

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.7343, 17.6678, 17.8632)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.7343, 17.6678, 17.8632)
contains.

XYZ(17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(17.8440, 17.7937,
17.8233)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	807270
RGB	128, 114, 112
RGB Percent	50%, 45%, 44%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5529, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.12, 0.50
HSL	8°, 7%, 47%
HSV	8°, 12%, 50%
XYZ	17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233
YIQ	117.9580, 8.9860, 2.3460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

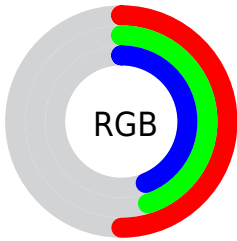
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 114, 112
Decimal	8417904
CIE _{Lab}	49.24, 5.07, 3.09
CIE _{LCh}	49, 5.937, 31.316
Yxy	17.7937, 0.3338, 0.3328
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286607984 (0xFF807270)
YUV	117.9580, -2.9373, 8.8068
Hunter-Lab	42.1826, 1.6892, 4.4761

Details

The XYZ color **17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **18.0390, 19.9244, 23.3172**, and the grayscale version is **17.2141, 18.1106, 19.7224**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.3931, 39.7765, 40.7234**, and **6.0981, 5.9289, 5.6735** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.9948, 15.1558, 13.9371**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.9502, 20.7831, 22.2955**.

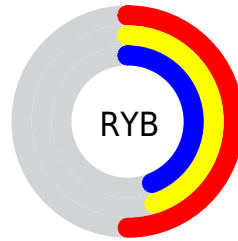
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (45%)

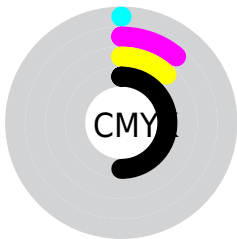
Blue (44%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (44%)

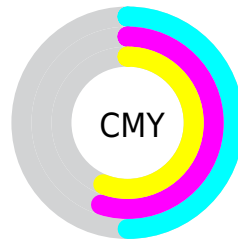


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.8440, 17.7937,
17.8233

■ 17.8440, 17.7937,
17.8233

233.0529,
239.7057, 252.0758

■ 10.9371, 10.8020,
10.6551

■ 39.3035, 39.6855,
40.5459

■ 6.0915, 5.9338,
5.7242

■ 54.5868, 55.3543,
56.9373

■ 2.9420, 2.8049,
2.6120

■ 73.3928, 74.6843,
77.2402

■ 1.1232, 1.0307,
0.8987

■ 96.0871, 98.0599,
101.8731

■ 0.0444, 0.0000,
0.0000

123.0349,
125.8654, 131.2546

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

154.6015,

158.4853, 165.8032

191.1524,
196.3039, 205.9374

■ 17.8440, 17.7937,
17.8233

■ 17.8440, 17.7937,
17.8233

■ 15.9948, 15.1558,
13.9371

■ 19.9502, 20.7831,
22.2955

■ 14.3913, 12.8541,
10.6116

■ 22.3212, 24.1336,
27.3754

■ 13.0235, 10.8758,
7.8211

■ 24.9663, 27.8578,
33.0850

■ 11.8802, 9.2063,
5.5377

■ 27.8939, 31.9666,
39.4448

■ 10.9494, 7.8301,
3.7307

■ 31.1121, 36.4706,
46.4746

■ 10.2177, 6.7301,
2.3663

■ 34.6285, 41.3801,
54.1930

■ 9.6702, 5.8875,
1.4062

■ 38.4507, 46.7048,
62.6181

■ 9.2901, 5.2810,
0.8054

■ 42.5857, 52.4542,
71.7674

■ 9.0877, 4.9604,
0.4785

■ 47.0406, 58.6375,
81.6575

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.0059, 17.7937, 19.3039



17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233



17.4317, 17.7937, 16.8060

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233



15.9900, 17.7937, 17.9390



16.9370, 17.7937, 22.6056

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233



18.0390, 19.9244, 23.3172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.4035, 17.7937, 22.1919



17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233



15.8640, 17.7937, 19.4449

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233



16.3618, 17.7937, 16.8701



16.0138, 17.7937, 21.0128



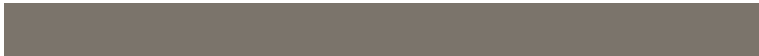
17.4752, 17.7937, 22.1148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233



17.0746, 17.7937, 16.4975



16.0138, 17.7937, 21.0128



16.7512, 17.7937, 22.5675

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8445, 17.7945, 17.8237



34.5041, 35.7116, 37.9300



18.4709, 17.6876, 22.2244



8.0186, 8.2763, 8.7532



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8445, 17.7945, 17.8237



30.4460, 29.9461, 29.3309



18.7700, 19.6455, 18.1322



4.3678, 4.4244, 4.5439



9.0117, 4.9199, 0.4747



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.0390, 19.9244, 23.3172



30.8584, 34.4629, 40.9819



17.0727, 17.9918, 22.9950



4.4020, 4.7980, 5.5074



9.6071, 13.0328, 22.2592



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

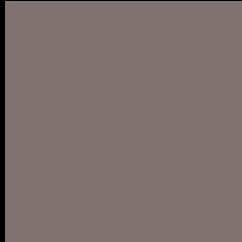
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8440, 17.7937,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233

Protanopia

17.0877, 17.9079, 18.1787

Deuteranopia

18.0357, 17.7259, 17.8001



Tritanopia

18.4096, 17.8579, 20.5658

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233

Protanomaly

17.3944, 17.8940, 18.1599

Deuteranomaly

17.8830, 17.6472, 17.7930

Tritanomaly

18.2284, 17.7854, 19.6117

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233

Achromatopsia

17.2197, 18.1164, 19.7288

Achromatomaly

17.5397, 18.1211, 19.0963

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 114, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 114, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 114, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 114, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 114, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 114, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 114, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 114, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 114, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 114,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.8440, 17.7937, 17.8233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 114, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
114, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor