

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.8942, 12.4743, 9.2684)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.8942, 12.4743, 9.2684)
contains.

XYZ(17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(17.9031, 12.4979,
9.2533)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E4851
RGB	158, 72, 81
RGB Percent	62%, 28%, 32%
CMY	0.3804, 0.7176, 0.6824
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.49, 0.38
HSL	354°, 37%, 45%
HSV	354°, 54%, 62%
XYZ	17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533
YIQ	98.7400, 48.3670, 21.0310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

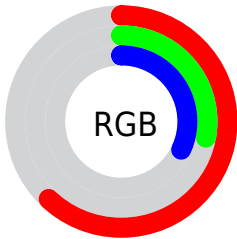
Format	Color
R_{YB}	158, 72, 81
Decimal	10373201
CIE Lab	42.00, 36.63, 12.06
CIE LCh	42, 38.565, 18.228
Yxy	12.4979, 0.4515, 0.3152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288563281 (0xFF9E4851)
YUV	98.7400, -8.7458, 51.9710
Hunter-Lab	35.3524, 28.5291, 9.2278

Details

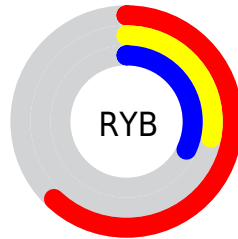
The XYZ color **17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **20.3249, 28.0016, 32.7692**, and the grayscale version is **11.8075, 12.4224, 13.5280**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.4311, 30.3766, 24.9041**, and **6.0816, 3.4947, 2.1043** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.5334, 10.5208, 6.4465**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.6465, 15.0455, 12.7303**.

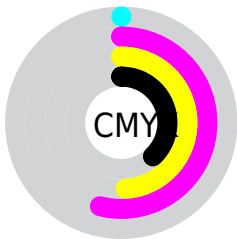
Distribution



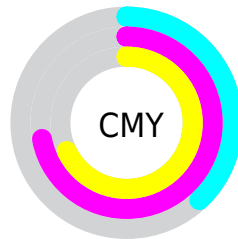
- Red (62%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (38%)





- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.9031, 12.4979,
9.2533

 17.9031, 12.4979,
9.2533


233.3805,
207.6742, 195.5435


 10.9797, 7.0837,
4.8077


 39.4035, 30.3987,
24.9667


 6.1204, 3.5145,
2.0781


 54.7113, 43.6542,
37.0716


 2.9598, 1.4059,
0.6027

 73.5445, 60.2922,
52.5666

 1.1325, 0.2211,
0.0000

 96.2686, 80.6971,
71.8704

 0.0521, 0.0000,
0.0000

 123.2488,
105.2534, 95.4015

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

154.8507,

134.3454, 123.5783

191.4394,
168.3576, 156.8195

■ 17.9031, 12.4979,
9.2533

■ 17.9031, 12.4979,
9.2533

■ 16.5334, 10.5208,
6.4465

■ 19.6465, 15.0455,
12.7303

■ 15.5089, 9.0685,
4.2658

■ 21.7874, 18.2009,
16.9162

■ 14.7987, 8.0912,
2.6631

■ 24.3485, 22.0005,
21.8476

■ 14.3653, 7.5279,
1.5827

■ 27.3509, 26.4774,
27.5583

■ 14.1980, 7.3081,
1.1734

■ 30.8139, 31.6623,
34.0802

■ 34.7558, 37.5840,
41.4432

■ 39.1940, 44.2699,
49.6759

■ 44.1449, 51.7457,
58.8053

■ 49.6243, 60.0361,
68.8575

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.1146, 12.4979, 17.0795



17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533



15.9304, 12.4979, 4.9193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533



8.2324, 12.4979, 5.5835



10.7922, 12.4979, 35.5737

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533



20.3249, 28.0016, 32.7692

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.5800, 12.4979, 29.0520



17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533



7.2688, 12.4979, 10.6421

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533



10.2408, 12.4979, 3.4627



7.3849, 12.4979, 19.1512



13.6829, 12.4979, 34.7098

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533



14.0369, 12.4979, 3.5981



7.3849, 12.4979, 19.1512



9.9542, 12.4979, 34.0919

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.9034, 12.4986, 9.2535



48.5783, 46.4534, 47.9796



20.6960, 13.3968, 33.8427



10.7074, 10.1079, 10.3529



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.9034, 12.4986, 9.2535



29.6362, 18.5506, 10.8939



20.3189, 17.8340, 8.5032



6.6599, 6.6569, 7.0600



11.3789, 5.8561, 0.9802



0.2107, 0.1076, 0.0556

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.9034, 12.4986, 9.2535



29.6362, 18.5506, 10.8939



16.1825, 18.5227, 35.0700



6.6599, 6.6569, 7.0600



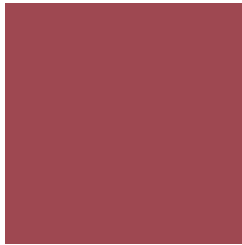
11.3789, 5.8561, 0.9802



0.2107, 0.1076, 0.0556

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

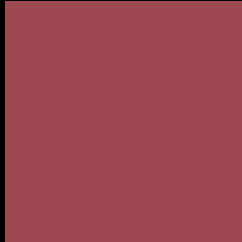
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.9031, 12.4979,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533

Protanopia

12.1209, 12.6335, 12.6261

Deuteranopia

12.8585, 12.6835, 8.7916



Tritanopia

17.8582, 12.5842, 8.6955

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533

Protanomaly

13.5862, 12.0939, 11.2911

Deuteranomaly

14.2991, 12.2720, 8.8228

Tritanomaly

17.8944, 12.5987, 8.8858

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533

Achromatopsia

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877

Achromatomaly

13.2499, 11.9105, 11.7258

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 72, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 72, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 72, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 72, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 72, 81) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 72, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 72, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 72, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 72, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 72,  
81) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.9031, 12.4979, 9.2533 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 72, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158, 72,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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