

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.7451, 16.2893, 8.0425)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.7451, 16.2893, 8.0425)
contains.

XYZ(17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(17.6328, 16.1624,
7.9847)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	916746
RGB	145, 103, 70
RGB Percent	57%, 40%, 27%
CMY	0.4314, 0.5961, 0.7255
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.52, 0.43
HSL	26°, 35%, 42%
HSV	26°, 52%, 57%
XYZ	17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847
YIQ	111.7960, 35.6250, -1.3590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

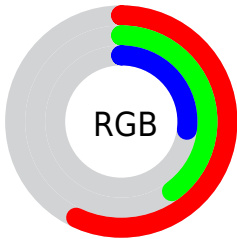
Format	Color
R_{YB}	145, 129, 70
Decimal	9529158
CIE _{Lab}	47.19, 12.81, 25.23
CIE _{LCh}	47, 28.295, 63.083
Yxy	16.1624, 0.4220, 0.3868
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287719238 (0xFF916746)
YUV	111.7960, -20.6054, 29.1199
Hunter-Lab	40.2025, 7.9357, 16.3660

Details

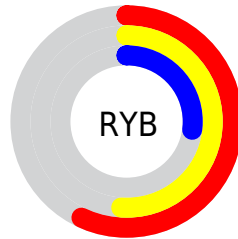
The XYZ color **17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **13.4306, 14.9343, 28.9628**, and the grayscale version is **15.3928, 16.1944, 17.6357**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.9728, 36.8606, 22.5135**, and **6.0033, 5.1738, 1.6019** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4605, 14.4640, 5.6020**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.9949, 18.0635, 10.9763**.

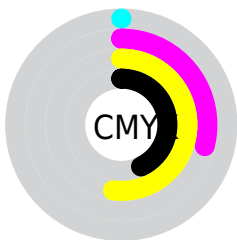
Distribution



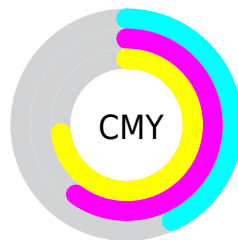
- Red (57%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.6328, 16.1624,
7.9847

■ 17.6328, 16.1624,
7.9847

231.8789,
230.2981, 185.5421

■ 10.7848, 9.6391,
3.9975

■ 38.9456, 36.8799,
22.4741

■ 5.9885, 5.1604,
1.6240

■ 54.1411, 51.8430,
33.8134

■ 2.8787, 2.3417,
0.3078

■ 72.8499, 70.3880,
48.4406

■ 1.0899, 0.7956,
0.0000

■ 95.4371, 92.8996,
66.7740

■ 0.0167, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 122.2683,
119.7620, 89.2324

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

153.7088,

151.3596, 116.2341

190.1239,
188.0768, 148.1979

■ 17.6328, 16.1624,
7.9847

■ 17.6328, 16.1624,
7.9847

■ 16.4605, 14.4640,
5.6020

■ 18.9949, 18.0635,
10.9763

■ 15.4665, 12.9582,
3.7840

■ 20.5550, 20.1721,
14.6150

■ 14.6396, 11.6375,
2.4816

■ 22.3222, 22.4957,
18.9368

■ 13.9666, 10.4927,
1.6370

■ 24.3047, 25.0409,
23.9749

■ 13.4995, 9.6647,
1.1540

■ 26.5102, 27.8136,
29.7603

■ 28.9458, 30.8199,
36.3221

■ 31.6186, 34.0652,
43.6878

■ 34.5352, 37.5551,
51.8838

■ 37.7018, 41.2948,
60.9349

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.7327, 16.1624, 11.1245



17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847



15.1058, 16.1624, 7.1502

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847



11.0599, 16.1624, 18.3459



18.1263, 16.1624, 31.7683

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847



13.4306, 14.9343, 28.9628

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.6208, 16.1624, 35.1478



17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847



11.6894, 16.1624, 26.1939

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847



11.4761, 16.1624, 12.0921



13.2948, 16.1624, 32.8743



20.0386, 16.1624, 24.5638

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847



13.5602, 16.1624, 7.7580



13.2948, 16.1624, 32.8743



17.3165, 16.1624, 33.4658

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.6332, 16.1632, 7.9850



41.8406, 42.6932, 38.6129



16.8199, 11.5813, 16.8247



9.1659, 9.3151, 8.2298



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.6332, 16.1632, 7.9850



29.1784, 25.4572, 9.4566



22.1607, 25.2181, 9.4942



5.5919, 5.7902, 5.7123



11.6041, 8.3400, 0.9982



0.1323, 0.1224, 0.0167

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.4306, 14.9343, 28.9628



20.7801, 22.9809, 51.3141



10.1529, 8.3788, 27.8702



5.3643, 5.7243, 6.8509



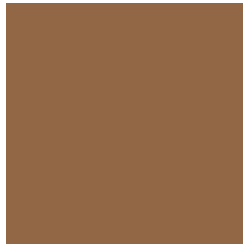
6.9461, 6.8782, 23.9386



0.0884, 0.1098, 0.2362

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.6328, 16.1624,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847

Protanopia

15.0562, 16.2203, 8.8159

Deuteranopia

16.4852, 16.1793, 7.8843



Tritanopia

19.1819, 16.0719, 15.7269

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847

Protanomaly

15.8772, 16.1641, 8.5865

Deuteranomaly

16.8757, 16.2267, 7.8728

Tritanomaly

18.5656, 16.1077, 12.4865

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847

Achromatopsia

15.4009, 16.2029, 17.6450

Achromatomaly

15.9385, 16.0854, 13.5740

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 103, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 103, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 103, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 103, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 103, 70) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 103, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 103, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 103, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 103, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 103,  
70) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.6328, 16.1624, 7.9847 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 103, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
103, 70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor