

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.8150, 9.0623, 6.3296)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.8150, 9.0623, 6.3296)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.8380, 9.0753,
6.2804)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB0044
RGB	171, 0, 68
RGB Percent	67%, 0%, 27%
CMY	0.3294, 0.9999, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.60, 0.33
HSL	336°, 100%, 34%
HSV	336°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804
YIQ	58.8810, 80.0880, 57.4000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

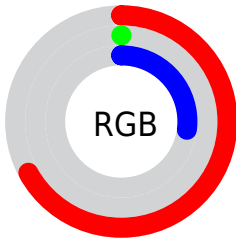
Format	Color
RYB	171, 0, 68
Decimal	11206724
CIELab	36.13, 61.57, 12.60
CIElCh	36, 62.851, 11.567
Yxy	9.0753, 0.5374, 0.2734
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289396804 (0xFFAB0044)
YUV	58.8810, 4.4957, 98.3284
Hunter-Lab	30.1252, 52.9757, 8.7271

Details

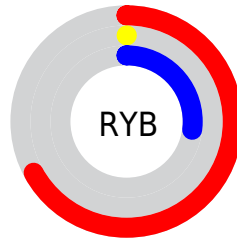
The XYZ color **17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **17.0128, 30.1057, 17.7535**, and the grayscale version is **4.1293, 4.3443, 4.7309**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.2271, 24.0087, 19.0896**, and **6.7420, 3.4541, 1.2886** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.8374, 9.0750, 6.2777**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3830, 9.6172, 8.1520**.

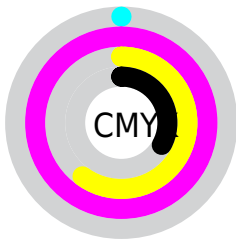
Distribution



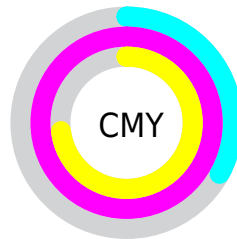
- Red (67%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.8380, 9.0753,
6.2804


 17.8380, 9.0753,
6.2804


233.0196,
183.9386, 170.9402


 10.9327, 4.7903,
2.9448


 39.2933, 24.0411,
18.9978


 6.0886, 2.1248,
1.0665


 54.5741, 35.4906,
29.2167


 2.9402, 0.6785,
0.0000

 73.3774, 50.0972,
42.5670

 1.1222, 0.0000,
0.0000

 96.0686, 68.2451,
59.4674

 0.0436, 0.0000,
0.0000

 123.0131, 90.3188,
80.3364

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 154.5762,

116.7027, 105.5925

191.1233,
147.7812, 135.6543

■ 17.8380, 9.0753,
6.2804

■ 17.8380, 9.0753,
6.2804

■ 17.8374, 9.0750,
6.2777

■ 18.3830, 9.6172,
8.1520

■ 19.1596, 10.5296,
10.3867

■ 20.2403, 11.9533,
13.0211

■ 21.6591, 13.9527,
16.0780

■ 23.4451, 16.5825,
19.5783

■ 25.6243, 19.8911,
23.5411

■ 28.2201, 23.9222,
27.9842

■ 31.2541, 28.7156,
32.9243

■ 34.7461, 34.3084,
38.3774

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4763, 9.0753, 17.9925



17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804



15.2539, 9.0753, 1.5218

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804



4.6594, 9.0753, 1.0711



6.5335, 9.0753, 45.4805

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804



17.0128, 30.1057, 17.7535

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.2645, 9.0753, 31.0045



17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804



3.4199, 9.0753, 4.6692

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804



7.2543, 9.0753, 0.0501



3.3002, 9.0753, 14.6482



10.1601, 9.0753, 47.2817

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804



12.5516, 9.0753, 0.4909



3.3002, 9.0753, 14.6482



5.6180, 9.0753, 41.6190

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8382, 9.0759, 6.2805



50.2670, 42.4142, 49.6607



12.9000, 5.8015, 38.9678



10.7685, 8.7702, 10.3288



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8382, 9.0759, 6.2805



31.8480, 16.2138, 10.7270



16.9971, 9.0627, 0.8542



8.1322, 8.0661, 9.0070



13.4713, 6.8511, 4.8616



0.4022, 0.2016, 0.2797

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8382, 9.0759, 6.2805



31.8480, 16.2138, 10.7270



18.8905, 26.0195, 42.5546



8.1322, 8.0661, 9.0070



13.4713, 6.8511, 4.8616



0.4022, 0.2016, 0.2797

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

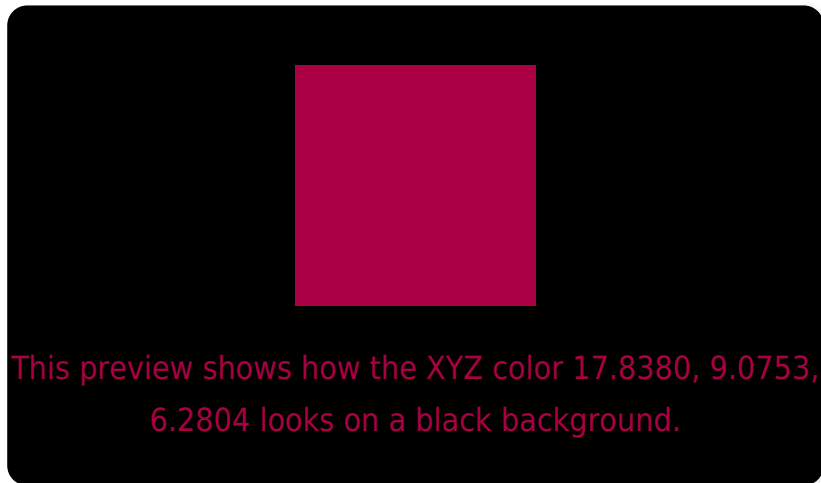
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8380, 9.0753,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804

Protanopia

9.4981, 9.6957, 13.1752

Deuteranopia

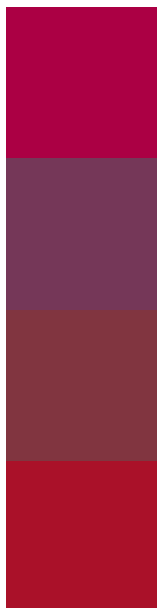
9.8383, 9.6808, 5.7649



Tritanopia

17.1559, 9.4045, 1.8883

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804

Protanomaly

10.4638, 7.2189, 10.0744

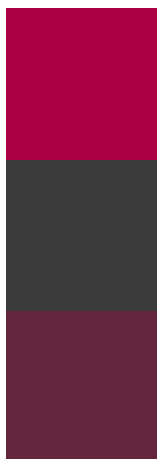
Deuteranomaly

11.2518, 7.5835, 5.7212

Tritanomaly

17.1783, 9.1070, 2.9503

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804

Achromatopsia

4.1570, 4.3735, 4.7627

Achromatomaly

6.8181, 4.4434, 5.0557

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 0, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 0, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 0, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 0, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 0, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 0, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 0, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 0, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 0, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 0, 68)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.8380, 9.0753, 6.2804 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 0, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 0,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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