

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.8214, 23.4967, 13.9102)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.8214, 23.4967, 13.9102)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.8616, 23.5610,  
13.9623)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B8F5D
RGB	107, 143, 93
RGB Percent	42%, 56%, 36%
CMY	0.5804, 0.4392, 0.6353
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.35, 0.44
HSL	103°, 21%, 46%
HSV	103°, 35%, 56%
XYZ	17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623
YIQ	126.5360, -5.4060, -23.1820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

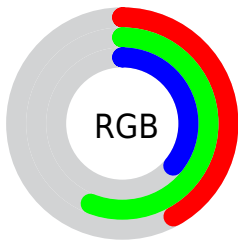
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	93, 143, 129
Decimal	7049053
CIELab	55.65, -22.42, 22.67
CIElCh	56, 31.888, 134.683
Yxy	23.5610, 0.3225, 0.4254
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285239133 (0xFF6B8F5D)
YUV	126.5360, -16.5332, -17.1331
Hunter-Lab	48.5397, -19.2601, 16.9232

# Details

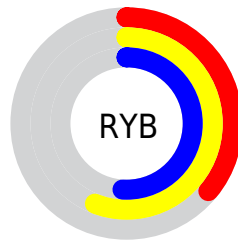
The XYZ color **17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **17.9267, 14.4798, 27.8379**, and the grayscale version is **20.0704, 21.1156, 22.9949**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.2984, 49.3170, 33.8335**, and **6.0652, 8.7511, 3.9542** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1216, 22.7312, 10.8781**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.8688, 24.5163, 17.6783**.

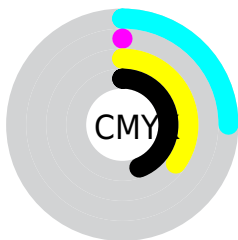
# Distribution



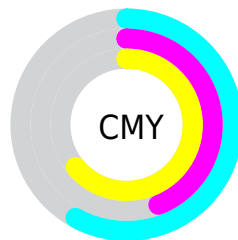
- Red (42%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.8616, 23.5610,  
13.9623

■ 17.8616, 23.5610,  
13.9623

233.1505,  
270.5935, 228.4164

■ 10.9498, 15.0083,  
7.9560

■ 39.3333, 49.3129,  
33.7383

■ 6.1001, 8.8252,  
3.9794

■ 54.6238, 67.2808,  
48.3450

■ 2.9473, 4.6273,  
1.6141

■ 73.4380, 89.1559,  
66.6557

■ 1.1259, 2.0303,  
0.3008

■ 96.1411, 115.3227,  
89.0888

■ 0.0467, 0.6250,  
0.0000

123.0986,  
146.1654, 116.0629

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

154.6757,

182.0685, 147.9965

191.2379,  
223.4164, 185.3082

■ 17.8616, 23.5610,  
13.9623

■ 17.8616, 23.5610,  
13.9623

■ 16.1216, 22.7312,  
10.8781

■ 19.8688, 24.5163,  
17.6783

■ 14.6351, 22.0184,  
8.3892

■ 22.1523, 25.5989,  
22.0570

■ 13.3900, 21.4180,  
6.4574


■ 24.7231, 26.8146,  
27.1290


■ 12.3725, 20.9238,  
5.0397


■ 27.5910, 28.1678,  
32.9227


■ 11.5669, 20.5288,  
4.0868


■ 30.7653, 29.6627,  
39.4647


 10.9542, 20.2245,  
3.5331

 34.2550, 31.3034,  
46.7805

 10.6994, 20.0977,  
3.3153

 38.0686, 33.0938,  
54.8942

 42.2143, 35.0375,  
63.8289

 46.7000, 37.1381,  
73.6068

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.6813, 23.5610, 10.8352



17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623



16.3476, 23.5610, 20.7557

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623



20.6111, 23.5610, 49.9821



29.7971, 23.5610, 20.9404

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623



17.9267, 14.4798, 27.8379

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.7731, 23.5610, 31.2679



17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623



24.1988, 23.5610, 50.0708

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623



17.8150, 23.5610, 42.3137



27.6348, 23.5610, 42.5308



27.6973, 23.5610, 14.0661



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623



16.1673, 23.5610, 27.3105



27.6348, 23.5610, 42.5308



30.0438, 23.5610, 24.0658

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8622, 23.5620, 13.9628



41.7927, 46.8463, 43.6586



21.1328, 22.2876, 13.5445



9.4523, 10.6806, 9.7527



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8622, 23.5620, 13.9628



29.4792, 40.9974, 20.5377



16.8276, 22.9692, 16.5995



5.4758, 6.0979, 5.7778



9.4782, 17.7788, 2.9321



0.1098, 0.1799, 0.0289



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.9267, 14.4798, 27.8379



29.6020, 22.1901, 49.2610



19.4192, 15.3395, 23.8280



5.4811, 5.4362, 6.7892



9.3470, 4.3122, 23.3168



0.1109, 0.0523, 0.2239



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8616, 23.5610,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623

### Protanopia

21.6923, 23.4256, 12.8295

### Deuteranopia

23.6053, 23.1914, 14.2986



## Tritanopia

21.2731, 23.4279, 31.0046

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623

## Protanomaly

20.1512, 23.4548, 13.1380

## Deuteranomaly

21.1005, 23.0902, 14.1712

## Tritanomaly

19.8734, 23.5083, 23.5688

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623

## Achromatopsia

20.1725, 21.2231, 23.1119

## Achromatomaly

19.2278, 22.0059, 19.4538

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 143, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 143, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 143, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 143, 93) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 143, 93) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 143, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 143, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 143, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 143, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 143,  
93) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.8616, 23.5610, 13.9623 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 143, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
143, 93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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