

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.7433, 9.2807, 85.6327)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.7433, 9.2807, 85.6327)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.7575, 9.3136,
85.6558)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1037F3
RGB	16, 55, 243
RGB Percent	6%, 22%, 95%
CMY	0.9371, 0.7843, 0.0471
CMYK	0.93, 0.77, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	230°, 90%, 51%
HSV	230°, 93%, 95%
XYZ	17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558
YIQ	64.7710, -83.5920, 50.2000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

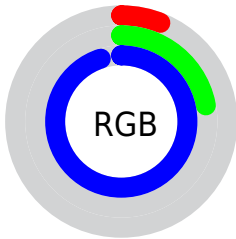
Format	Color
R _Y B	16, 49, 243
Decimal	1062899
CIE Lab	36.58, 59.19, -93.97
CIE LCh	37, 111.059, 302.208
Yxy	9.3136, 0.1575, 0.0826
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279252979 (0xFF1037F3)
YUV	64.7710, 87.8669, -42.7722
Hunter-Lab	30.5182, 50.4563, -145.0473

Details

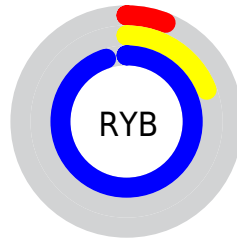
The XYZ color **17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **58.6613, 62.3025, 9.4259**, and the grayscale version is **4.8720, 5.1257, 5.5819**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.3364, 20.9025, 97.0434**, and **8.8329, 3.6547, 46.1388** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.9952, 8.1060, 85.4632**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.5910, 11.9784, 86.0739**.

Distribution



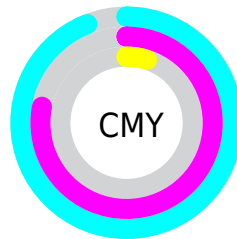
- Red (6%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.7575, 9.3136,
85.6558

■ 17.7575, 9.3136,
85.6558

232.5727,
185.7004, 533.9967

■ 10.8747, 4.9463,
63.8301

■ 39.1570, 24.4962,
143.1714

■ 6.0493, 2.2158,
46.0678

■ 54.4044, 36.0803,
179.6983

■ 2.9160, 0.7286,
31.9503

■ 73.1706, 50.8387,
221.9628

■ 1.1095, 0.0000,
21.0590

■ 95.8212, 69.1559,
270.3833

■ 0.0330, 0.0000,
12.9755

■ 122.7213, 91.4163,
325.3784

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
7.2811

■ 154.2363,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

118.0043, 387.3666

3.5574

190.7317,
149.3042, 456.7665

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.3858

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.1306

■ 17.7575, 9.3136,
85.6558

■ 17.7575, 9.3136,
85.6558

■ 16.9952, 8.1060,
85.4632

■ 19.5910, 11.9784,
86.0739

■ 22.4497, 15.8135,
86.6634

■ 26.4673, 20.9419,
87.4416

■ 31.7557, 27.4703,
88.4230

■ 38.4132, 35.4938,
89.6208

■ 46.5282, 45.0989,
91.0470

■ 56.1816, 56.3654,
92.7129

■ 67.4483, 69.3677,
94.6288

■ 80.3980, 84.1756,
96.8045

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.3631, 9.3136, 111.5741



17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558



26.0761, 9.3136, 39.3345

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558



16.4120, 9.3136, 0.0000



1.1766, 9.3136, 11.6454

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558



58.6613, 62.3025, 9.4259

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.6094, 9.3136, 0.7891



17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558



8.3604, 9.3136, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558



25.0595, 9.3136, 0.2711



3.5701, 9.3136, 0.0000



1.7757, 9.3136, 45.7980

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558



29.0181, 9.3136, 16.0798



3.5701, 9.3136, 0.0000



1.2057, 9.3136, 5.8806

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7582, 9.3137, 85.6561



57.4284, 56.7748, 102.5396



42.8541, 68.4476, 66.4537



11.3247, 11.0205, 21.7802



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7582, 9.3137, 85.6561



18.9419, 9.0037, 95.3473



20.3802, 8.9137, 85.4407



15.8110, 16.3863, 20.8721



9.3940, 4.5817, 46.9273



0.8896, 0.5306, 4.1458

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.8378, 19.7025, 5.4226



41.6902, 21.4401, 4.3005



48.9679, 72.8117, 11.9653



16.6152, 16.5289, 17.7201



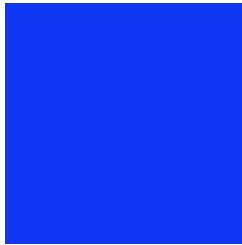
20.5461, 10.5619, 2.3184



1.8381, 0.9412, 0.3738

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

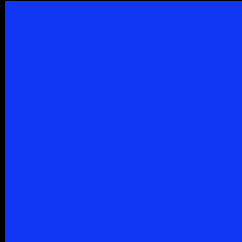
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.7575, 9.3136,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558

Protanopia

10.5601, 9.0517, 40.7257

Tritanopia

6.3443, 9.0853, 13.2236

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558

Protanomaly

12.5855, 8.7507, 54.4518

Tritanomaly

8.5297, 8.0104, 30.3748

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558

Achromatopsia

5.0244, 5.2861, 5.7565

Achromatomaly

6.8703, 5.5535, 21.8289

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 55, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 55, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 55, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 55, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 55, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 55, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(16, 55, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(16, 55, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 55, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 55,  
243) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.7575, 9.3136, 85.6558 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 55, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 55,  
243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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