

Converting Colors

XYZ(17.9018, 19.4218, 23.0552)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(17.9018, 19.4218, 23.0552)
contains.

XYZ(17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(17.9140, 19.4845,
23.2388)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	717C80
RGB	113, 124, 128
RGB Percent	44%, 49%, 50%
CMY	0.5569, 0.5137, 0.4980
CMYK	0.12, 0.03, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	196°, 6%, 47%
HSV	196°, 12%, 50%
XYZ	17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388
YIQ	121.1670, -7.8400, -1.0880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

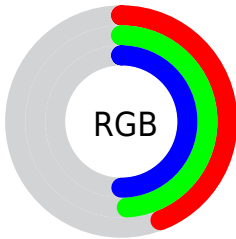
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 119, 128
Decimal	7437440
CIE Lab	51.25, -3.19, -3.57
CIE LCh	51, 4.794, 228.223
Yxy	19.4845, 0.2954, 0.3213
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285627520 (0xFF717C80)
YUV	121.1670, 3.3687, -7.1625
Hunter-Lab	44.1413, -4.8059, -0.3152

Details

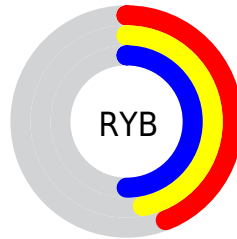
The XYZ color **17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **18.2442, 18.5041, 18.2333**, and the grayscale version is **18.2197, 19.1685, 20.8745**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.3829, 42.3862, 49.8217**, and **6.1073, 6.7205, 8.3724** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.9619, 17.8548, 23.0274**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.1143, 21.2652, 23.4668**.

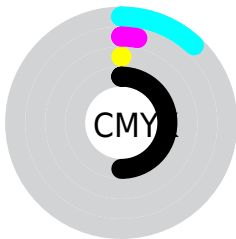
Distribution



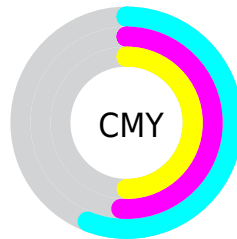
- Red (44%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.9140, 19.4845,
23.2388

■ 17.9140, 19.4845,
23.2388

233.4408,
249.1106, 282.1107

■ 10.9876, 12.0209,
14.5630

■ 39.4220, 42.5512,
49.7133

■ 6.1257, 6.7579,
8.3701

■ 54.7342, 58.9231,
68.3491

■ 2.9631, 3.3112,
4.2415

■ 73.5724, 79.0332,
91.1419

■ 1.1343, 1.2963,
1.7587

■ 96.3020, 103.2659,
118.5103

■ 0.0535, 0.1383,
0.4005

123.2883,
132.0056, 150.8728

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

154.8966,

165.6366, 188.6481

191.4923,
204.5435, 232.2545

■ 17.9140, 19.4845,
23.2388

■ 17.9140, 19.4845,
23.2388

■ 15.9619, 17.8548,
23.0274

■ 20.1143, 21.2652,
23.4668

■ 14.2465, 16.3684,
22.8309

■ 22.5704, 23.1993,
23.7107

■ 12.7579, 15.0204,
22.6492

■ 25.2916, 25.2926,
23.9713

■ 11.4848, 13.8048,
22.4817

■ 28.2863, 27.5494,
24.2491

■ 10.4147, 12.7150,
22.3277

■ 31.5623, 29.9741,
24.5445

■ 9.5341, 11.7437,
22.1866

■ 35.1274, 32.5708,
24.8578

■ 8.8275, 10.8826,
22.0577

■ 38.9888, 35.3435,
25.1894

■ 8.2768, 10.1223,
21.9400

■ 43.1536, 38.2960,
25.5398

■ 7.8885, 9.5428,
21.8486

■ 47.6287, 41.4321,
25.9093

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.6603, 19.4845, 22.0489



17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388



18.3325, 19.4845, 23.8970

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388



19.4336, 19.4845, 21.7570



18.2336, 19.4845, 18.8127

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388



18.2442, 18.5041, 18.2333

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.7076, 19.4845, 18.7421



17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388



19.4060, 19.4845, 20.4030

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388



19.2131, 19.4845, 23.0172



19.1384, 19.4845, 19.3128



17.8426, 19.4845, 19.5100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388



18.6512, 19.4845, 23.9277



19.1384, 19.4845, 19.3128



18.3883, 19.4845, 18.7160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.9146, 19.4853, 23.2392



34.4543, 36.6719, 41.2187



17.7258, 20.2279, 19.7232



8.0050, 8.5363, 9.6441



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.9146, 19.4853, 23.2392



30.6045, 33.5340, 40.8159



17.0389, 17.7340, 22.9474



4.3525, 4.6990, 5.4909



7.8230, 9.4646, 21.6645



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.4458, 17.8551, 21.5439



31.7349, 30.1114, 37.1978



19.1221, 20.2599, 18.5259



4.4508, 4.3935, 5.1782



10.8257, 5.3500, 10.9377



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

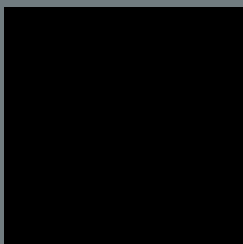
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

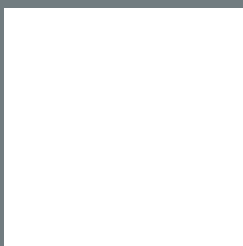
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.9140, 19.4845,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388

Protanopia

18.7716, 19.3921, 22.4923

Deuteranopia

19.6468, 19.2877, 23.4563



Tritanopia

18.2560, 19.4368, 24.9798

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388

Protanomaly

18.3980, 19.3733, 22.8484

Deuteranomaly

18.9911, 19.3030, 23.4938

Tritanomaly

18.1191, 19.3820, 24.2589

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388

Achromatopsia

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219

Achromatomaly

18.0688, 19.2259, 21.8274

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 124, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 124, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 124, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 124, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 124, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 124, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 124, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 124, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 124, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 124,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.9140, 19.4845, 23.2388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 124, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
124, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor