

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.7828, 7.8674, 9.6094)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.7828, 7.8674, 9.6094)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(18.5149, 9.3460,
9.8449)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | AB0057 |
| RGB | 171, 0, 87 |
| RGB Percent | 67%, 0%, 34% |
| CMY | 0.3294, 0.9999, 0.6588 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 1.00, 0.49, 0.33 |
| HSL | 329°, 100%, 34% |
| HSV | 329°, 100%, 67% |
| XYZ | 18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449 |
| YIQ | 61.0470, 73.9890, 63.3090 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

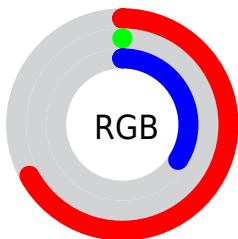
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 171, 0, 87 |
| Decimal | 11206743 |
| CIE Lab | 36.64, 62.94, 1.00 |
| CIE LCh | 37, 62.946, 0.907 |
| Yxy | 9.3460, 0.4910, 0.2479 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289396823 (0xFFAB0057) |
| YUV | 61.0470, 12.7948, 96.4288 |
| Hunter-Lab | 30.5712, 54.6056, 2.3066 |

Details

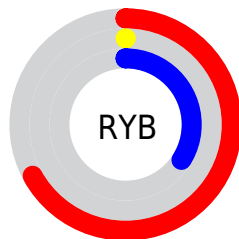
The XYZ color **18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. A complement of this color would be **16.1644, 29.7664, 13.2858**, and the grayscale version is **4.4190, 4.6492, 5.0629**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.3390, 24.5324, 26.2760**, and **7.1000, 3.6119, 2.5134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.5144, 9.3459, 9.8425**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0808, 9.8962, 11.8268**.

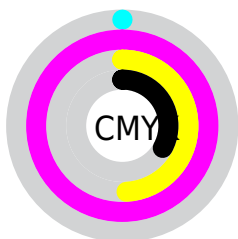
Distribution



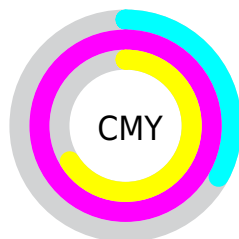
- Red (67%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 18.5149, 9.3460,
9.8449


 18.5149, 9.3460,
9.8449


236.7473,
185.9385, 200.0059


 11.4222, 4.9675,
5.1920


 40.4360, 24.5579,
26.1066


 6.4209, 2.2282,
2.2996


 55.9951, 36.1601,
38.5525


 3.1458, 0.7353,
0.7310

 75.1071, 50.9391,
54.4331

 1.2313, 0.0000,
0.0000

 98.1373, 69.2792,
74.1669

 0.1309, 0.0000,
0.0000

 125.4511, 91.5647,
98.1726

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 157.4138,

118.1802, 126.8686

194.3907,
149.5100, 160.6736

■ 18.5149, 9.3460,
9.8449

■ 18.5149, 9.3460,
9.8449

■ 18.5144, 9.3459,
9.8425

■ 19.0808, 9.8962,
11.8268

■ 19.8617, 10.8103,
14.0839

■ 20.9286, 12.2283,
16.6459

■ 22.3144, 14.2143,
19.5298

■ 24.0473, 16.8228,
22.7506

■ 26.1521, 20.1015,
26.3218

■ 28.6512, 24.0937,
30.2564

■ 31.5653, 28.8391,
34.5661

■ 34.9135, 34.3742,
39.2623

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.0357, 9.3460, 24.3329



18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449



16.8558, 9.3460, 2.7151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449



5.6012, 9.3460, 0.6409



5.7515, 9.3460, 42.1544

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449



16.1644, 29.7664, 13.2858

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.9300, 9.3460, 25.3851



18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449



3.8625, 9.3460, 2.9628

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449



8.7666, 9.3460, 0.0166



3.3520, 9.3460, 10.5149



9.0006, 9.3460, 49.4194

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449



14.4080, 9.3460, 1.0018



3.3520, 9.3460, 10.5149



4.9892, 9.3460, 37.0404

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.5151, 9.3466, 9.8450



51.0506, 42.7276, 53.7872



10.8885, 4.7644, 38.8738



10.9599, 8.8468, 11.3369



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.5151, 9.3466, 9.8450



33.0508, 16.6949, 17.0609



16.8106, 8.6647, 0.8689



8.1689, 8.0808, 9.2000



13.9838, 7.0561, 7.5603



0.4166, 0.2073, 0.3555

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.5151, 9.3466, 9.8450



33.0508, 16.6949, 17.0609



21.6451, 31.9588, 42.1471



8.1689, 8.0808, 9.2000



13.9838, 7.0561, 7.5603



0.4166, 0.2073, 0.3555

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

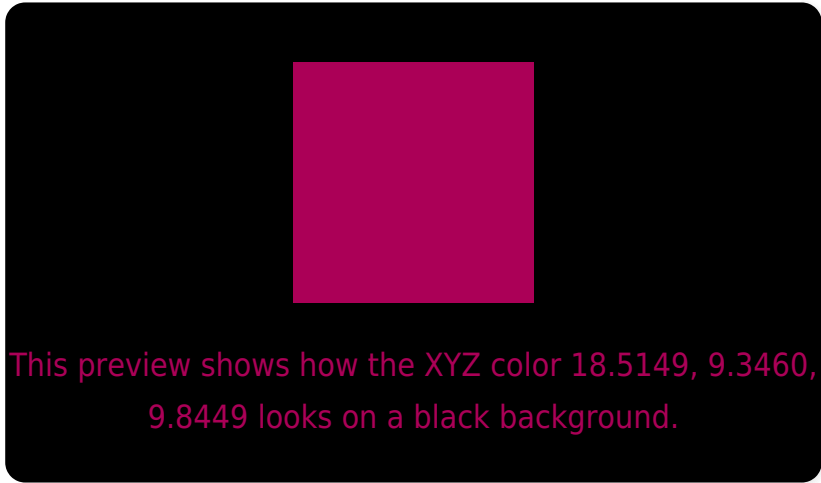
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

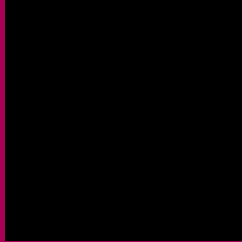
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 18.5149, 9.3460,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449

Protanopia

10.3162, 10.0636, 21.1374

Deuteranopia

10.1426, 10.0015, 8.9853



Tritanopia

17.2666, 9.7584, 2.5636

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449

Protanomaly

10.8943, 7.3777, 16.1791

Deuteranomaly

11.5317, 7.7925, 9.0799

Tritanomaly

17.5303, 9.3862, 4.3778

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449

Achromatopsia

4.4355, 4.6665, 5.0818

Achromatomaly

7.1978, 4.6599, 6.3144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 0, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 0, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 0, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 0, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 0, 87) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 0, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 0, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 0, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 0, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 0, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 18.5149, 9.3460, 9.8449 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 0, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 0,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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