.9912, 8.8012



13.6580, 21.7496, 21.7134



0.2995, 0.4620, 0.5222

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.4697, 8.2061, 2.7777



27.3510, 14.0652, 2.8477



16.8664, 11.4630, 1.8145



7.1191, 7.1041, 7.6135



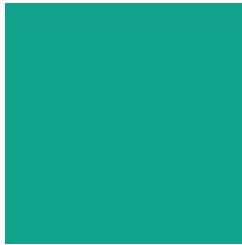
11.9026, 6.1171, 1.4119



0.2627, 0.1336, 0.0962

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

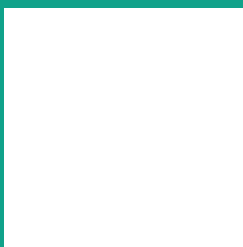
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739.

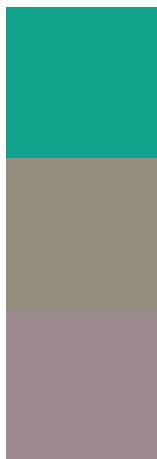


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.7215, 27.7858,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739

Protanopia

25.8982, 27.2679, 23.9769

Deuteranopia

27.7567, 27.2280, 29.7792



Tritanopia

20.4850, 27.6206, 42.2818

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739



Protanomaly

20.2110, 25.9003, 25.4068



Deuteranomaly

21.0671, 25.7938, 29.0676



Tritanomaly

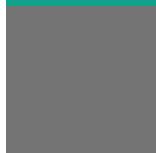
19.2972, 27.6400, 36.6657

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739



Achromatopsia

16.6002, 17.4647, 19.0191



Achromatomaly

15.3339, 19.9358, 22.1086

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 162, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 162, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 162, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 162, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 162, 138) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 162, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(16, 162, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(16, 162, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 162, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 162,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.7215, 27.7858, 28.4739 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 162, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 162,  
138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor