

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.8834, 18.7472,
22.7547)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75787F
RGB	117, 120, 127
RGB Percent	46%, 47%, 50%
CMY	0.5412, 0.5294, 0.5020
CMYK	0.08, 0.06, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	222°, 4%, 48%
HSV	222°, 8%, 50%
XYZ	17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547
YIQ	119.9010, -4.0350, 1.5410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

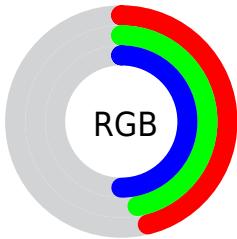
Format	Color
R _Y B	117, 119, 127
Decimal	7698559
CIE Lab	50.39, 0.35, -4.22
CIE LCh	50, 4.235, 274.689
Yxy	18.7472, 0.3011, 0.3157
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285888639 (0xFF75787F)
YUV	119.9010, 3.4998, -2.5442
Hunter-Lab	43.2980, -2.0457, -0.8504

Details

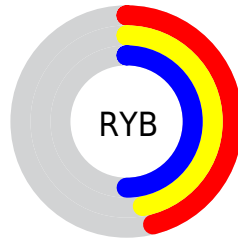
The XYZ color **17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **19.1710, 20.2116, 19.7208**, and the grayscale version is **17.8116, 18.7391, 20.4069**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.3529, 41.2354, 49.0651**, and **6.1468, 6.4500, 8.1287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.2718, 15.8875, 22.3407**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.8269, 21.9263, 23.2135**.

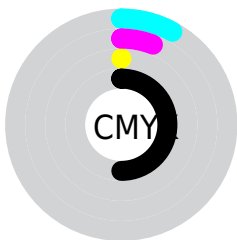
Distribution



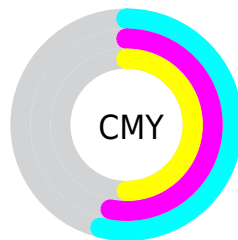
- Red (46%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.8834, 18.7472,
22.7547

■ 17.8834, 18.7472,
22.7547

233.2713,
245.0496, 279.5435

■ 10.9655, 11.4878,
14.2089

■ 39.3702, 41.3065,
48.9083

■ 6.1108, 6.3959,
8.1257

■ 54.6698, 57.3751,
67.3532

■ 2.9538, 3.0873,
4.0866

■ 73.4939, 77.1489,
89.9348

■ 1.1294, 1.1775,
1.6729

96.2081, 101.0123,
117.0718

■ 0.0495, 0.0432,
0.3421

123.1775,
129.3497, 149.1826

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

154.7677,

162.5454, 186.6858

191.3438,
200.9839, 229.9999

■ 17.8834, 18.7472,
22.7547

■ 17.8834, 18.7472,
22.7547

■ 15.2718, 15.8875,
22.3407

■ 20.8269, 21.9263,
23.2135

■ 12.9785, 13.3347,
21.9688

■ 24.1119, 25.4321,
23.7170

■ 10.9913, 11.0789,
21.6381

■ 27.7498, 29.2747,
24.2670

■ 9.2967, 9.1086,
21.3471

■ 31.7508, 33.4629,
24.8645

■ 7.8800, 7.4119,
21.0943

■ 36.1249, 38.0052,
25.5107

■ 6.7253, 5.9756,
20.8779

■ 40.8814, 42.9099,
26.2067

■ 5.8149, 4.7855,
20.6962

■ 46.0296, 48.1849,
26.9536

■ 5.1286, 3.8257,
20.5471

■ 51.5783, 53.8380,
27.7523

■ 4.6239, 3.0683,
20.4275

■ 57.5359, 59.8766,
28.6038

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4826, 18.7472, 22.5298



17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547



18.2727, 18.7472, 22.3326

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547



18.4770, 18.7472, 19.1501



17.1131, 18.7472, 19.4592

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547



19.1710, 20.2116, 19.7208

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3722, 18.7472, 18.6058



17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547



18.1590, 18.7472, 18.4322

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547



18.6187, 18.7472, 20.2279



17.7541, 18.7472, 18.2368



17.0418, 18.7472, 20.5983

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547



18.4720, 18.7472, 21.7502



17.7541, 18.7472, 18.2368



17.1809, 18.7472, 19.1308

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8839, 18.7480, 22.7551



35.0225, 36.8184, 41.2171



18.5534, 20.4120, 21.9759



8.2177, 8.6396, 9.6528



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8839, 18.7480, 22.7551



31.3645, 32.8535, 40.6445



17.7773, 18.1654, 22.6483



4.2060, 4.4059, 5.4420



4.5653, 2.9492, 20.5786



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.5043, 18.5911, 20.3834



32.6557, 32.5363, 35.7063



19.2824, 20.8360, 19.8355



4.3768, 4.3639, 4.7887



9.1813, 4.6922, 2.2787



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

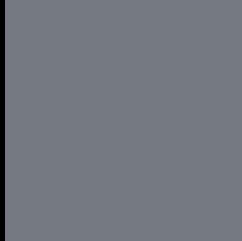
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

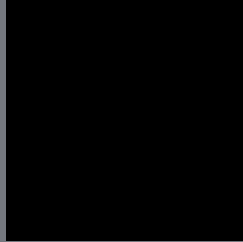
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

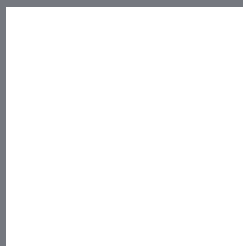
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8834, 18.7472,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547

Protanopia

18.1084, 18.6931, 22.3924

Deuteranopia

19.0438, 18.6385, 23.0159



Tritanopia

18.0150, 18.7998, 23.4481

Trichromacy

**Original Color**

17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547

Protanomaly

17.9705, 18.6219, 22.3859

Deuteranomaly

18.5698, 18.5662, 23.0270

Tritanomaly

17.9489, 18.7734, 23.0997

Monochromacy

**Original Color**

17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547

Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537

Achromatomaly

17.8994, 18.7849, 21.4213

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 120, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 120, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 120, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 120, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 120, 127) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 120, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 120, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 120, 127); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 120, 127); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 120, 127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.8834, 18.7472, 22.7547 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 120, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
120, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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