

# Converting Colors

XYZ(17.9510, 26.2408, 17.1612)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(17.9510, 26.2408, 17.1612)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(17.8920, 26.0891,  
17.1894)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	569A68
RGB	86, 154, 104
RGB Percent	34%, 60%, 41%
CMY	0.6627, 0.3961, 0.5922
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.32, 0.40
HSL	136°, 28%, 47%
HSV	136°, 44%, 60%
XYZ	17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894
YIQ	127.9680, -24.4780, -29.9660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

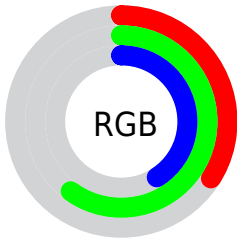
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	86, 140, 154
Decimal	5675624
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.12, -32.93, 19.70
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 38.377, 149.109
Yxy	26.0891, 0.2925, 0.4265
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283865704 (0xFF569A68)
YUV	127.9680, -11.8162, -36.8059
Hunter-Lab	51.0775, -26.8586, 15.8010

# Details

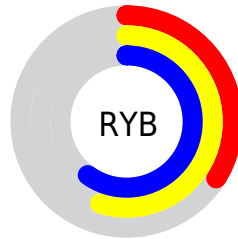
The XYZ color **17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **21.0989, 15.3036, 25.1352**, and the grayscale version is **20.5530, 21.6233, 23.5478**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.3643, 53.4565, 39.2538**, and **6.0924, 10.1116, 5.3720** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.0870, 25.2214, 14.3016**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.0812, 27.1474, 20.4995**.

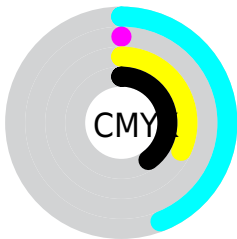
# Distribution



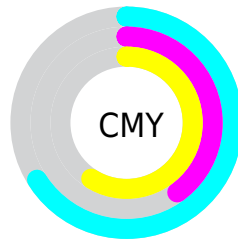
- Red (34%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (59%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.8920, 26.0891,  
17.1894

■ 17.8920, 26.0891,  
17.1894

233.3190,  
283.2192, 248.3423

■ 10.9717, 16.8903,  
10.2062

■ 39.3847, 53.4187,  
39.4462

■ 6.1150, 10.1563,  
5.4285

■ 54.6879, 72.3182,  
55.5570

■ 2.9564, 5.5027,  
2.4377

■ 73.5160, 95.2201,  
75.5474

■ 1.1308, 2.5451,  
0.8069

■ 96.2345, 122.5088,  
99.8359

■ 0.0506, 0.8992,  
0.0000

123.2087,  
154.5687, 128.8411

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

154.8039,

191.7841, 162.9815

191.3856,  
234.5395, 202.6757

■ 17.8920, 26.0891,  
17.1894

■ 17.8920, 26.0891,  
17.1894

■ 16.0870, 25.2214,  
14.3016

■ 20.0812, 27.1474,  
20.4995

■ 14.6412, 24.5295,  
11.8174

■ 22.6734, 28.4035,  
24.2463

■ 13.5299, 24.0019,  
9.7191


■ 25.6888, 29.8682,  
28.4455


■ 12.7242, 23.6241,  
7.9872


■ 29.1454, 31.5504,  
33.1117


■ 12.1896, 23.3786,  
6.6001


■ 33.0603, 33.4588,  
38.2585

 11.9523, 23.2707,  
5.9382

 37.4496, 35.6013,  
43.8993

 42.3287, 37.9855,  
50.0467

 47.7122, 40.6188,  
56.7131

 53.6141, 43.5082,  
63.9103

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.6990, 26.0891, 11.4008



17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894



16.8924, 26.0891, 28.0105

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894



24.6582, 26.0891, 62.4470



33.4520, 26.0891, 17.6872

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894



21.0989, 15.3036, 25.1352

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.8476, 26.0891, 28.8064



17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894



29.4029, 26.0891, 57.1450

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894



20.4863, 26.0891, 56.5132



33.2827, 26.0891, 43.6751



29.6733, 26.0891, 11.6187



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894



17.2756, 26.0891, 37.6349



33.2827, 26.0891, 43.6751



34.2349, 26.0891, 20.8255

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8927, 26.0902, 17.1900



47.1932, 54.5131, 52.3958



23.5528, 29.1027, 13.1802



10.4052, 12.2042, 11.4801



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8927, 26.0902, 17.1900



29.2497, 45.8279, 26.0247



19.9094, 26.8969, 27.8101



6.1960, 6.9511, 6.9554



9.7506, 18.9637, 4.9071



0.1592, 0.2889, 0.1443



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.0989, 15.3036, 25.1352



35.8331, 23.6315, 42.3029



19.1031, 14.5053, 14.6252



6.3914, 6.2957, 7.4411



13.3118, 6.5790, 13.4329



0.2137, 0.1042, 0.2781



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.8920, 26.0891,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894

### Protanopia

23.9680, 25.8123, 15.0283

### Deuteranopia

26.2521, 25.6657, 18.0383



## Tritanopia

21.7287, 25.9673, 36.6679

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894

## Protanomaly

21.0259, 25.3786, 15.8470

## Deuteranomaly

22.1704, 25.2622, 17.6175

## Tritanomaly

20.1826, 26.0565, 28.3918

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894

## Achromatopsia

20.5175, 21.5861, 23.5072

## Achromatomaly

19.0855, 22.7339, 20.8349

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 154, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 154, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 154, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 154, 104) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 154, 104) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 154, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 154, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 154, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 154, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 154,  
104) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.8920, 26.0891, 17.1894 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 154, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 154,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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