

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.9029, 27.9419, 13.9167)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.9029, 27.9419, 13.9167)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.9414, 27.9603,  
13.9025)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	51A159
RGB	81, 161, 89
RGB Percent	32%, 63%, 35%
CMY	0.6823, 0.3686, 0.6510
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.45, 0.37
HSL	126°, 33%, 47%
HSV	126°, 50%, 63%
XYZ	17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025
YIQ	128.8720, -24.5680, -39.3520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

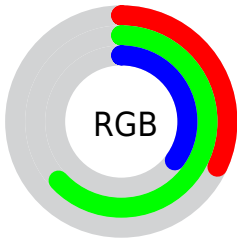
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	81, 154, 161
Decimal	5349721
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.85, -40.13, 30.07
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 50.148, 143.156
Yxy	27.9603, 0.3000, 0.4675
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283539801 (0xFF51A159)
YUV	128.8720, -19.6569, -41.9837
Hunter-Lab	52.8775, -31.9704, 21.4258

# Details

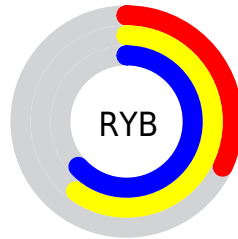
The XYZ color **17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **23.3910, 15.7624, 31.9475**, and the grayscale version is **20.8948, 21.9830, 23.9395**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.2812, 56.1561, 33.5798**, and **6.1781, 11.2568, 3.9450** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1722, 27.1126, 10.9503**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.1590, 29.0269, 17.5022**.

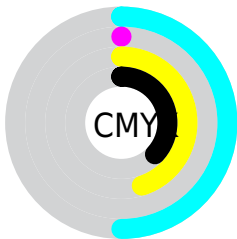
# Distribution



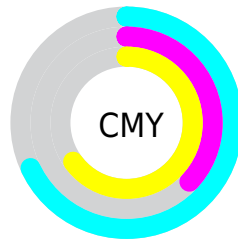
- Red (32%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.9414, 27.9603,  
13.9025

■ 17.9414, 27.9603,  
13.9025

233.5925,  
292.2772, 228.0307

■ 11.0074, 18.2957,  
7.9149

■ 39.4683, 56.4211,  
33.6306

■ 6.1391, 11.1625,  
3.9536

■ 54.7919, 75.9860,  
48.2081

■ 2.9713, 6.1763,  
1.5999

■ 73.6427, 99.6199,  
66.4861

■ 1.1386, 2.9526,  
0.2907

■ 96.3861, 127.7072,  
88.8830

■ 0.0571, 1.1070,  
0.0000

■ 123.3874,  
160.6321, 115.8173

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

155.0120,

198.7792, 147.7077

191.6253,  
242.5327, 184.9727

■ 17.9414, 27.9603,  
13.9025

■ 17.9414, 27.9603,  
13.9025

■ 16.1722, 27.1126,  
10.9503

■ 20.1590, 29.0269,  
17.5022

■ 14.8186, 26.4653,  
8.6053

■ 22.8504, 30.3225,  
21.7825

■ 13.8470, 26.0028,  
6.8259


■ 26.0419, 31.8605,  
26.7769


■ 13.2173, 25.7054,  
5.5642


■ 29.7570, 33.6526,  
32.5156


■ 12.8493, 25.5331,  
4.7633


■ 34.0179, 35.7094,  
39.0276

 12.8397, 25.5285,  
4.7450

 38.8454, 38.0412,  
46.3400

 44.2591, 40.6576,  
54.4787

 50.2780, 43.5677,  
63.4685

 56.9200, 46.7803,  
73.3329

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.0509, 27.9603, 8.2624



17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025



16.1892, 27.9603, 26.4586

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025



25.1447, 27.9603, 80.1340



39.4788, 27.9603, 18.6445

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025



23.3910, 15.7624, 31.9475

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.6595, 27.9603, 34.8108



17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025



31.6800, 27.9603, 75.3302

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025



19.8966, 27.9603, 67.9507



37.6119, 27.9603, 56.6426



34.6031, 27.9603, 10.1381



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025



16.3579, 27.9603, 39.1311



37.6119, 27.9603, 56.6426



40.3498, 27.9603, 23.1483

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.9421, 27.9615, 13.9031



49.4517, 58.4146, 52.3159



27.3680, 32.8575, 12.6845



10.5643, 12.6756, 11.0385



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.9421, 27.9615, 13.9031



28.5690, 48.3662, 18.9414



20.1014, 28.8252, 25.2740



7.0130, 7.9060, 7.6803



10.2619, 20.3911, 3.8298



0.2237, 0.4317, 0.1228



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.3910, 15.7624, 31.9475



39.4921, 23.8656, 55.0802



20.6218, 14.6547, 17.3651



7.3337, 7.1899, 8.7434



15.8229, 7.6852, 22.0560



0.3407, 0.1648, 0.5066



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

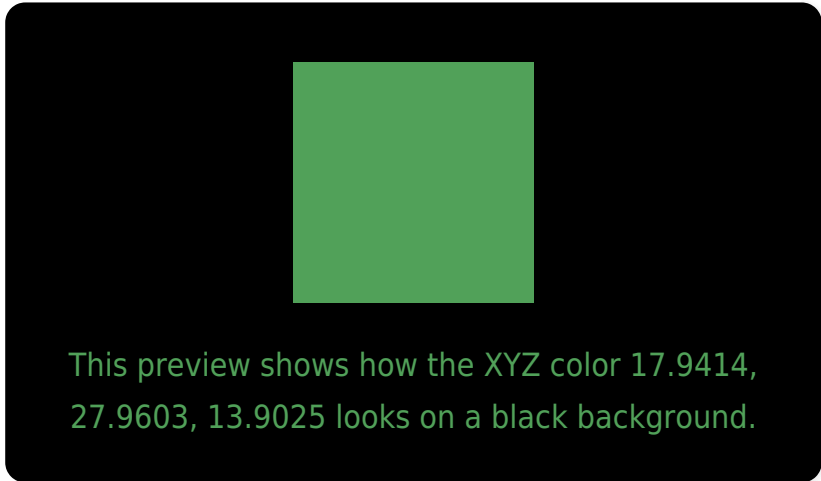
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

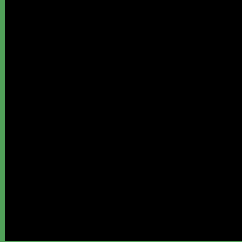
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.9414, 27.9603,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025

### Protanopia

25.2501, 27.4222, 11.9448

### Deuteranopia

28.0245, 27.4882, 14.6552



## Tritanopia

23.0568, 27.7698, 39.7422

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025

**Protanomaly**

21.5993, 27.1357, 12.6936

**Deuteranomaly**

22.9021, 26.8370, 14.3289

**Tritanomaly**

20.6503, 27.5241, 27.8912

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025

**Achromatopsia**

20.8660, 21.9526, 23.9064

**Achromatomaly**

19.2442, 23.7094, 19.4817

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 161, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 161, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 161, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 161, 89) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 161, 89) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 161, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 161, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 161, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 161, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 161,  
89) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.9414, 27.9603, 13.9025 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 161, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 161,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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